

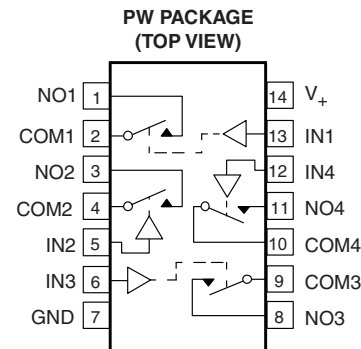
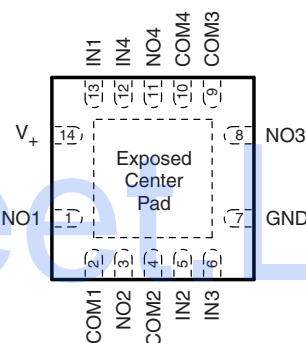
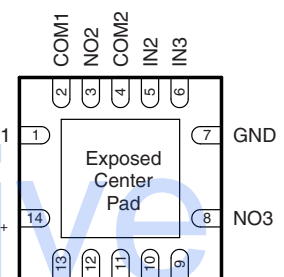
0.9-Ω LOW-VOLTAGE SINGLE-SUPPLY QUAD SPST ANALOG SWITCH

FEATURES

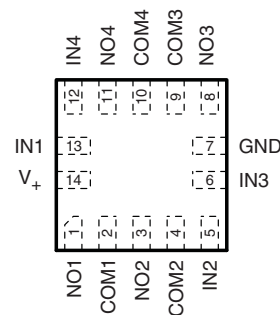
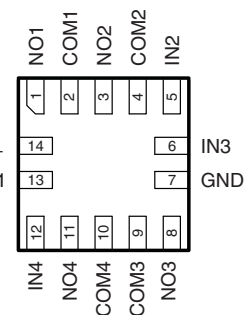
- **Low ON-State Resistance (r_{ON})**
 - 0.9 Ω Max (3-V Supply)
 - 1.5 Ω Max (1.8-V Supply)
- **r_{ON} Flatness: 0.4 Ω Max (3-V)**
- **r_{ON} Matching**
 - 0.05 Ω Max (3-V Supply)
 - 0.25 Ω Max (1.8-V Supply)
- **1.6-V to 3.6-V Single-Supply Operation**
- **1.8-V CMOS Logic Compatible (3-V Supply)**
- **High Current-Handling Capacity (100 mA Continuous)**
- **Fast Switching: $t_{ON} = 14$ ns, $t_{OFF} = 9$ ns**
- **ESD Protection Exceeds JESD-22**
 - 4000-V Human Body Model (A114-A)
 - 300-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged Device Model (C101)

APPLICATIONS

- Power Routing
- Battery Powered Systems
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems
- Communications Circuits
- PCMCIA Cards
- Cellular Phones
- Modems
- Hard Drives


**RGY PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**

**RGY PACKAGE
(BOTTOM VIEW)**


If the exposed center pad is used, it must be connected as a secondary ground or left electrically open.

**RUC PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**

**RUC PACKAGE
(BOTTOM VIEW)**


DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The TS3A4751 is a low ON-state resistance (r_{on}), low-voltage, quad, single-pole/single-throw (SPST) analog switch that operates from a single 1.6-V to 3.6-V supply. This device has fast switching speeds, handles rail-to-rail analog signals, and consumes very low quiescent power.

The digital input is 1.8-V CMOS compatible when using a 3-V supply.

The TS3A4751 has four normally open (NO) switches. The TS3A4751 is available in a 14-pin thin shrink small-outline package (TSSOP) and in space-saving 14-pin SON (RGY) and micro QFN (RUC) packages.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
–40°C to 85°C	SON – RGY	Reel of 2000	TS3A4751RGYR	YC751
	micro QFN – RUC	Reel of 2000	TS3A4751RUCR	3M
	TSSOP – PW	Reel of 2000	TS3A4751PWR	YC751

- (1) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
- (2) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

FUNCTION TABLE

IN	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	OFF
H	ON

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V ₊ Supply voltage range referenced to GND ⁽²⁾	–0.3	4	V
V _{NO} V _{COM} V _{IN} Analog and digital voltage range	–0.3	V ₊ + 0.3	V
I _{NO} I _{COM} On-state switch current	–100	100	mA
V _{NO} , V _{COM} = 0 to V ₊			
I ₊ I _{GND} Continuous current through V ₊ or GND		±100	mA
Peak current pulsed at 1 ms, 10% duty cycle		±200	mA
COM, V _{I/O}			
T _A Operating temperature range	–40	85	°C
T _J Junction temperature		150	°C
T _{stg} Storage temperature range	–65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) Signals on COM or NO exceeding V₊ or GND are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current rating.

PACKAGE THERMAL IMPEDANCE

		UNIT
θ _{JA} Package thermal impedance ⁽¹⁾	PW package	88
	RGY package	91.6
	RUC package	216.7
		°C/W

- (1) The package thermal impedance is measured in accordance with JESD 51-7.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 3-V SUPPLY⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
 $V_+ = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IH} = 1.4\text{ V}$, $V_{IL} = 0.5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted).

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP ⁽³⁾	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch							
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}			0		V_+	V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$V_+ = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$, $V_{NO} = 1.5\text{ V}$	25°C		0.7	0.9	Ω
			Full			1.1	
ON-state resistance match between channels ⁽⁴⁾	Δr_{on}	$V_+ = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$, $V_{NO} = 1.5\text{ V}$	25°C		0.03	0.05	Ω
			Full			0.15	
ON-state resistance flatness ⁽⁵⁾	$r_{on(flat)}$	$V_+ = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$, $V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}, 1.5\text{ V}, 2\text{ V}$	25°C		0.23	0.4	Ω
			Full			0.5	
NO OFF leakage current ⁽⁶⁾	$I_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 3.6\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3\text{ V}, 3\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = 3\text{ V}, 0.3\text{ V}$	25°C	-2	1	2	nA
			Full	-18		18	
COM OFF leakage current ⁽⁶⁾	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 3.6\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3\text{ V}, 3\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = 3\text{ V}, 0.3\text{ V}$	25°C	-2	1	2	nA
			Full	-18		18	
COM ON leakage current ⁽⁶⁾	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_+ = 3.6\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3\text{ V}, 3\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = 0.3\text{ V}, 3\text{ V}$, or floating	25°C	-2.5	0.01	2.5	nA
			Full	-5		5	
Dynamic							
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	$V_{NO} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 14	25°C		5	14	ns
			Full			15	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	$V_{NO} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 14	25°C		4	9	ns
			Full			10	
Charge injection	Q_C	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$, See Figure 15	25°C		3		pC
NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 16	25°C		23		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 16	25°C		20		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 16	25°C		43		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, Switch ON	25°C		125		MHz
OFF isolation ⁽⁷⁾	O_{ISO}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, See Figure 17	$f = 10\text{ MHz}$	25°C	-40		dB
			$f = 1\text{ MHz}$		-62		
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, See Figure 17	$f = 10\text{ MHz}$	25°C	-73		dB
			$f = 1\text{ MHz}$		-95		
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$f = 20\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}$, $V_{COM} = 2\text{ V}_{P-P}$	$R_L = 32\ \Omega$	25°C	0.04		%
			$R_L = 600\ \Omega$		0.003		
Digital Control Inputs (IN1–IN4)							
Input logic high	V_{IH}		Full	1.4			V
Input logic low	V_{IL}		Full			0.5	V
Input leakage current	I_{IN}	$V_I = 0\text{ or }V_+$	25°C		0.5	1	nA
			Full	-20		20	
Supply							
Power-supply range	V_+			1.6		3.6	V
Positive-supply current	I_+	$V_+ = 3.6\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 0\text{ or }V_+$	25°C			0.075	μA
			Full			0.75	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

(2) Parts are tested at 85°C and specified by design and correlation over the full temperature range.

(3) Typical values are at $V_+ = 3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

(4) $\Delta r_{on} = r_{on(max)} - r_{on(min)}$

(5) Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of r_{on} as measured over the specified analog signal ranges.

(6) Leakage parameters are 100% tested at the maximum-rated hot operating temperature and specified by correlation at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

(7) OFF isolation = $20 \log_{10} (V_{COM}/V_{NO})$, V_{COM} = output, V_{NO} = input to OFF switch

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 1.8-V SUPPLY⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

$V_+ = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IH} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{IL} = 0.4\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP ⁽³⁾	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch							
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}			0		V_+	V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$V_+ = 1.8\text{ V}, I_{COM} = -10\text{ mA}, V_{NO} = 0.9\text{ V}$	25°C		1	1.5	Ω
			Full			2	
ON-state resistance match between channels ⁽⁴⁾	Δr_{on}	$V_+ = 1.8\text{ V}, I_{COM} = -10\text{ mA}, V_{NO} = 0.9\text{ V}$	25°C		0.09	0.15	Ω
			Full			0.25	
ON-state resistance flatness ⁽⁵⁾	$r_{on(Flat)}$	$V_+ = 1.8\text{ V}, I_{COM} = -10\text{ mA}, 0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$	25°C		0.7	0.9	Ω
			Full			1.5	
NO OFF leakage current ⁽⁶⁾	$I_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 1.95\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 0.15\text{ V}, 1.65\text{ V}, V_{NO} = 1.8\text{ V}, 0.15\text{ V}$	25°C	-1	0.5	1	nA
			Full	-10		10	
COM OFF leakage current ⁽⁶⁾	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 1.95\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 0.15\text{ V}, 1.65\text{ V}, V_{NO} = 1.65\text{ V}, 0.15\text{ V}$	25°C	-1	0.5	1	nA
			Full	-10		10	
COM ON leakage current ⁽⁶⁾	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_+ = 1.95\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 0.15\text{ V}, 1.65\text{ V}, V_{NO} = 0.15\text{ V}, 1.65\text{ V}, \text{ or floating}$	25°C	-1	0.01	1	nA
			Full	-3		3	
Dynamic							
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	$V_{NO} = 1.5\text{ V}, R_L = 50\ \Omega, C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 14	25°C		6	18	ns
			Full			20	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	$V_{NO} = 1.5\text{ V}, R_L = 50\ \Omega, C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 14	25°C		5	10	ns
			Full			12	
Charge injection	Q_C	$V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0, C_L = 1\text{ nF}$, See Figure 15	25°C		3.2		pC
NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 16	25°C		23		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 16	25°C		20		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 16	25°C		43		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, Switch ON	25°C		123		MHz
OFF isolation ⁽⁷⁾	O_{ISO}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega, C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, See Figure 17	f = 10 MHz	25°C		-61	dB
			f = 100 MHz			-36	
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega, C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, See Figure 17	f = 10 MHz	25°C		-95	dB
			f = 100 MHz			-73	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$f = 20\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}, V_{COM} = 2\text{ V}_{P-P}$	$R_L = 32\ \Omega$	25°C		0.14	%
			$R_L = 600\ \Omega$			0.013	
Digital Control Inputs (IN1–IN4)							
Input logic high	V_{IH}		Full	1			V
Input logic low	V_{IL}		Full			0.4	V
Input leakage current	I_{IN}	$V_I = 0\text{ or }V_+$	25°C		0.1	5	nA
			Full	-10		10	
Supply							
Power-supply range	V_+			1.6		3.6	V
Positive-supply current	I_+	$V_I = 0\text{ or }V_+$	25°C			0.05	μA
			Full			0.5	

- (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (2) Parts are tested at 85°C and specified by design and correlation over the full temperature range.
- (3) Typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
- (4) $\Delta r_{on} = r_{on(max)} - r_{on(min)}$
- (5) Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of r_{on} as measured over the specified analog signal ranges.
- (6) Leakage parameters are 100% tested at the maximum-rated hot operating temperature and specified by correlation at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
- (7) OFF isolation = $20 \log_{10} (V_{COM}/V_{NO})$, V_{COM} = output, V_{NO} = input to OFF switch

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

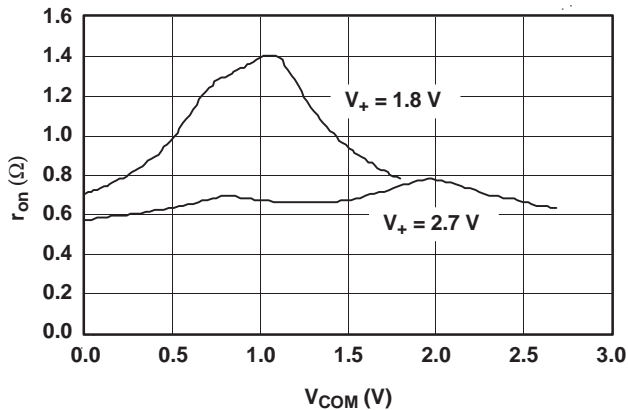


Figure 1. r_{on} vs V_{COM}

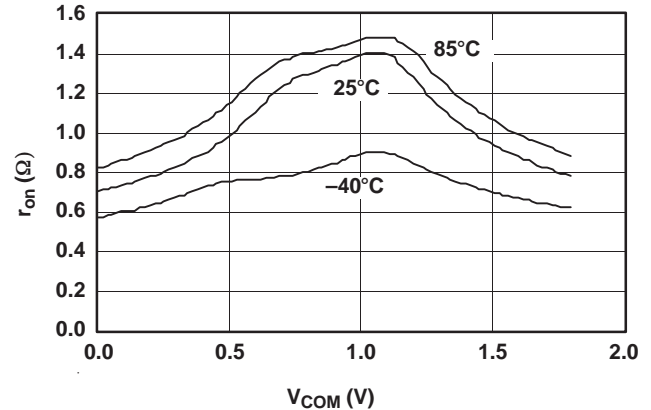


Figure 2. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 1.8$ V)

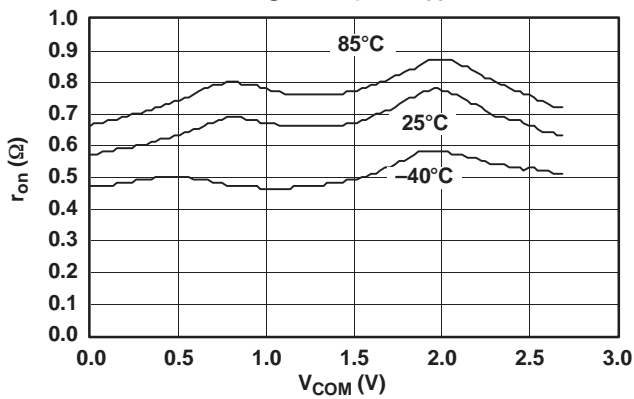


Figure 3. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 2.7$ V)

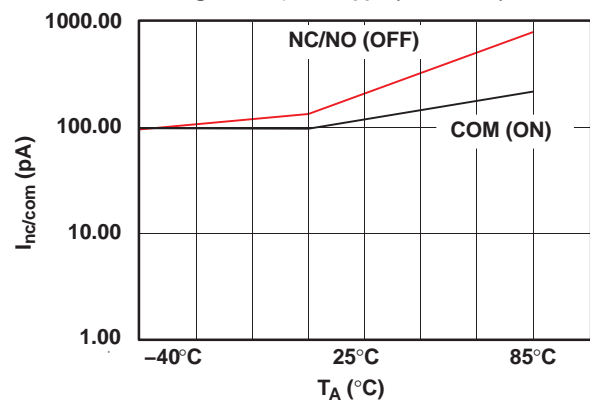


Figure 4. I_{ON} and I_{OFF} vs Temperature ($V_+ = 3.6$ V)

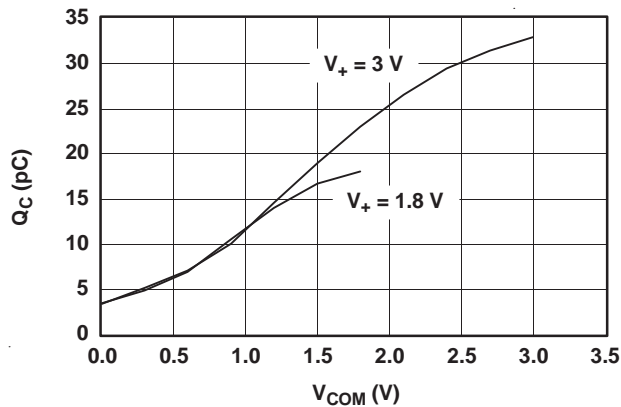


Figure 5. Q_C vs V_{COM}

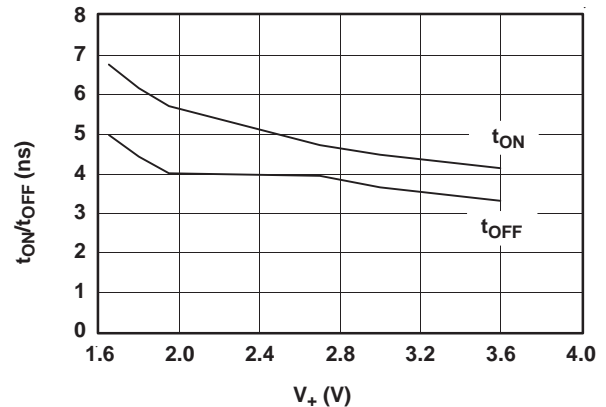


Figure 6. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)

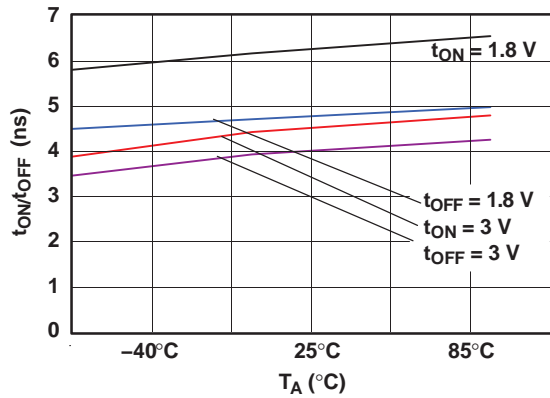


Figure 7. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Temperature

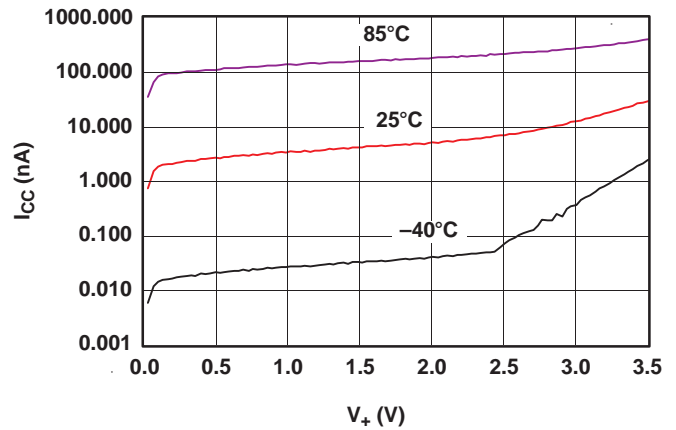


Figure 8. I_{CC} vs V_+

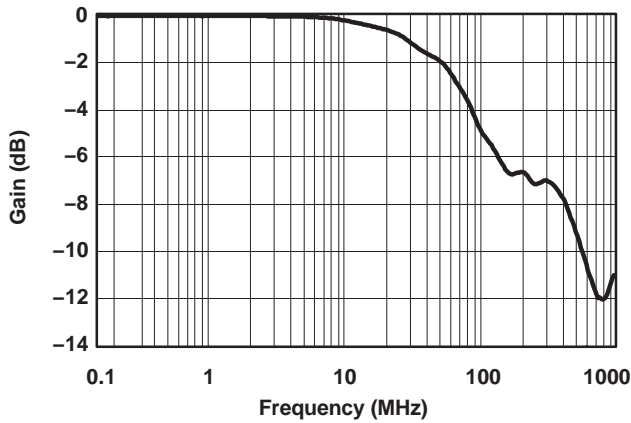


Figure 9. Gain vs Frequency ($V_+ = 3\text{ V}$)

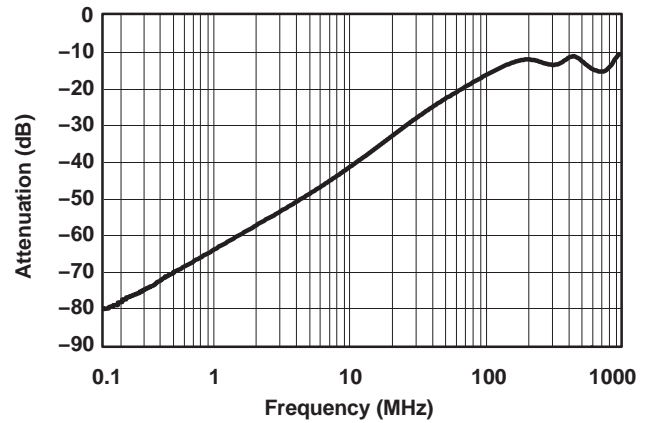


Figure 10. OFF Isolation vs Frequency ($V_+ = 3\text{ V}$)

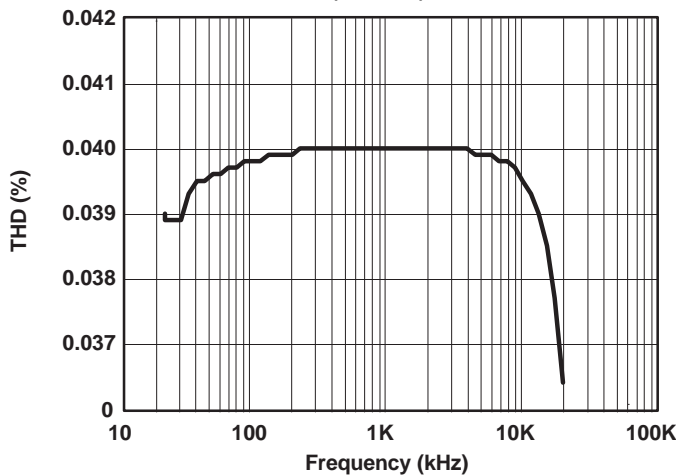


Figure 11. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency ($R_L = 32\ \Omega$)

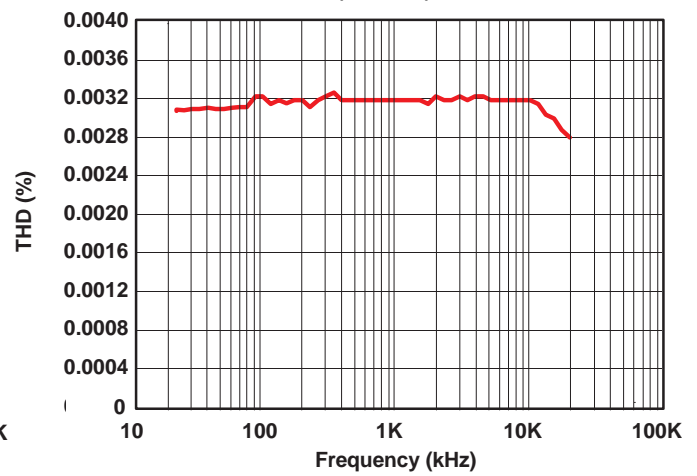


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency ($R_L = 600\ \Omega$)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)

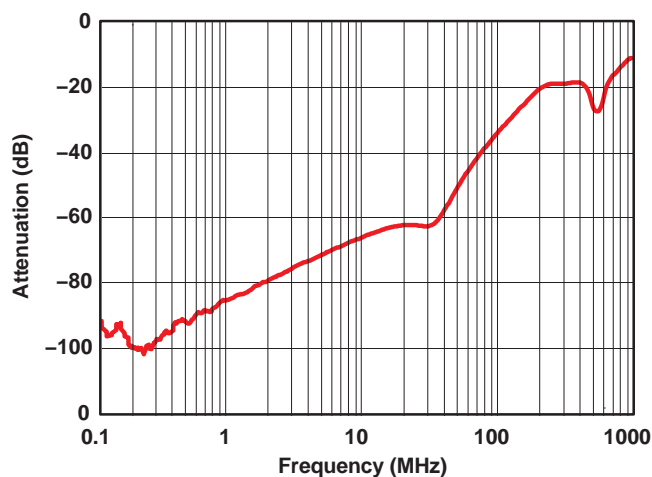


Figure 13. Crosstalk vs Frequency ($V_+ = 3\text{ V}$)

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1, 3, 8, 11	NO1, NO2, NO3, NO4	Normally open
2, 4, 9, 10	COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4	Common
7	GND	Ground
13, 5, 6, 12	IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4	Logic control inputs
14	V_+	Positive supply voltage

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings because stresses beyond the listed ratings can cause permanent damage to the devices. Always sequence V_+ on first, followed by NO or COM.

Although it is not required, power-supply bypassing improves noise margin and prevents switching noise propagation from the V_+ supply to other components. A 0.1- μ F capacitor, connected from V_+ to GND, is adequate for most applications.

Logic Inputs

The TS3A4751 logic inputs can be driven up to 3.6 V, regardless of the supply voltage. For example, with a 1.8-V supply, IN may be driven low to GND and high to 3.6 V. Driving IN rail to rail minimizes power consumption.

Analog Signal Levels

Analog signals that range over the entire supply voltage (V_+ to GND) can be passed with very little change in r_{on} (see Typical Operating Characteristics). The switches are bidirectional, so NO and COM can be used as either inputs or outputs.

Layout

High-speed switches require proper layout and design procedures for optimum performance. Reduce stray inductance and capacitance by keeping traces short and wide. Ensure that bypass capacitors are as close to the device as possible. Use large ground planes where possible.

TEST CIRCUITS/TIMING DIAGRAMS

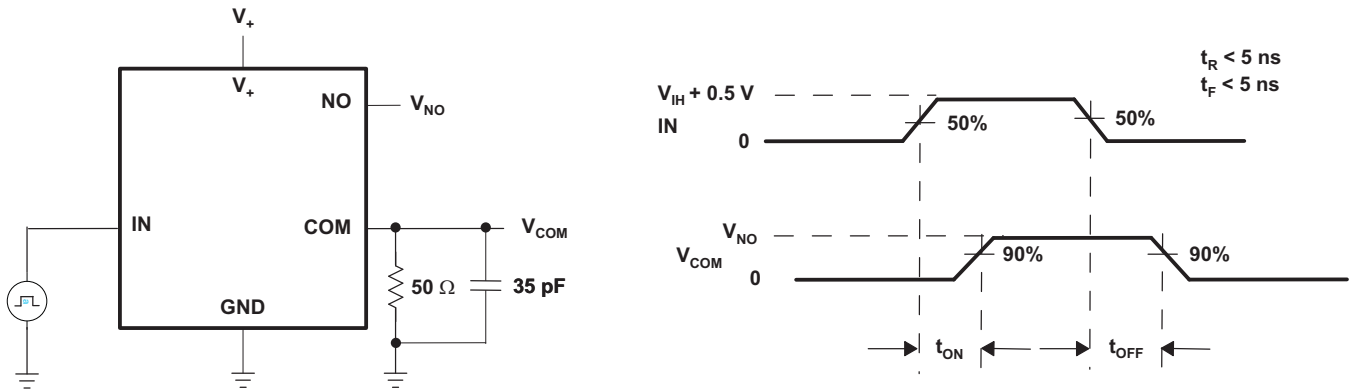


Figure 14. Switching Times

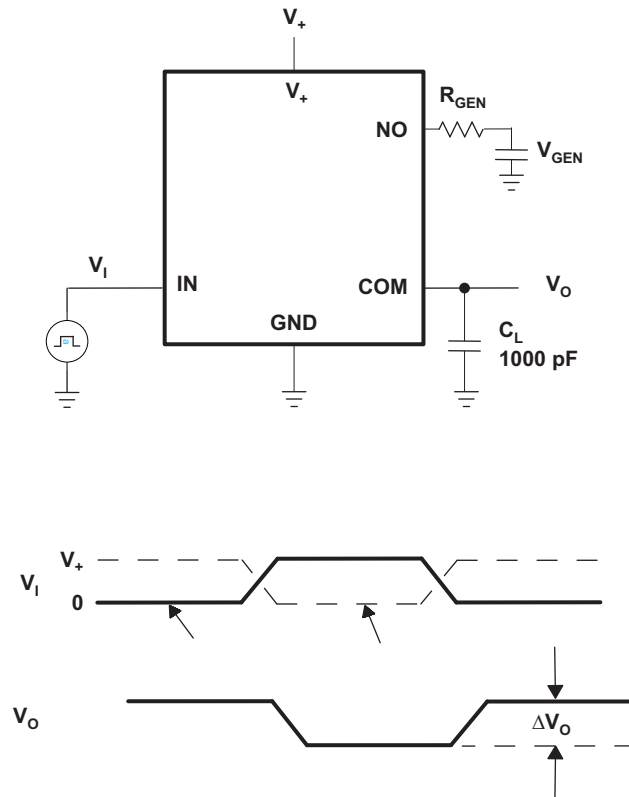


Figure 15. Charge Injection (Q_C)

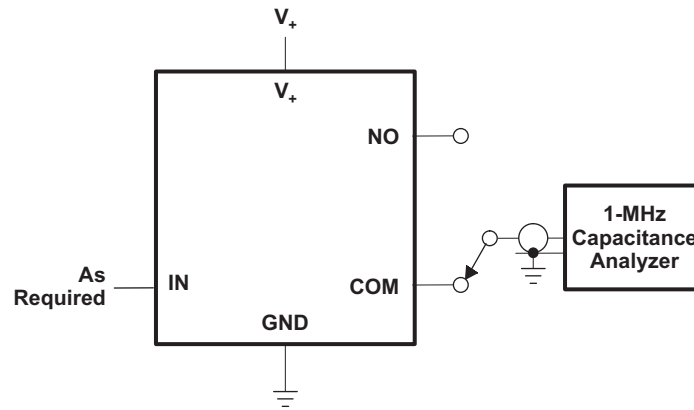
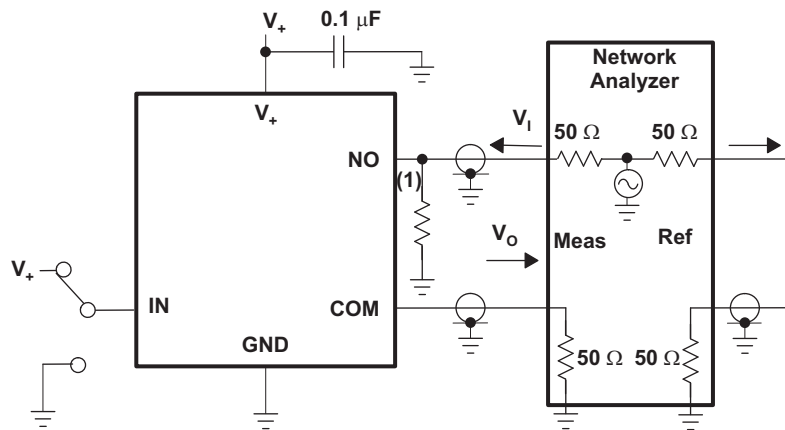


Figure 16. NO and COM Capacitance

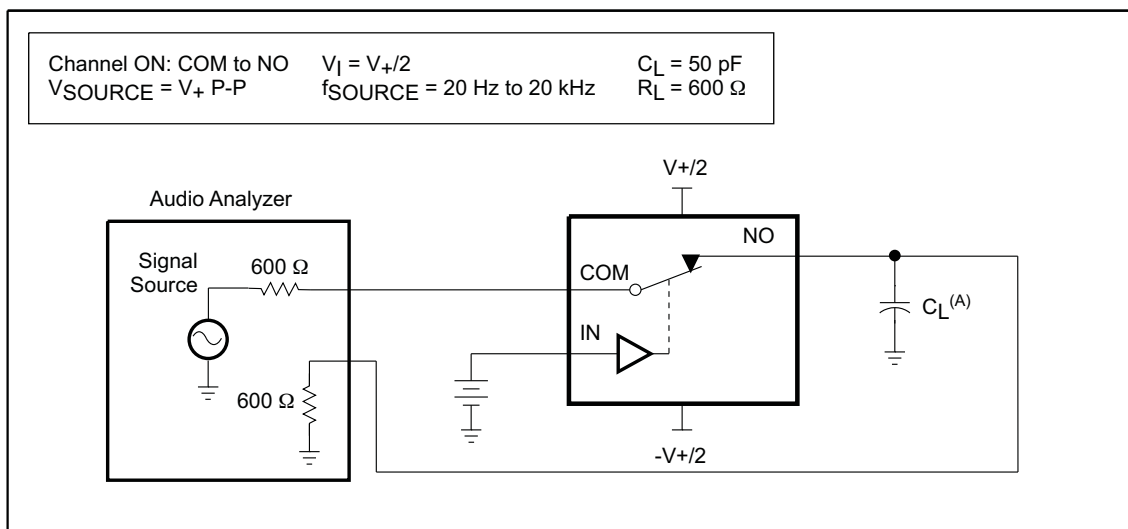


Measurements are standardized against short at socket terminals. OFF isolation is measured between COM and OFF terminals on each switch. Bandwidth is measured between COM and ON terminals on each switch. Signal direction through switch is reversed; worst values are recorded.

$$\text{OFF isolation} = 20 \log V_0/V_1$$

⁽¹⁾ Add 50-Ω termination for OFF isolation

Figure 17. OFF Isolation, Bandwidth, and Crosstalk



A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 18. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾	Samples (Requires Login)
TS3A4751PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TS3A4751PWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TS3A4751RGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	
TS3A4751RGYRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	
TS3A4751RUCR	ACTIVE	QFN	RUC	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION
REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSIONS


A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS3A4751PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TS3A4751RGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1
TS3A4751RUCR	QFN	RUC	14	3000	179.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	0.55	4.0	8.0	Q2

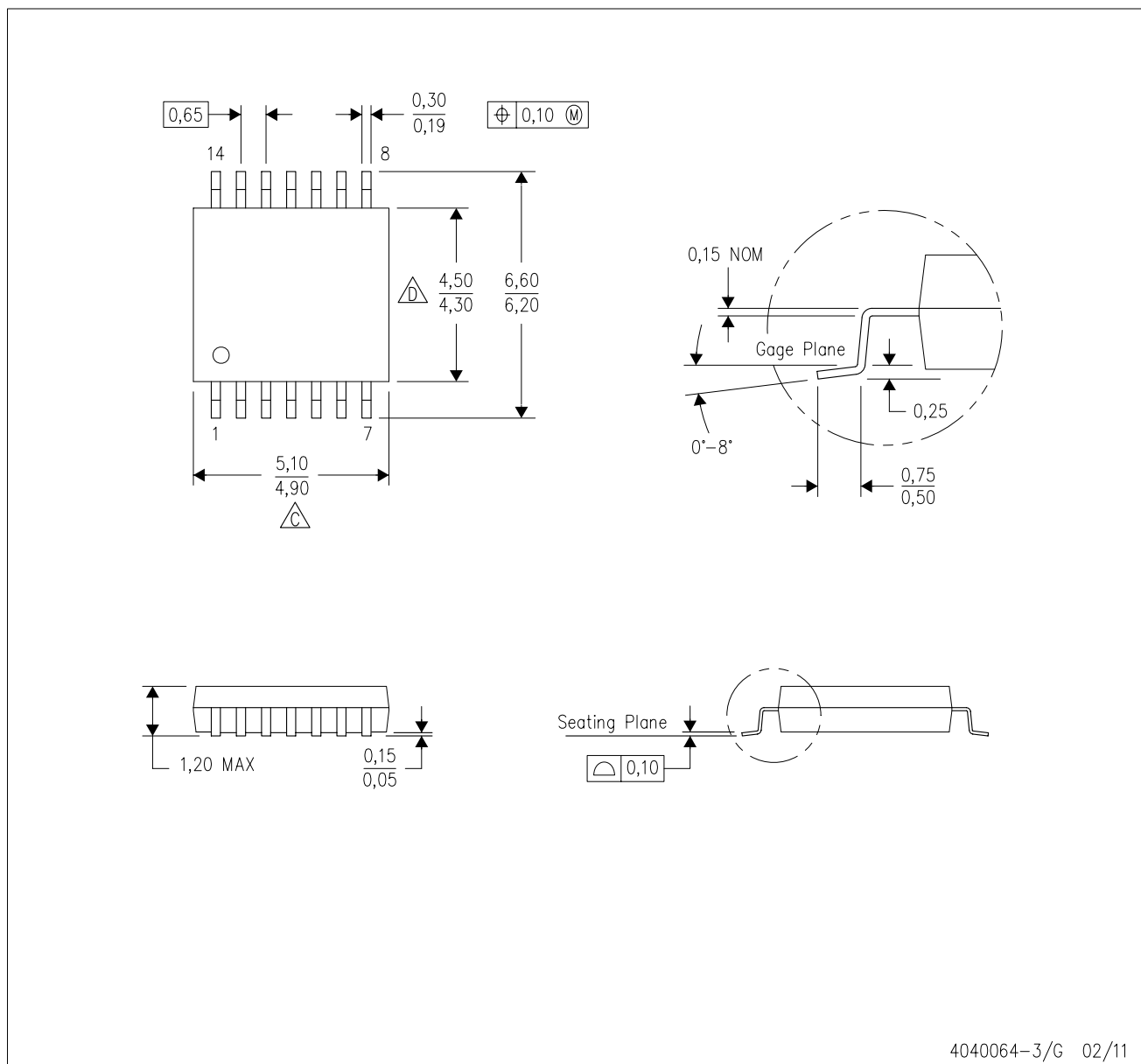
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS3A4751PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TS3A4751RGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TS3A4751RUCR	QFN	RUC	14	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

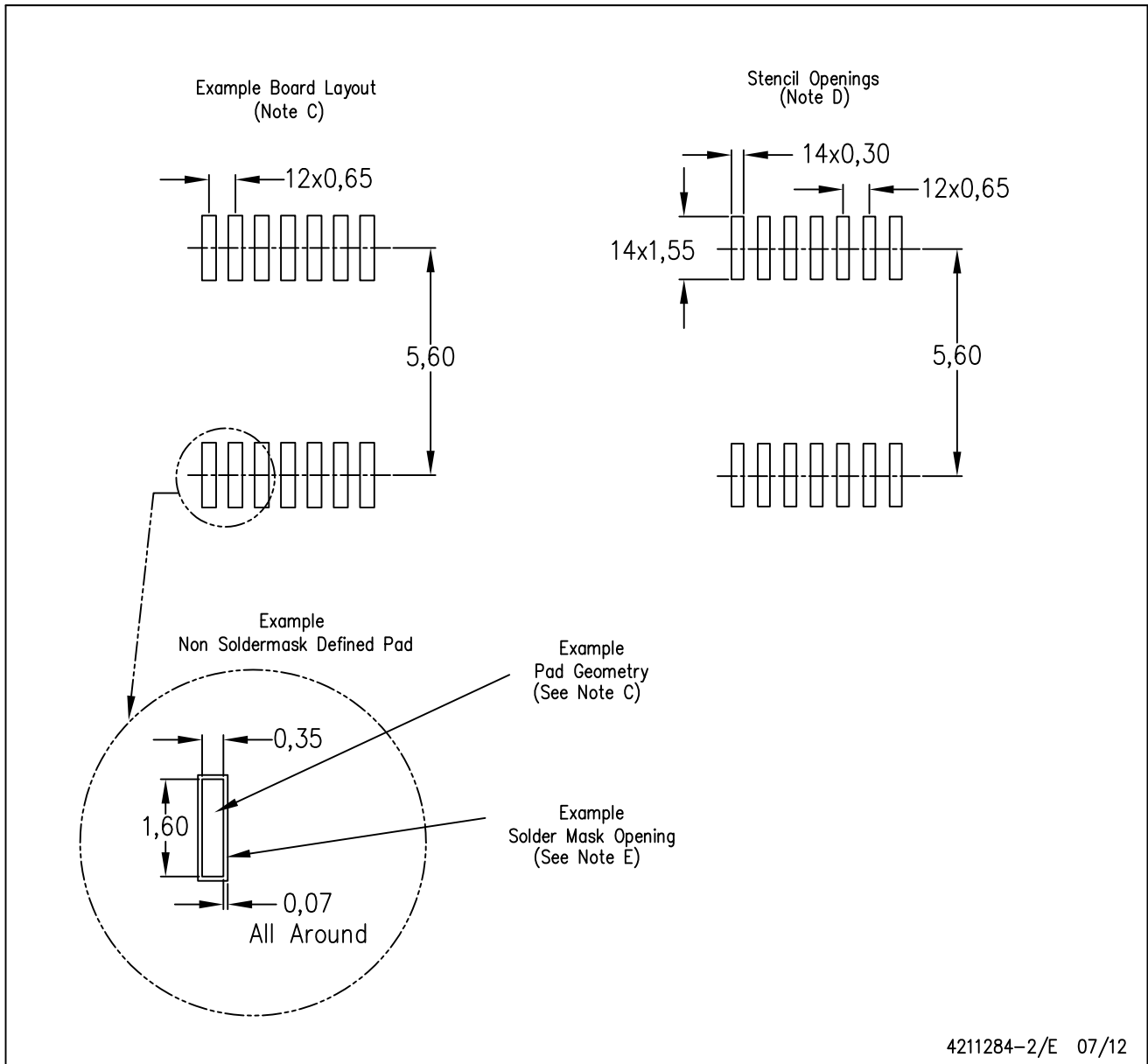


4040064-3/G 02/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 -  C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
 -  D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



4203539-2/1 06/2011

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
 - The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
 - See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - △ Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated. The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
 - Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.

RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206353-2/0 11/11

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

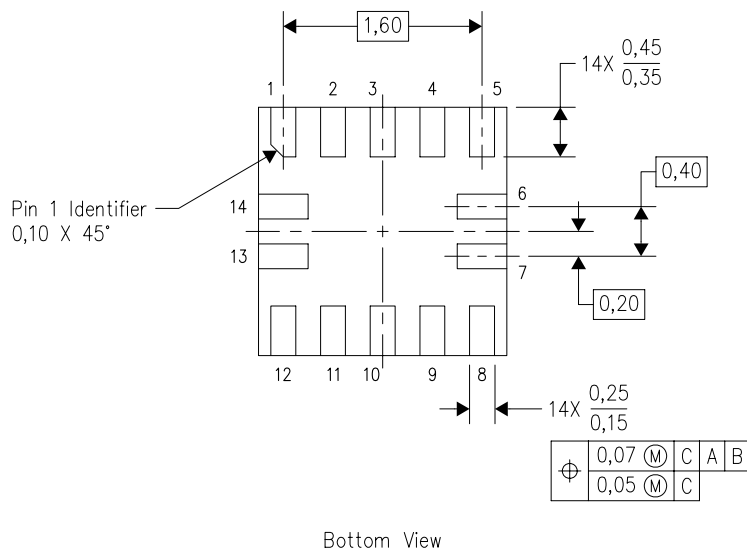
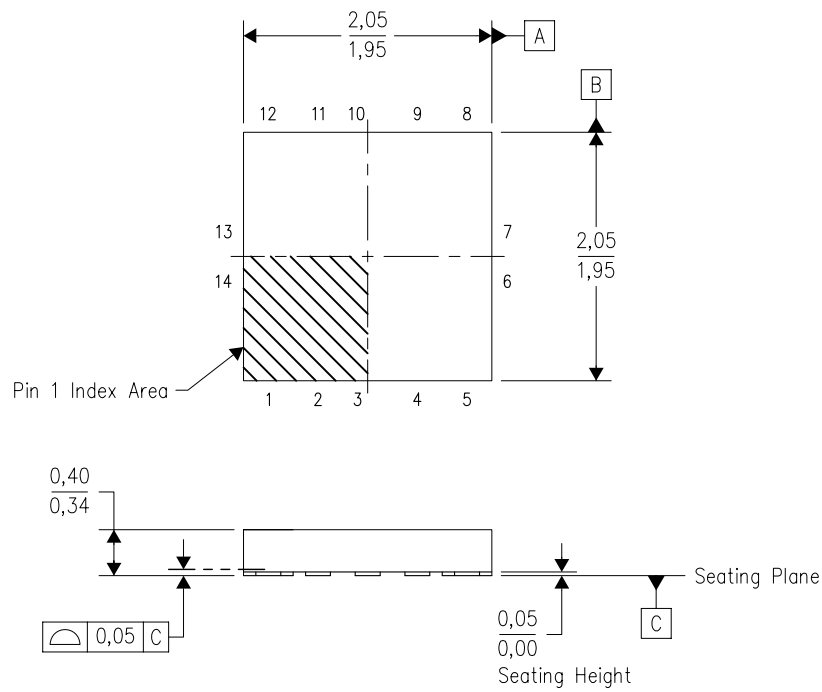


4208122-2/0 11/11

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.

RUC (S-PX2QFN-N14)

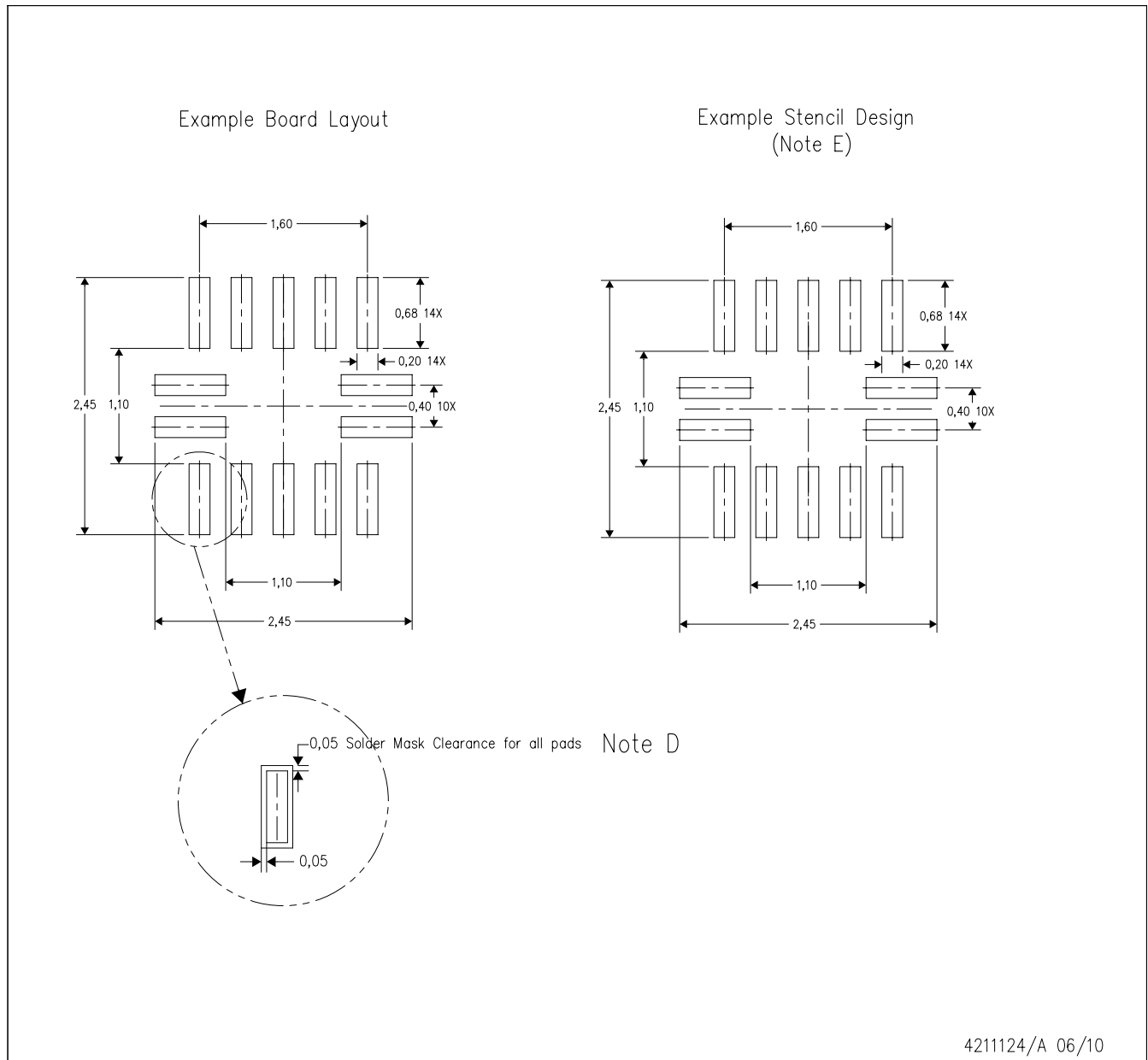
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



Bottom View

4208447/C 08/2008

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-lead) package configuration.
 - D. This package complies to JEDEC MO-288 variation X2GFE.



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
 - E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - G. Side aperture dimensions over-print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.

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