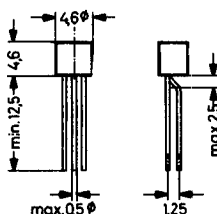
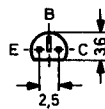


BC327, BC328

PNP Silicon Epitaxial Planar Transistors

for switching and amplifier applications. Especially suitable for AF-driver stages and low power output stages.

These types are also available subdivided into three groups -16, -25 and -40, according to their DC current gain. As complementary types the NPN transistors BC337 and BC338 are recommended.



Plastic Package \approx JEDEC TO-92
TO-18 compatible
The case is impervious to light

Weight approximately 0.18 g
Dimensions in mm

Absolute Maximum Ratings

		Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector Emitter Voltage	BC327	$-V_{CES}$	50	V
	BC328	$-V_{CES}$	30	V
Collector Emitter Voltage	BC327	$-V_{CEO}$	45	V
	BC328	$-V_{CEO}$	25	V
Emitter Base Voltage		$-V_{EBO}$	5	V
Collector Current		$-I_C$	800	mA
Peak Collector Current		$-I_{CM}$	1	A
Base Current		$-I_B$	100	mA
Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		P_{tot}	625 ¹⁾	mW
Junction Temperature		T_j	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		T_s	-55 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
1) Valid provided that leads are kept at ambient temperature at a distance of 2 mm from case				

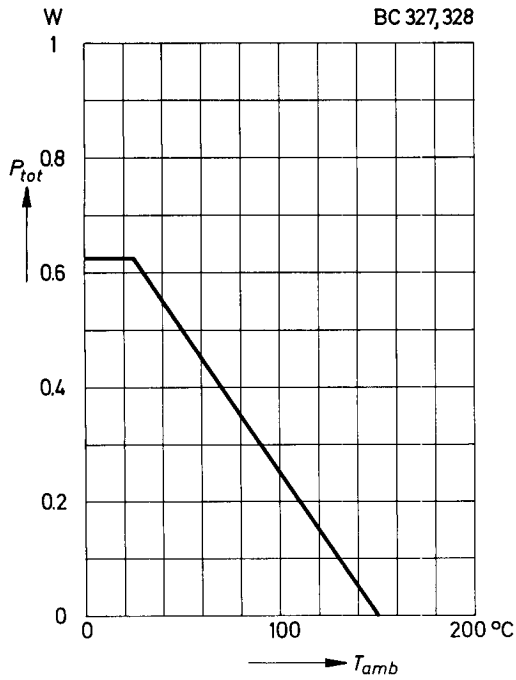
Characteristics at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DC Current Gain at $-V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$, $-I_C = 100\text{ mA}$	BC327, BC328				
Current Gain Group 16	h_{FE}	100	–	630	–
25	h_{FE}	100	160	260	–
40	h_{FE}	150	250	420	–
at $-V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$, $-I_C = 300\text{ mA}$	BC327, BC328				
Current Gain Group 16	h_{FE}	240	400	630	–
25	h_{FE}	60	–	–	–
40	h_{FE}	60	130	–	–
	h_{FE}	100	200	–	–
	h_{FE}	170	320	–	–
Thermal Resistance to Ambient	R_{thA}	–	–	200 ¹⁾	K/W
Collector Cutoff Current at $-V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$	BC328				
at $-V_{CE} = 45\text{ V}$	BC327				
at $-V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	BC328				
at $-V_{CE} = 45\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	BC327				
	$-I_{CES}$	–	2	100	nA
	$-I_{CES}$	–	2	100	nA
	$-I_{CES}$	–	–	10	μA
	$-I_{CES}$	–	–	10	μA
Collector Emitter Breakdown Voltage at $-I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	BC327				
BC328	$-V_{(BR)CEO}$	45	–	–	V
	$-V_{(BR)CEO}$	25	–	–	V
Collector Emitter Breakdown Voltage at $-I_C = 0.1\text{ mA}$	BC327				
BC328	$-V_{(BR)CES}$	50	–	–	V
	$-V_{(BR)CES}$	30	–	–	V
Emitter Base Breakdown Voltage at $-I_E = 0.1\text{ mA}$	$-V_{(BR)EBO}$	5	–	–	V
Collector Saturation Voltage at $-I_C = 500\text{ mA}$, $-I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	$-V_{CEsat}$	–	–	0.7	V
Base Emitter Voltage at $-V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$, $-I_C = 300\text{ mA}$	$-V_{BE}$	–	–	1.2	V
Gain Bandwidth Product at $-V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$, $-I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $f = 50\text{ MHz}$	f_T	–	100	–	MHz
Collector Base Capacitance at $-V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	C_{CBO}	–	12	–	pF
¹⁾ Valid provided that leads are kept at ambient temperature at a distance of 2 mm from case					

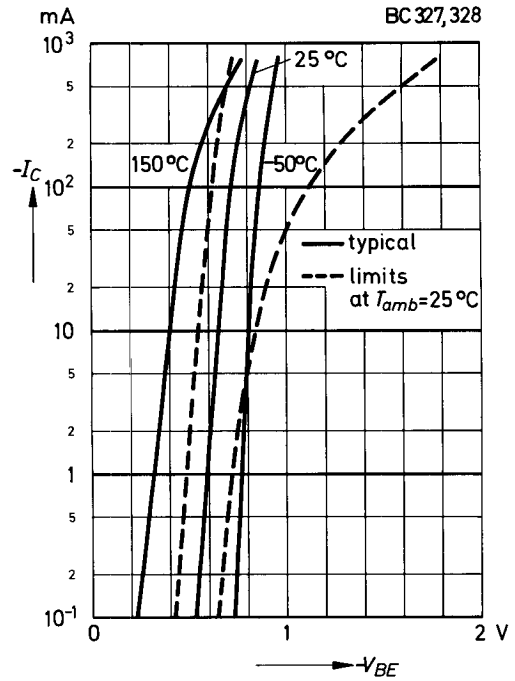
BC327, BC328

Admissible power dissipation versus ambient temperature

Valid provided that leads are kept at ambient temperature at a distance of 2 mm from case

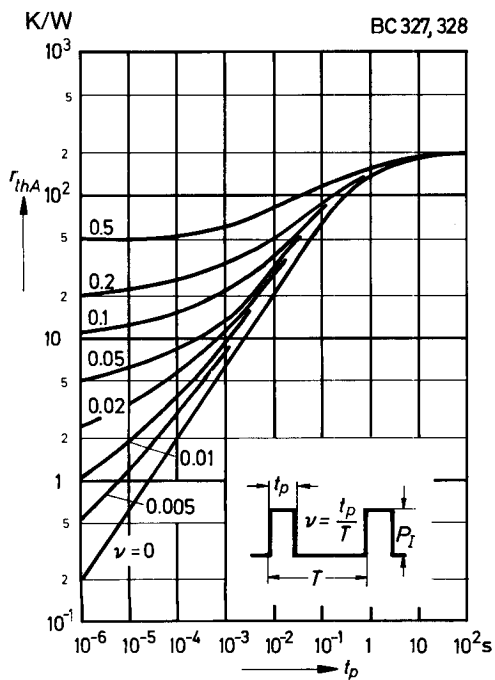


Collector current versus base emitter voltage

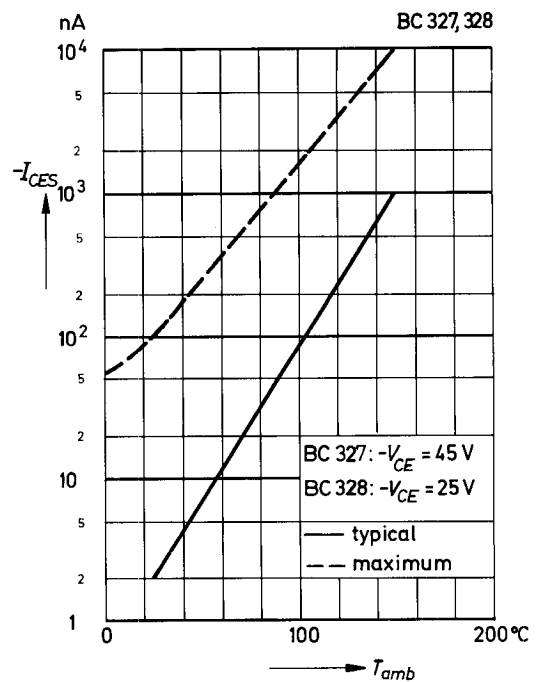


Pulse thermal resistance versus pulse duration

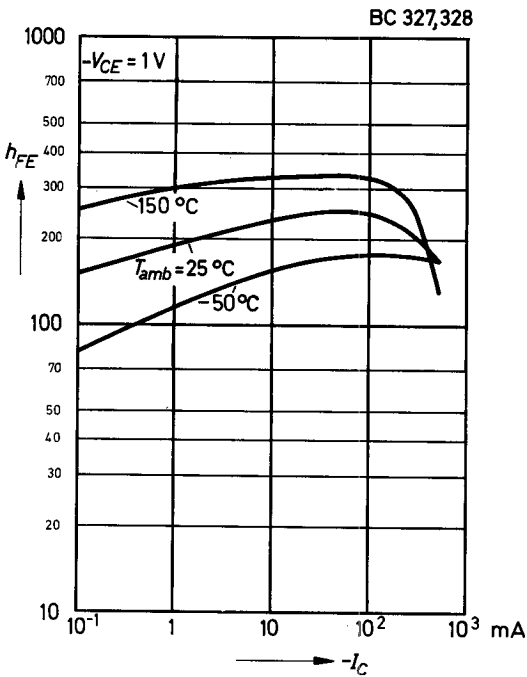
Valid provided that leads are kept at ambient temperature at a distance of 2 mm from case



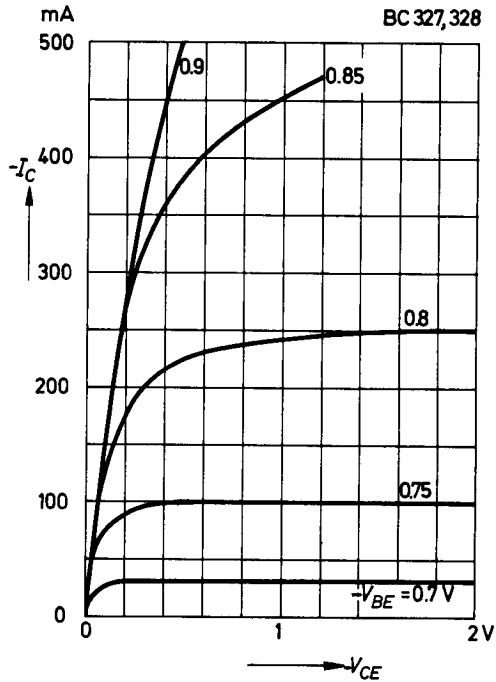
Collector cutoff current versus ambient temperature



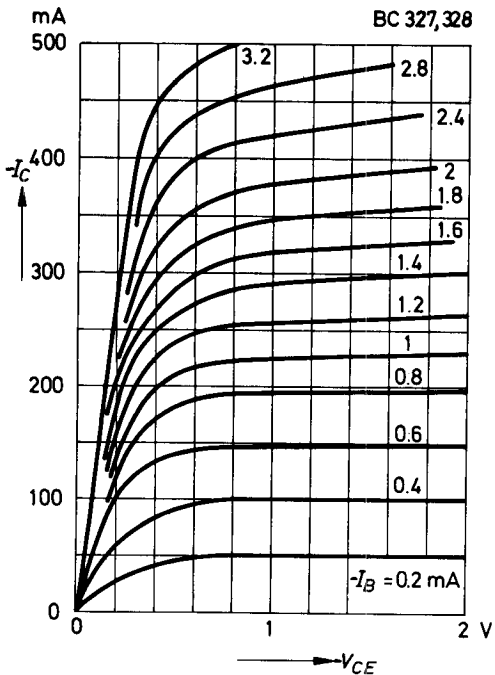
DC current gain versus collector current



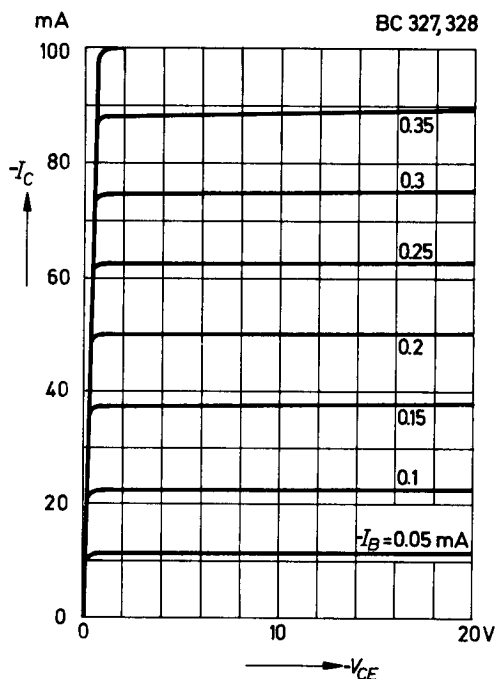
Common emitter collector characteristics



Common emitter collector characteristics

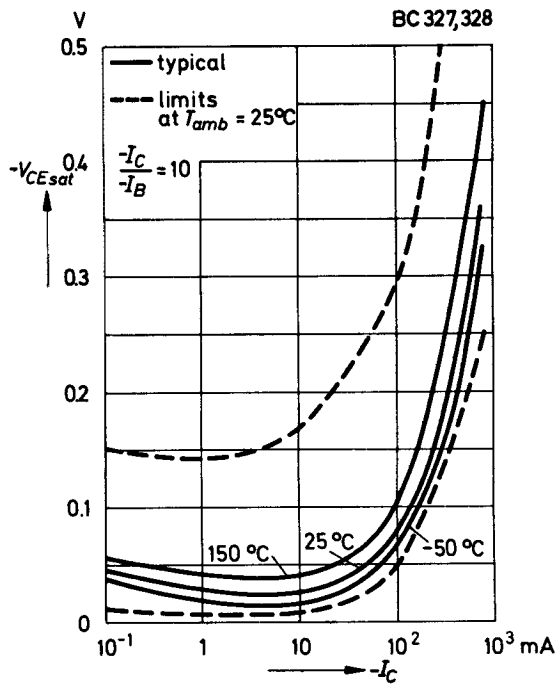


Common emitter collector characteristics

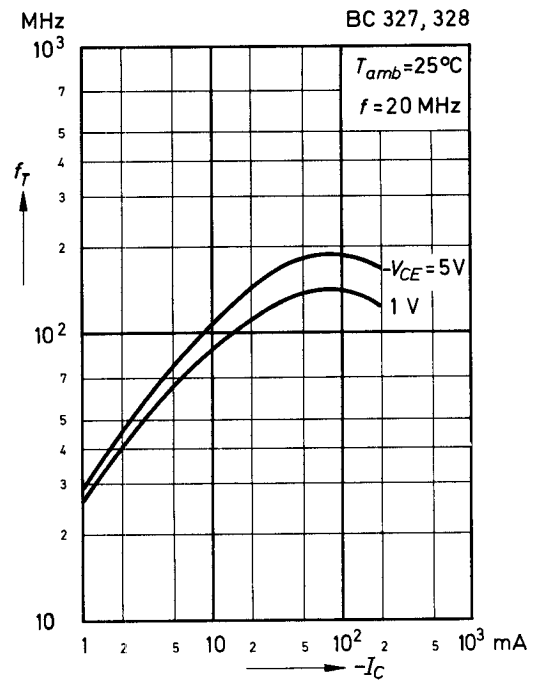


BC327, BC328

Collector saturation voltage versus collector current



Gain bandwidth product versus collector current



Base saturation voltage versus collector current

