Contents Index of Types	<u>5</u> 9
General Technical Information	<u>11</u>
Quality Assurance	<u>39</u>
RF Chokes	<u>51</u>
Chokes for Data and Signal Lines	<u>129</u>
Chokes for Power Lines	<u>145</u>
Filters Tashet L	203
Feed-Through Capacitors Feed-Through Filters	<u>365</u>
EMI Suppression Capacitors	<u>393</u>
EMI Suppression Varistors	<u>425</u>
Taping and Packing	433
Subject Index Symbols and Terms	<u>441</u> 444

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#### **Table of Contents**

Index of	i Types	9
General	Technical Information	11
1 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Introduction Interference sources and disturbed equipmentInterference source Propagation of electromagnetic interference and EMC measurement techniques EMC regulations und legislation Propagation of conducted interference Filter circuits and line impedance	11 13 14 15 18
2	Selection criteria for EMC components	19
3	Arrangement and installation of filters and filter components	20
4	Approvals	21
5	Safety regulations	22
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10 6.11 6.12 6.13 6.14 6.15 6.16	Electrical characteristics Rated voltage $V_R$ Test voltage $V_P$ Rated current $I_R$ Overcurrent Pulse handling capability Current derating $I_{\rm oo}/I_R$ Rated inductance $L_R$ Stray inductance $L_S$ Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$ DC resistance $R_{\rm typ}$ , $R_{\rm min}$ , $R_{\rm max}$ Winding capacitance, parasitic capacitance $C_P$ Quality factor $Q$ Measuring frequencies $f_Q$ , $f_L$ Discharge resistor Insertion loss Leakage current	22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 24 24 24 24 24 25
7 7.1 7.2 7.3	Mechanical properties Potting (economy potting, complete potting) Types of winding RF characteristics of various types of winding	27 27 27 29
8 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	Climatic characteristics Upper and lower category temperature $T_{\rm max}$ and $T_{\rm min}$ Rated temperature $T_{\rm R}$ Reference temperature for measurements IEC climatic category	31 31 31 31 31
9	Dangerous substances in components	32
10	Disposal	32

#### Table of Contents

6

11 11.1 11.2 11.3	EMC services and EMC laboratory Qualification Services offered Equipment	33 33 33 35
Quality A	Assurance	39
1 1.1 1.2	General Total Quality Management and Zero Defect Concept Quality assurance system	39 39 40
2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	Quality assurance procedure Material procurement Product quality assurance Final inspection Product monitoring Manufacturing and quality assurance procedures	41 41 41 41 41 42
3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Delivery quality Random sampling Classification of defects AQL figures Incoming goods inspection	47 47 47 47 47
4 4.1 4.2	Service life Failure criteria Operating conditions	48 48 48
5 5.1 5.2	Reliability Failure rate (long-term failure rate) Failure rate values	49 49 50
6	Supplementary information	50
7	Handling of claims and complaints	50
RF Chol	œs	51
SIMID Series MCC HLBC Series VHF Chokes		53 90 114
Chokes	for Data and Signal Lines	129
Chokes	for Power Lines	145
I Core Chokes Ring Core Chokes with Powder Core Current-Compensated Ring Core Chokes D Core Chokes (Eco Chokes)		146 164 177 200

#### Table of Contents

Filters	s	203
Filters Filter f	ral-Purpose Filters for Installations and Systems for Converters and Power Electronics for Installations and Shielded Rooms	207 257 298 339
	Through Capacitors Through Filters	365
EMI S	suppression Capacitors	393
EMI S	suppression Varistors	425
Tapin	g and Packing	433
1 1.1 1.2 1.3	SMDs Taping Packing Packing Packing units	433 433 434 434
2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Leaded RF chokes Taping of axial-lead chokes Taping of radial-lead chokes Packing Packing units	435 435 436 437 437
3	VHF chokes	438
4 4.1 4.1	Radial-lead EMI suppression capacitors in plastic cases Taping Packing	439 439 440
Subje	ct Index	441
Symb	ols and Terms	444

Ferrite cores and accessories

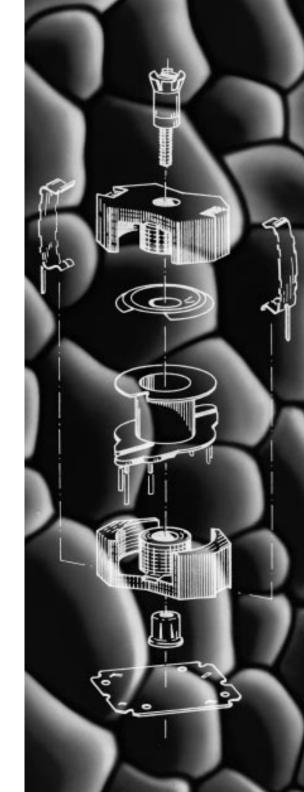
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#### **Index of Types**

B78108-S	<u>101</u>	B82506	<u>156</u>
B78108-T	<u>93</u>	B82507	<u>158</u>
B78148-S	<u>101</u>	B82508	160
B78148-T	<u>93</u>	B82510	<u>162</u>
B81121-C-*121*132	400	B82615	171
B81121-C-*141*152	414	B82617	171
B81121-C-*92*100	408	B82623	167
B81122	412	B82624	169
B81123	410	B82625	171
B81131	406	B82627	171
B81132	402	B82721	180
B81133	404	B82722	180
B81141	398	B82723	180
B81151	422	B82724	180
B81191	416	B82725	180
B81551-A-B14	418	B82731	200
B81551-A-B16	420	B82732	200
B81551-A-B7	418	B82734	200
B81551-A-C3	422	B82745	194
B81551-A-C9	420	B82747	191
B81551-A-D4	422	B82765	197
B82111-B	122	B82790-C0***-N2	132
B82111-E	120	B82790-C0 -N2 B82790-C0***-N3	135
B82114	127	B82790-C0 -N3 B82790-C2***-N3	137
B82131	116	B82790-S0***-N2	132
B82132	116	B82791-G14	142
B82133	116	B82791-G15	139
B82134	116	B82791-H15	139
B82141	97		
B82143	105	B84101	238
B82144	108	B84102-C	241
B82145	111	B84102-K	244
B82412	<u></u>	B84103	254
B82422	63 68	B84108	287
B82422-A****-+100	<u>73</u>	B84110-A	247
B82422-T	<u>73</u> 78	B84110-B	<u>251</u>
B82432	<u>78</u> 83	B84111	209
B82442	88	B84112	214
B82494	<u>58</u>	B84113	220
B82498	<u>55</u>	B84114	226
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B84115	232
B82500	<u>125</u>	B84131	281
B82502	<u>148</u>	B84134-A	293
B82503	<u>150</u>	B84134-B	293
B82504	<u>152</u>	B84134-F	<u>290</u>
B82505	<u>154</u>	B84142	<u>306</u>

#### **Index of Types**

B84143-A B84143-B B84144	310 322 328
B84204 B84206 B84209 B84224 B84226 B84299-C B84299-G B84299-K21 B84299-K26 B84299-K33K39 B84299-K53K57 B84299-K61K67	349 349 349 349 349 264 273 269 257
B84312	340
B85111 B85121-A-B1B15 B85121-A-B24 B85121-A-B29 B85121-A-B39 B85121-A-C18 B85121-A-C18 B85121-A-C37 B85121-D-B1B6 B85122-A-B2	374 371 371 374 371 374 371 371 371
B85313 B85321-A-B4 B85321-A-B6 B85321-A-B7 B85321-A-B9 B85321-A-C5 B85321-A-J1J2 B85321-A-J11J12 B85331 B85332 SHCV-SR	378 388 382 388 382 388 388 385 385 427

#### 1 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

#### 1.1 Introduction

For as long as electronic transmission equipment such as radio, television, and telephone has been in existence, it has had a history of susceptibility to interference from other electronic devices. Legal regulations on interference suppression (electromagnetic and radio frequency interference, EMI and RFI) have been in existence since 1928. These regulations protect transmission paths and reception equipment by limiting the emitted interference.

In view of the increasing number of electrical and electronic appliances in use, not only the principles of interference suppression must be observed, but also, in the sense of electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), it must be ensured that all equipment is able to operate simultaneously without problems. EMC is defined as the ability of electrical equipment to function satisfactorily in its electromagnetic environment without affecting other equipment in this environment to an impermissible extent.

The European Communities' EMC Directive (89/336/EEC) has now finally come into force on the 1. 1. 1996. It has been transformed into corresponding legislation in the individual member states of the EU (European Union). With this, it has become mandatory to design electronic equipment to comply with the protective aims of this Directive; i.e. to meet the requirements for electromagnetic emission and electromagnetic immunity as laid down in the corresponding EN standards (European Standards).

The concept of EMC includes both electromagnetic emission (EME) and electromagnetic immunity/susceptibility (EMS), see figure 1.

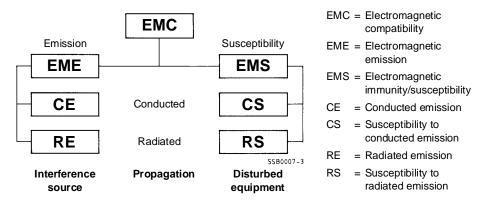


Fig. 1 EMC terms

An interference source may generate conducted or radiated electromagnetic energy, i.e. conducted emission (CE) or radiated emission (RE). This also applies to the propagation paths and to the electromagnetic susceptibility of disturbed equipment.

In order to work out economical solutions, it is necessary consider both phenomena, i.e. propagation and susceptibility, to an equal extent, and not just one aspect, e.g. conducted emission.

EMC components are used to reduce conducted electromagnetic interference to the limits in an EMC plan or to reduce this interference below the limit values specified in the EMC regulations. These components may be installed either in the source of potential interference or in the disturbed equipment (figure 2).

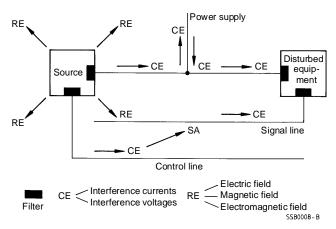


Fig. 2 Susceptibility model and filtering

S + M Components offers EMI suppression components with a well-balanced range of rated voltages and currents for power supply lines as well as for signal and control lines.

#### 1.2 Interference sources and disturbed equipmentInterference source

An interference source is an electrical device or electrical equipment which emits electromagnetic interference. We can differentiate between two main groups of interference sources corresponding to the type of frequency spectrum emitted (figure 3).

# Interference source (emission)

# Discrete frequency spectrum (Sine-wave, low energy)

μP systems
RF generators
Medical equipment
Data processing systems
Microwave equipment
Ultrasonic equipment
RF welding apparatus
Radio and TV receivers
Switch-mode power supplies
Frequency converters
UPS systems
Electronic ballast circuits

# Continuous frequency spectrum (Impulses, high energy)

Switchgear (contactors, relays)
Household appliances
Gas discharge lamps
Power supplies and battery chargers
Ignition systems
Welding apparatus
Motors with brushes
Oscillating drives
Atmospheric discharges

Fig. 3 Sources of interference

Interference sources with discrete frequency spectra (e.g. high frequency generators and microprocessor systems) emit interference energy which is concentrated on narrow frequency bands.

Switchgear and electric motors in household appliances, however, distribute their interference energy over broad frequency bands and are considered to belong to the group of interference sources having a continuous frequency spectrum.

#### Disturbed equipment

Electrical devices, equipment and/or systems subject to interference and which can be adversely affected by it are termed disturbed equipment.

In the same way as interference sources, disturbed equipment can also be categorized corresponding to frequency characteristics. A distinction can be made between narrowband and broadband susceptibility (figure 4).

Narrowband systems include radio and TV sets, for example, whereas data processing systems are generally specified as broadband systems.

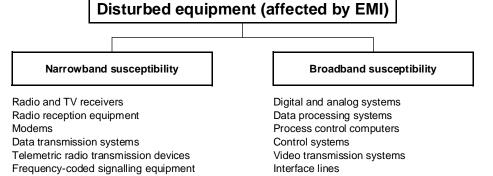


Fig. 4 Disturbed equipment

#### 1.3 Propagation of electromagnetic interference and EMC measurement techniques

As previously mentioned, an interference source causes both conducted and radiated electromagnetic interference.

Propagation along lines can be detected by measuring the interference current and the interference voltage (figure 5).

The effect of magnetic and electric interference fields on their immediate vicinity is assessed by measuring the radiated magnetic and electric field components. This method of propagation is also frequently termed electric or magnetic coupling (near field).

In higher frequency ranges, characterized by the fact that device dimensions are in the order of magnitude of the wavelength under consideration, the interference energy is mainly radiated directly (far field).

Conducted and radiated propagation must also be taken into consideration when measuring the susceptibility of disturbed equipment.

Interference sources e.g. sine-wave generators as well as pulse generators with a wide variety of pulse shapes are used for such tests.

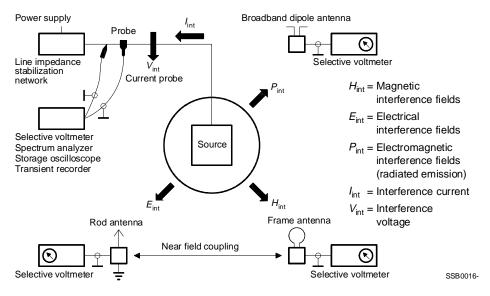


Fig. 5 Propagation of electromagnetic interference and EMC measurement techniques

#### 1.4 EMC regulations und legislation

A wide range of legislation and of harmonized standards have come into force and been published in the field of EMC in the past few years. In the European Union, the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC of the Council of the European Communites has come into effect on the 1st of January 1996. As of this date, all electronic equipment must comply with the protective aims of the EMC Directive. The conformity with the respective standards must be guaranteed by the **manufacturer or importer** in the form of a declaration of conformity. A CE mark of conformity must be applied to all equipment.

As a matter of principle, all electrical or electronic equipment, plant and systems must meet the protection requirements of the EMC Directive and/or national EMC legislation. A declaration of conformity by the manufacturer or importer and a CE mark are required for most equipment. Exceptions to this rule and special rulings are described in detail in the EMC laws.

New, harmonized European standards have been drawn up in relation to the EEC's EMC Directive and the national EMC laws. These specify measurement techniques and limit values or test severities, both for interference emission and for the interference susceptibility (or rather, immunity to interference) of electronic devices, equipment and systems.

The subdivision of the European standards into various categories (cf. following table) makes it easier to find the rules that apply to the respective equipment.

The generic standards always apply to all equipment for which there is no specific product family standard or dedicated product standard.

The basic standards contain information on interference phenomena and general measuring methods.

The following standards and regulations form the framework of the conformity tests:

EMC standards	Germany	Europe	International
Generic standards define the EMC environment	t in which a device is to o	perate according to i	ts intended use
Emissionresidential	DIN EN 50081-1	EN 50081-1	_
industrial	DIN EN 50081-2	EN 50081-2	
Susceptibilityresidential	DIN EN 50082-1	EN 50082-1	_
industrial	DIN EN 50082-2	EN 50082-2	
Basic standards describe physical phenomen	na and measurement tech	nniques	
Basic principles	DIN VDE 0843	EN 61000	IEC 1000
Measuring equipment	DIN VDE 0876		CISPR 16-1
Measuring emission methodssusceptibility	DIN VDE 0877	EN 61000-4-1	CISPR 16-2 IEC 1000-4-1
Harmonics	DIN VDE 0838	EN 60555-2	IEC 1000-3-2

DIN VDE 0843-2

DIN VDE 0843-3

DIN VDE 0843-4

DIN VDE 0843-5

EN 61000-4-2

EN 61000-4-3

EN 61000-4-4

EN 61000-4-5

#### Surge Product standards

Interference factors e. g. ESD

EM fields

Burst

define limit values for emission and susceptibility

ISM equipment emission	DIN VDE 0875 T11	EN 55011	CISPR 11
susceptibility	1)	1)	1)
Household emission	DIN VDE 0875 T14-1	EN 55014-1	CISPR 14-1
appliancessusceptibility	DIN VDE 0875 T14-2	EN 55014-2	CISPR 14-2
Lightingemission	DIN VDE 0875 T15-1	EN 55015-1	CISPR 15
susceptibility	DIN VDE 0875 T15-2	EN 55015-2	IEC 3439
Radio andemission	DIN VDE 0872 T13	EN 55013	CISPR 13
TV equipmentsusceptibility	DIN VDE 0872 T20	EN 55020	CISPR 20
High-voltage			
systemsemission	DIN VDE 0873	EN 55018	CISPR 18
ITE equipmentemission	DIN VDE 0878	EN 55022	CISPR 22
susceptibility	DIN VDE 0878	EN 55022	CISPR 22
Vehiclesemission	DIN VDE 0879	EN 72245	CISPR 25
susceptibility	DIN VDE 0839		ISO 11451/S2

IEC 1000-4-2

IEC 1000-4-3

IEC 1000-4-4

IEC 1000-4-5

<sup>1)</sup> Is governed by the safety and quality standards of the product families.

The following table shows the most important standards in the field of immunity to interference.

Standard	Test characteristics	Phenomena			
Conducted interference	Conducted interference				
EN 61000-4-4	5/50 ns (single impulse)	Burst			
IEC 1000-4-4	15 kHz burst	Cause: switching processes			
EN 61000-4-5	1,2 / 50 μs (open-circuit voltage)	Surge (high-energy transients)			
IEC 1000-4-5	8 / 20 μs (short-circuit current)	Cause: lightning strikes mains lines, switching processes			
EN 61000-4-6 (ENV 50141)	1 V, 3 V, 10 V	High-frequency coupling			
IEC 801-6	150 kHz 80 MHz	Narrow-band interference			
Field-related interference					
EN 61000-4-3 (ENV 50140)	3 V/m, 10 V/m	High-frequency interference			
IEC 801-3	80 bis 1000 MHz	fields			
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)					
EN 61000-4-2	Up to 8 kV	Electrostatic discharge			
IEC 1000-4-2	5 / 50 ns				
EN 61000-4-2	Up to 8 kV	Electrostatic discharge			

The IEC 1000 or EN 61000 series of standards are planned as central EMC standards into which all EMC regulations (e.g. IEC 801, IEC 555) are to be intgrated in the next few years.

#### 1.5 Propagation of conducted interference

In order to be able to choose suitable interference suppression components, the way in which conducted interference is propagated needs to be known (figure 6).

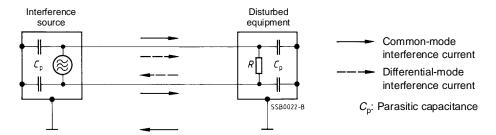


Fig. 6 Common-mode and differential-mode interference

An interference source which is at a floating potential primarily emits differential-mode, i.e. symmetrical interference which is propagated along the connected lines. On power lines, the interference current will flow towards the disturbed equipment on one wire and away from it on the other wire, just as the mains current does.

Symmetrical or differential-mode interference occurs mainly at low frequencies (up to several hundred kHz).

However, parasitic capacitances in interference sources and disturbed equipment or intended ground connections, also lead to an interference current in the ground circuit. This interference current flows towards the disturbed equipment through both the connecting lines and returns to the interference source through the ground lines. The currents on the connecting lines are in common mode and the interference is thus designated as common-mode or asymmetrical interference.

Since the parasitic capacitances will tend towards representing a short-circuit with increasing interference frequencies and the coupling to the connecting cables and the equipment itself will increase correspondingly, common-mode interference becomes dominant at multiple-MHz frequencies.

In European usage, the concept of an "unsymmetrical interference" is used, in addition to the two components described above, to describe interference. This term is used to describe the interference voltage between a line and reference ground potential.

Characteristic insertion loss values are specified for the individual filter types in order to facilitate the selection of a suitable S + M EMI suppression filter.

#### 1.6 Filter circuits and line impedance

Interference suppression filters are virtually always designed as reflecting lowpass filters, i.e. they reach their highest insertion loss when they are - on the one hand - mismatched to the impedance of the interference source or disturbed equipment and - on the other hand - mismatched to the impedance of the line. Possible filter circuits for various line, interference source and disturbed equipment impedance conditions are shown in figure 7.

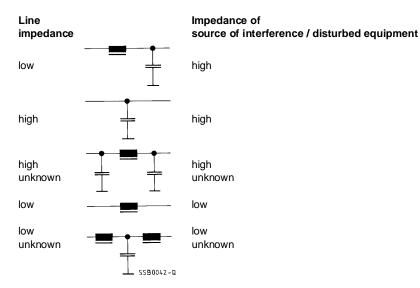


Fig. 7 Filter circuits and impedance relationships

It is, therefore, necessary to find out the internal impedances so that optimum filter circuit designs as well as economical solutions can be implemented.

The internal impedances of the power networks under consideration are usually known from calculations and extensive measurements, whereas the impedances of interference sources or disturbed equipment are, in most cases, not or only inadequately known.

For this reason, it is impossible to design the most suitable filter solution without measuring the equipment characteristics. In this context, we offer all our customers the competent assistance of our skilled staff, both on-site and in our EMC laboratory in Regensburg. (cf. "Services offered", page 33).

#### 2 Selection criteria for EMC components

To comply with currently valid regulations, a frequency range of 150 kHz to 1000 MHz has to be taken into consideration, in most cases, in order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility; in addition, however, factors such as low-frequency line interference should be considered.

EMC components must thus have favorable RF characteristics and are ususally required to be effective over a broad frequency range.

- For individual components (inductors) the RF characteristics are specified by stating the impedance as a function of frequency.
- As explained, EMC filters are selected by insertion loss. The insertion loss is defined as the logarithm of the ratio of the power supplied to a load impedance without the filter to the power supplied when a filter is connected (cf. chapter on EMC filters, page 204).

If the device under test (DUT) is terminated on both sides with an impedance of 50  $\Omega$ , for example, the result of the measurement is referred to as being the 50- $\Omega$  insertion loss.

Depending on the particular application intended, priorities for consideration of the three possible methods of insertion loss

- asymmetrical or common-mode attenuation
- symmetrical or differential-mode attenuation, or
- unsymmetrical attenuation

must be decided upon.

The measuring method using a  $50-\Omega$  insertion loss has been adapted from the field of communications engineering and is also specified in the relevant national and international standards.

Admittedly, it permits a comparison of different filters, yet provides little information on practical applications.

The reason is – as already mentioned in the previous section – that neither the interference source or disturbed equipment nor the connected power line system will have an impedance of 50  $\Omega$  at frequencies below 1 MHz.

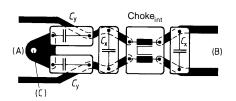
Likewise, the attenuation of interference impulses cannot simply be determined on the basis of the insertion loss value. In this case, it is also necessary to take the non-linear response of the interference suppression chokes in the filters into consideration.

If sent the pulse shapes in question, we can specify filter-specific values on request.

#### 3 Arrangement and installation of filters and filter components

When designing filter circuits using individual components, observe the following basic rules:

- The components should be arranged along the lines (see example in figure 8) to avoid capacitive
  and inductive coupling between components and between filter inputs and outputs.
- As insertion loss of a filter circuit in the MHz range is mainly determined by the capacitors connected to ground, the connecting leads of these capacitors should be as inductance-free as possible, i.e. short.
- Filter circuits which are to be installed in devices with limited space must be shielded.



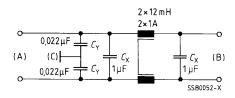


Fig. 8 Correct arrangement of filter components, e.g. on a PC board

When using off-the-shelf filters, observe the following rules:

- Ensure a proper electrically conductive connection between the filter case and/or filter ground and the metallic case of the interference source or disturbed equipment, and
- provide sufficient RF decoupling between the lines at the filter input (line causing the interference) and the filter output (filtered line), if necessary by using shielding partitions.

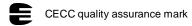
#### 4 Approvals

All products by S + M Components are basically designed to conform to the German VDE regulations and/or EN standards. The respective regulations or standards are given for each component type. Many of our components have also been approval-tested in accordance with national and international regulations. The marks of conformity and quality assurance marks are listed in the data sheets.

Examples of marks of conformity:



Example of a quality assurance mark:



In future, capacitors, chokes and filters will be tested in accordance with the new European standards EN 132 400, EN 138 100 and EN 133 200 geprüft. The corresponding mark of approval is



#### 5 Safety regulations

When selecting EMC components – in particular in case of power line applications – the safety regulations applicable to the relevant equipment must be observed.

Please note the following:

- Capacitors connected between power lines and ground (Y capacitors) may cause in the event
  of faults (interruption of the protective earth) and if a person touches the device ground a capacitive leakage current to flow between device ground person ground. This current must be
  limited or conducted to ground in such a way that in the event of a fault no dangerous voltages
  can occur on the accessible metal parts. The individuals rules applicable to the respective equipment (product specifications) are binding.
- Capacitors for use only in positions where failure in the form of a short-circuit would not lead to
  danger of an electric shock (X capacitors) are divided into subclasses corresponding to the peak
  voltages to which they are subjected in addition to the power line voltage. The selection criteria
  to be used are defined in the rules applicable to the respective equipment (product
  specifications).

Further information on the classification and the characteristics of X and Y capacitors is given in the chapter on EMI suppression capacitors.

#### 6 Electrical characteristics

#### 6.1 Rated voltage V<sub>R</sub>

The rated voltage  $V_R$  is the maximum ac or dc voltage which can be continuously applied to the component at temperatures between the lower category temperature  $T_{min}$  and the upper category temperature  $T_{max}$ .

#### 6.2 Test voltage $V_P$

The test voltage  $V_P$  is the ac or dc voltage which may be applied to the component for the specified test duration in the course of final inspection (100% end of line testing). This test may be repeated once as an incoming goods inspection test.

#### 6.3 Rated current IR

The rated current  $I_R$  is ac or dc current at which the component may be continuously operated under the nominal operating conditions.

For components with 1, 2 or 3 lines, the rated current is specified for simultaneous flow of the a current of this value through all lines. For four-line components (e.g. filters with three lines and neutral) the sum of the values of the currents in all four conductors must not exceed three times the rated current.

During ac operation, higher thermal loads may be caused due to waveforms which deviate from a pure sine wave. Where necessary, such cases must be taken into consideration.

#### 6.4 Overcurrent

The rated current may be exceeded briefly. Details on permissible currents and load duration can be obtained upon request.

#### 6.5 Pulse handling capability

Saturation effects (e.g in the ferrite cores used) may occur when high-energy pulses are applied to the components and these may lead to impaired interference suppression. The maximum permissible voltage-time integral area is used to characterize the pulse handling capability of chokes and filters. For standard components a range from 1 to 10 mVs can be assumed. More specific data can be obtained upon request.

#### 6.6 Current derating I<sub>op</sub>/I<sub>R</sub>

At ambient temperatures above the operating temperature stated in the data sheet, the operating current of chokes and filters must be reduced according to the derating curve.

#### 6.7 Rated inductance L<sub>R</sub>

The rated inductance  $L_{\rm R}$  is the inductance which has been used to designate the choke, as measured at the frequency  $f_{\rm L}$ .

#### 6.8 Stray inductance L<sub>S</sub>

The stray inductance  $L_S$  (also termed leakage inductance) is the inductance measured through both coils when a current-compensated choke is short-circuited at one end. This affects symmetrical interference.



Fig. 9 Stray inductance

#### 6.9 Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$

The inductance decrease  $\Delta L/L_0$  is the drop in inductance at a given current relative to the initial inductance  $L_0$  measured at zero current. The data sheets specify this as a percentage. This decrease is caused by the magnetization of the core material, which is a function of the field strength, as induced by the operating current. Generally the decrease is less than 10 %.

#### 6.10 DC resistance $R_{typ}$ , $R_{min}$ , $R_{max}$

The dc resistance is the resistance of a line as measured using direct current at a temperature of 20 °C, whereby the measuring current must be kept well below the rated current.

 $R_{\mathrm{typ}}$  typical value  $R_{\mathrm{min}}$  minimum value  $R_{\mathrm{max}}$  maximum value

#### 6.11 Winding capacitance, parasitic capacitance C<sub>P</sub>

Parasitic capacitances  $(C_p)$ , which impair the RF characteristics of the components, are related to the component geometry. These capacitances may affect the two lines mutually (symmetrically) as well as the line-to-ground circuit (asymmetrically). The design of all EMC components supplied by S + M Components minimizes the parasitic effects. Due to this, these components have excellent interference supression characteristics right up to high frequencies.

#### 6.12 Quality factor Q

The quality factor Q is the quotient of the imaginary component of the impedance divided by the real component.

#### 6.13 Measuring frequencies $f_Q$ , $f_L$

 $f_Q$  is the frequency for which the quality factor Q of a choke is specified.  $f_1$  is the frequency at which the inductance of a choke is determined.

#### 6.14 Discharge resistor

Discharge resistors are meant to ensure that the energy stored in the capacitors is reduced to low levels within a short period, so that the voltage at the equipment terminals drops to below permissible maximum values.

#### 6.15 Insertion loss

The insertion loss is a criterium for the effectivity of interference suppression components, as measured by using a standardized measurement circuit (figure 10).

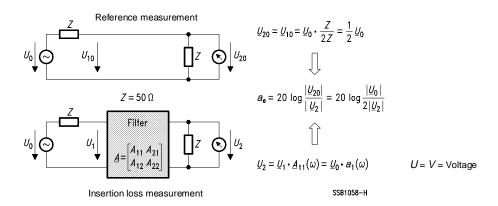


Fig. 10 Definition of insertion loss

The input terminals of the filter under test are connected to an RF generator with impedance Z (usually 50  $\Omega$ ). At the output end of the filter, the voltage is measured using a selective voltmeter having the same impedance Z. The insertion loss is then calculated from the quotient of the no-load generator voltage  $V_0$  and double the filter output voltage  $V_2$ .

#### 6.16 Leakage current

The use of capacitors connected from line to ground in filters will lead to a current flowing to protective earth in protection class I equipment when an ac supply voltage is applied. The maximum permissible leakage current is limited for safety reasons and specifed in the regulations applicable to the respecive equipment (product standards).

For filters, the data sheets state the maximum leakage current permissible in case of faults, i.e. open protective earth circuit, measured at 250 Vac, 50 Hz.

#### Measurement method (2-line filters):

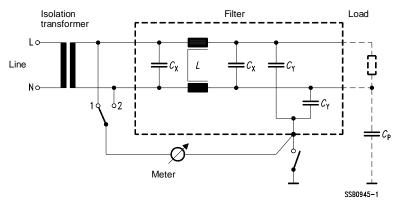


Fig. 11

For two-line filters, the larger of the two leakage currents measured when the switch is in positions 1 and 2 is stated.

#### Measurement method (3-phase filters):

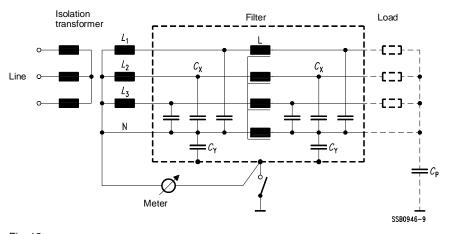


Fig. 12

The filter leakage current is added to the current flowing through the circuit capacitances  $C_P$  of the device to give the overall leakage current of the load.

#### 7 Mechanical properties

#### 7.1 Potting (economy potting, complete potting)

We distinguish between economy potting and complete potting.

Economy potting is used to fix the the core and windings in the case and the windings on the core. This is an economical technique which enables a single resin casting procedure to be used. Because of this, most chokes supplied by S + M Components are produced using this method.

Complete potting is only required when the thermal conductitivity of economy potting is not adequate or if the customer has special demands. Complete potting requires several process steps to ensure complete embedding of the core and the windings.

Economy potting



Complete potting



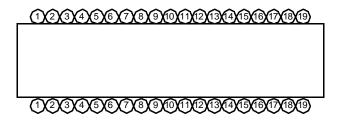
#### 7.2 Types of winding

S + M Components uses different types of winding to suit the respective technical requirements:

- single-layer winding
- multilayer winding
- random winding

The different types of winding lead to different inductance characteristics, especially at high frequencies.

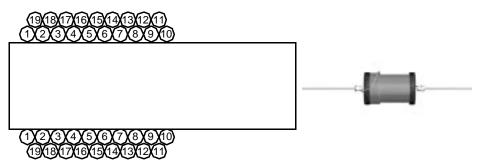
Single-layer winding:





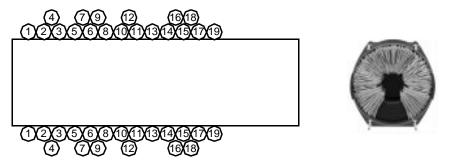
The winding pitch is equal to or greater than the wire diameter. The coil is wound in one direction only. The only capacitances (parasitic capacitances) are those between one turn to the next. In comparison to all other types of winding, this type of winding leads to the lowest possible capacitances and thus the highest resonance frequencies.

Multi-layer winding:



The winding pitch is equal to the wire diameter. The coil is wound with several layers. This leads to parasitic capacitances between the layers in addition to the turn-to-turn capacitances. In comparison to all other types of winding, this type leads to the highest capacitances and thus the lowest resonance frequencies.

Random winding:



The winding pitch is smaller than the wire diameter. The coil is wound in one direction only. This method of winding a coil does not permit the final position of a turn to be predetermined exactly. The cross section of this type of winding clearly shows a disorderly, "random" arrangement of the turns. This leads to the parasitic capacitances being only minimally greater than those achieved by single-layer winding, and the resonance frequencies are equal to those achieved by single-layer winding.

#### 7.3 RF characteristics of various types of winding

Figure 13 shows the relation between the impedance and the frequency for two chokes of equal inductance. One of the chokes has a two-layer winding and the other is randomly wound. The choke with random windings has a considerably higher first resonance frequency. The spurious resonances are very much higher than 10 MHz. The impedance at frequencies above the first resonance frequency is approximately five times higher. This leads to better interference suppression at high frequencies.

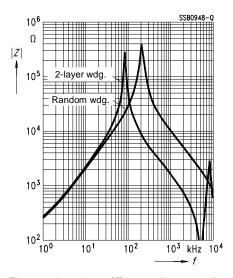


Fig. 13 Impedance |Z| versus frequency f comparison between two-layer winding and random winding

The RF characteristics of all chokes supplied by S + M Components are within the specifications and reproducible, as the winding processes which we have developed for single-layer, multi-layer and random winding ensure that the characteristics of the inductors produced display very little variation.

The reproducibility of electrical characteristics of chokes is mainly determined by the production technique used. At S + M Components, coils are wound mainly by automatic machines (either fully or semi-automated). This permits even complicated winding patterns to be produced in large production runs with very little variation in product characteristics. In figure 14, the impedance curves of several chokes, some wound manually and some by machine, are shown for comparison. With the random winding used in this comparison, the advantages of machine winding are clearly noticeable.

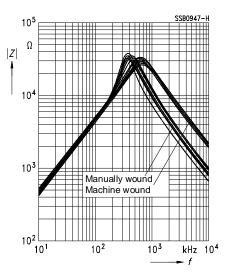


Fig. 14 Impedance |Z| versus frequency *t*.

Reproducibility and scatter achieved by manual and by machine winding techniques.

#### 8 Climatic characteristics

#### 8.1 Upper and lower category temperature $T_{\text{max}}$ and $T_{\text{min}}$

The upper category temperature  $T_{\rm max}$  und the lower category temperature  $T_{\rm min}$  are defined as the highest and the lowest permissible ambient temperatures, respectively, at which the component can be operated continuously.

#### 8.2 Rated temperature T<sub>R</sub>

The rated temperature  $T_R$  is defined as the highest ambient temperature at which the component may be operated under nominal conditions.

#### 8.3 Reference temperature for measurements

According to IEC 68-1, Section 5.1 a temperature of 20 °C is specified as the reference temperature for all electrical measurements, unless the data sheets specifically define other values.

#### 8.4 IEC climatic category

IEC 68-1, Appendix A, defines a method of specifying the climatic category by three groups of numbers delimited by slash characters.



#### 1st group of numbers:

Absolute value of the lower category temperature  $T_{\min}$  as test temperature for test Aa (cold) in accordance with IEC 68-2-1

#### 2nd group of numbers:

Upper category temperature  $T_{\rm max}$  as test temperature for test Ba (dry heat) in accordance with IEC 68 -2-2 test duration: 16 h

#### 3rd group of numbers:

Number of days denoting the test duration for test Ca (damp heat, steady-state) in accordance with IEC 68-2-3 at (93 + 2/- 3) % rel. humidity and an ambient temperature of 40 °C

#### 9 Dangerous substances in components

Dangerous substances (as defined by the German regulation "Gefahrstoffverordnung") are only used in our production and to an extent where the state of the art leaves us no alternative. Wherever possible, we replace them by materials with safe characteristics. Where this is not possible, special staff entrusted with environmental protection and supervision of noxious materials monitor strict adherence to relevant laws and regulations in each of our factories.

As part of these efforts to manufacture our products without using dangerous substances as far as possible, we can guarantee for all components presented in this data book that they do not contain the following materials and compounds:

- acryl nitrile
- aliphatic chlorinated organic componds
- arsenic compounds
- asbestos
- lead carbonate and lead sulphide
- halogenated dioxines and furanes
- cadmium
- chlorinated fluorocarbons (CFC).

Nor are these used in component manufacture.

- formaldehyde
- pentachlorophenol (PCB)
- polychlorinated biphenyles (PCB)
- polychlorinated perphenyles (PCT)
- mercury compounds
- creosote
- ugilec and DBBT (PCB substitutes)
- organic tin compounds
- vinyl chloride

Just a few of our feed-through capacitors and filters are impregnated with a high-purity mineral oil. Materials other than oil are not added. The impregnating agent is stated in the technical data of the components concerned.

The packaging of our components is generally suitable for ESD areas and free of pollutants. Full details are available from our sales offices.

#### 10 Disposal

In the light of the facts stated above on the topic of dangerous substances, all components presented in this book can be disposed of without problems. Most of our components will be accepted by the respective electronic scrap recycling companies for material recycling and/or thermal decompositon. Of course the corresponding local regulations must be observed.

#### 11 EMC services and EMC laboratory

All electrical equipment and devices will generate electromagnetic interference (e.g. ignition sparks in motor vehicles) which will affect other electrical equipment and must therefore be kept to below specific limits. At the same time, all electrical equipment and devices are subjected to electromagnetic interference phenomena (e.g. interference impulses due to switching processes) which may cause malfunctions. In order to be able to operate a large number and variety of electrical devices simultaneously, the protection-oriented objective of "Electromagnetic compatibility" (EMC) must be achieved. The German EMC law and the European EMC Directive make this objective mandatory. European and national standards specify the technical requirements for equipment as well as the related measuring and testing methods. For example, they specify the mandatory limits for interference emissions and the severity of immunity tests.

We operate an extensively equipped EMC laboratory in Regensburg to support our customers in solving interference problems and for carrying out fundamental research on EMC component applications. In this lab, the most economical interference suppression circuits for devices, plant and machinery are determined, so that all legally binding or recommended limit values can be complied with.

#### 11.1 Qualification

The S + M Components EMC laboratory in Regensburg is qualified in accordance with EN 45001 and is a member of the "Zuständige Stelle der Siemens AG" (ZFE TN GR ZS, Erlangen). Certification in accordance with the guidelines of the "Deutsche Akkreditierungsrat" (DAR - German certification commission) was carried out in October 1994.

The comprehensive equipment in the laboratory (e.g. measuring equipment, test generators, anechoic chamber), the many years of experience in the entire field of EMC (first anechoic chamber in Europe, in 1983) and our active co-operation in national and international EMC standardization bodies are an excellent foundation to our ability to meet customers' demands. The test record which is compiled after successful conclusion of tests is recognized as a proof of conformity with the current EMC standards and regulations, which is a prerequisite for applying the CE mark to a device.

Our own development and production of EMC components ensure that all required interference suppression circuits can be implemented within a short period. A comprehensive stock of capacitors, chokes, filters and accessories is directly available on site.

Of course all devices, equipment and information entrusted to us by different customers will be treated with absolute discretion.

#### 11.2 Services offered

S + M Components' EMC laboratory in Regensburg can assist electrical equipment manufacturers from the design stage right up to the market launch by providing the following services:

- Advisory and training services accompanying the development phase:
  - EMC testing of working development models
  - Recommendation of EMC protection measures such as shielding, grounding, earthing EMC components (capacitors, chokes and filters) customer-specific solutions organisation measures

- EMC testing of prototypes:
  - EMC testing of equipment produced by manufacturing methods (preliminary or pilot series, prototypes)
  - recommendations for EMC measures, as above
- EMC tests to enable a declaration of conformity to be made for the CE mark:
  - test report only lists results, no recommendations or suggestions
  - EMC laboratory is certified by DAR (DATech)
  - member of the "Zuständige Stelle" of Siemens AG this responsible body can be called upon at short notice, if necessary

#### "Zuständige Stelle" (competent body):

needed in case of

deviations from existing standards lack of applicable product standards reasons required for exceptions during EMC tests

#### Field EMC tests:

- equipment power supply > 200 A on 440/250V power line
- equipment (plant) cannot be transported or transport too expensive
- EMC environment permits on-site testing

Apart from offering the services of the EMC laboratory, S + M Components also offers direct cooperation of our development engineers on the equipment manufacturer's premises. If necessary, standard components can be adapted to customers' requirements, so that customer-specific solutions are available at very short notice. Our development engineers have comprehensive know-how in the entire field of EMC and many years of experience in EMC component applications. A close co-operation of the equipment manufacturer and S + M Components will achieve optimum and economical solutions very quickly.

- Our development engineers' services at customers' premises:
  - assistance in locating the interference sources
  - samples for interference suppression tests are specifically provided for the case at hand, the engineer brings along "experimental material"
  - optimum solutions are found quickly
  - customer-specific components can be developed faster

#### 11.3 Equipment

The EMC laboratory has an anechoic chamber with a reflective groundplane (floor) for field strength measurements according to all corresponding measurement regulations and for measuring distances of up to 10 m. Two shielded enclosures with three measuring stations are provided for investigating conducted interference. Special facilities, such as large doors, exhaust fans, power supply up to 200 A and electrical and mechanical loads enable even very voluminous or high-powered equipment and systems to be tested here.

The basis of all EMC solutions is the reduction of conducted interference which comprises interference voltages and currents on and along the cables connected to the equipment under test. Three measuring stations enable several devices to be tested simultaneously. The measuring stations are located in shielded cabins to eliminate the possibility of interference by outside sources.

In order to have measuring and testing equipment for accurate and reproducible measurements available at all times, the respective equipment is calibrated once a year and regularly checked against our own comparative standards. Each of the three measuring stations can be used with its own measuring equipment or with the central automated measuring set-up. The results are documented using plotters and/or laser printers.

At high frequencies, parts of the equipment under test will act as antennae and interference is emitted as electromagnetic waves. The anechoic chamber guarantees a test environment that is free of external interference and in which extermely low interference field strengths can be detected and very large test field strengths are permitted.

The walls and the ceiling of the anechoic chamber are partially lined with shaft absorbers to create a reflection-free measuring environment. Fields of up to 20 V/mat a distance of 2 m can be generated for immunity tests. Depending on the measurement task, additional mobile absorbers can be installed as wall or floor absorbers. The chamber is also suitable for testing larger objects, e.g. EDP systems or motor vehicles. It has a turntable with a diameter of 4,8 m and a load-bearing capacity of approximately 4 tonnes. The turntable and the antenna mast are remote-controlled and can also be controlled by the measuring computers.

Our EMC laboratory is able to carry out tests in accordance with almost all valid national and international EMC standards. The table in section 1.4 "EMC requirements and legislation" on page 15 only lists the most important standards (product and measurement regulations). Of course we can carry out EMC tests in accordance with other corresponding EMC regulations.

The EMC laboratory Regensburg tests and measures (but not exclusively):

- all equipment in accordance with the generic standards for residential and industrial areas
- household appliances and similar electrical equipment
- measuring and control systems for industrial process control
- electrical production machinery and systems
- Information processing and telecommunications systems and equipment
- television and radio receivers
- installations and equipment for electrical power generation and electric railways
- motor vehicles
- Namur recommendations (chemical industry)
- MIL standards
- VG standards (defense equipment)
- FCC regulations.

For further information, refer to our brochure "EMC laboratory Regensburg", ordering code: B450-P503-X-X-7400

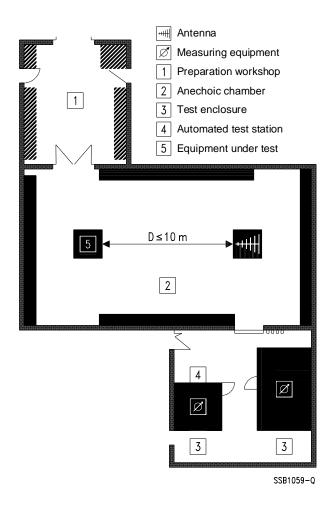


Fig. 15 Layout of the Regensburg EMC laboratory

Deutsche Koordinierungsstelle für ITNormenkonformitätsprüfung und -zertifizierung (DEKITZ)

vertreten im

Deutschen Akkreditierungs Rat

Akkreditierung

Akkreditierung

Hiermit wird bestätigt, daß das Prüflaboratorium der

Siemens Matsushita GmbH & Co. KG

Wernerwerkstraße 2

93049 Regensburg

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN 45001 besitzt, Prüfungen in den Bereichen

Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit

auszuführen.

Die Akkreditierung ist gültig bis: 06.10.1999

Die Anlage ist Bestandteil der Urkunde und besteht aus 11 Seiten.

DAR-Registriernummer: TTI-P-G092/94-00

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle Deutsche Koordinierungsstelle für

iT-Normenkonformitätsprüfung und -zertifizierung (DEKITZ)

Berlin, 07.10.1994

Geschäftsführer

Technik (DATech) e.V.

Frankfurt/M., 07.10.1994

DATech, DEKITZ - Akkreditierungsstellen in der TGA - Trägergemeinschaft für Akkreditierung GmbH

Gerchäftsführer

Ltr. d. Akkr.-stelle

Bundesamt für Post und Telekommunikation (BAPT)

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle Technik (DATech) e.V.

Fig. 16 Certificate of the Regensburg EMC laboratory

Ltr. d. Akkr.-

stelle

SSB1061

Bundesamt für Post und

Mainz, 07.10,1994

Präsident

Telekommunikation (BAPT)



Applications with a future

# We set your ideas in motion

When it comes to implementing ideas, you couldn't choose a better partner. Our flexibility turns standard products into new ones with all the right features. Whether capacitors and converter filters for wind-driven power plants, ferrite antennas for radio wrist-watches or SAW filters for the new wide-screen TV generation. If you've got the application, we've got the component.



SCS - dependable, fast and competent



#### General

The high demands made by the world market on the quality of products and services to be supplied by us have made a thorough and global quality assurance system indispensible.

The quality assurance system enforced in our EMC components division is certified in accordance with ISO 9001. It is based on quality directives binding at all company levels and for all departments. It is described in the quality assurance manual and takes into consideration:

- national and international standards (DIN, CECC, IEC).
- specifications harmonized with our customers' requirements,
- our own performance goals.

#### 1.1 **Total Quality Management and Zero Defect Concept**

The strategic aim of Total Quality Management (TQM) is to satisfy the demands made by customers on products or services in terms of function, quality, punctuality and price/performance ratios.

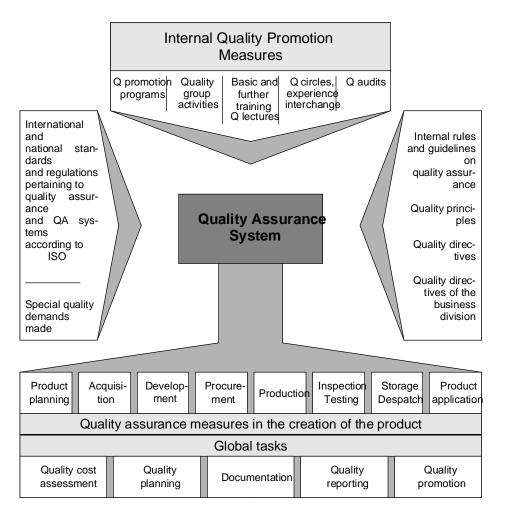
Working on the principle of "quality right from the very start", all instances and persons at S + M Components are involved in implementing this aim. Systematic planning, careful selection of suppliers and sure mastery of design and manufacturing processes are the major factors guaranteeing a constant high quality standard.

Internal quality promotion measures, such as training, quality groups, quality assurance circles and Q audits reinforce the feeling of responsibility in each employee, helping them to realize the significance of defects and thus avoid them.

Modern quality tools such as FMEA, SPC and Zero-Defect Programs with CEDAC1) diagrams supplement and support measures for quality assurance and enhancement.

FMEA

# 1.2 Quality assurance system



# 2 Quality assurance procedure

The quality department examines EMC components and approves them for production according to the following criteria:

- compliance with type specifications,
- process capability of available production equipment,
- test engineering.

The entire production process – from procurement of parts and materials, through the fabrication process to final inspection – is accompanied by quality assurance measures. The flow chart (refer to section) shows the quality inspections stipulated for each individual step.

# 2.1 Material procurement

The high quality of parts and materials required for the manufacture of high-grade products is attained through close cooperation with suppliers. Focal aspects of these quality assurance measures are the choice and qualification of suppliers, harmonization of specifications, incoming-goods inspection, quality assessment and problem management.

# 2.2 Product quality assurance

All essential manufacturing processes are subjected to permanent monitoring. Critical parameters, in particular, are subjected to statistical process control (SPC).

So-called "QC gates" are planned into the manufacturing process, i.e. there is an inspection for release at the end of the corresponding step. The permanent monitoring and evaluation of the test results are used to assess procedures and to determine how well the processes are mastered.

#### 2.3 Final inspection

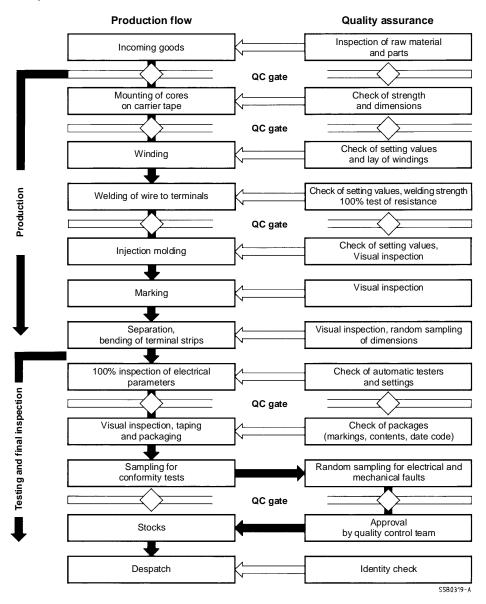
The EMC components are subjected to a specification-based final inspection. The essential electrical and physical parameters, as well as the finish, are checked.

# 2.4 Product monitoring

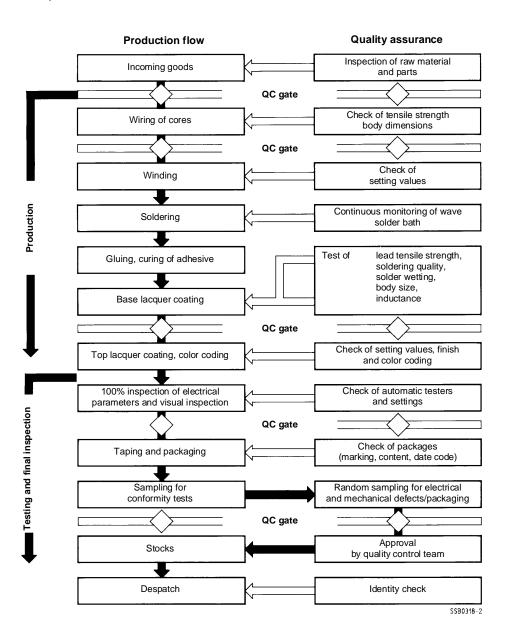
Our quality assurance department periodically carries out tests on random samples taken from current production lots to check the ability to survive certain climatic conditions, operational reliability, solderability and resistance to soldering heat in accordance with DIN, CECC and IEC specifications.

# 2.5 Manufacturing and quality assurance procedures

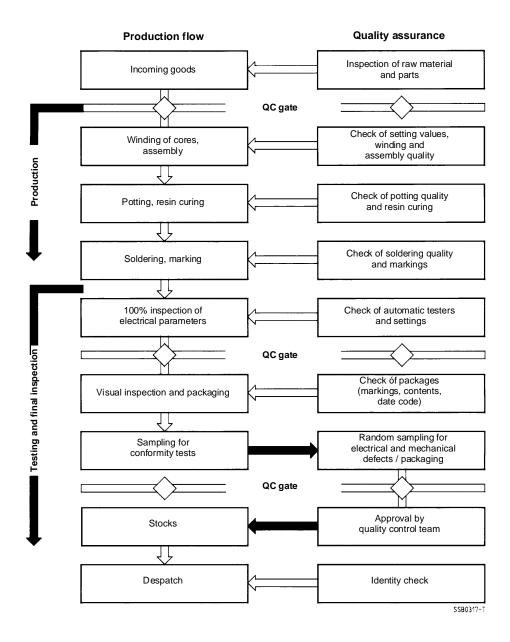
Example: RF chokes, SMD versions, series SIMID 02 and SIMID 03



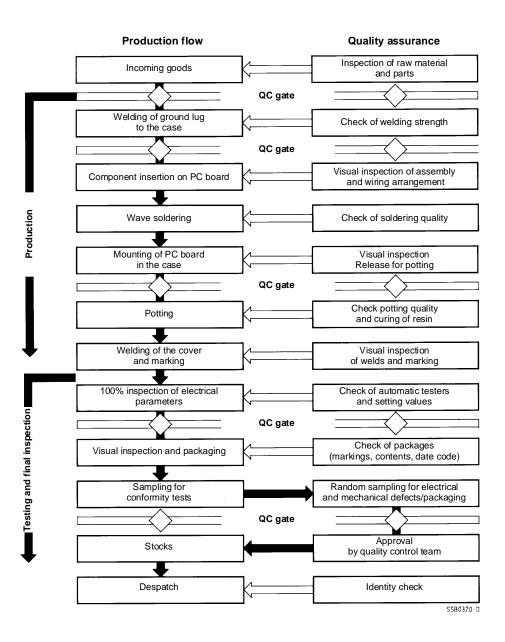
Example: RF chokes with axial/radial leads



# Example: Ring core chokes



Example: Power line filters, series SIFI



Example: EMI suppression capacitors Production flow Quality assurance Incoming goods Raw materials and parts inspection QC gate Check of setting data and Winding winding precision (SPC) Pressing Check of setting data Masking Check of setting data Check of setting data and Capacitor production Metal spraying layer thickness (SPC) Mask removal WInding check Tempering Temperature check Regeneration Check of setting data QC gate Welding of terminals, Lead tensile strength (SPC), supervision encapsulation in case and sealing of sealing and curing tests QC gate 100% inspection of electrical Check of testing equipment, parameters, marking setting data and markings Mechanical properties (random sampling, by lots) QC gate Packaging check Testing and final inspection Packaging (markings, contents, date) Sampling for conformity test Daily random sampling QC gate Stocks Approval by quality control team Despatch Identity check

# 3 Delivery quality

The term "delivery quality" is used to indicate conformance with the mutually agreed specifications at the time of delivery.

# 3.1 Random sampling

The AQL (AQL = acceptable quality level) figures given in section are based on random sample inspection specification ISO 2859 - 1, single sampling plan for normal inspection, inspection level II. The contents of this standard correspond to MIL STD105 D and IEC 410.

The sampling instructions of this standard are such that a delivered lot will be accepted with a probability of  $\geq$  90 % if the percentage of defects does not exceed the stated AQL figure.

As a rule, the percentage of defects in deliveries from S + M Components is significantly below the AQL figure. The acceptance figure we apply to inoperatives, i.e. unusable components is c = 0.

#### 3.2 Classification of defects

A defect exists if a component characteristic fails to meet the data sheet specifications or an agreed delivery specification. A distinction is made between inoperatives (totally unusable components) and other defectives.

#### Inoperatives:

- short circuit or open circuit
- breakage of case, terminals or coating
- wrong or missing identification of rated capacitance, rated voltage, rated inductance, rated current or part number
- mixing with other component types in one lot

#### Other defectives:

- defects in electrical characteristics (electrical characteristics outside of specified limits)
- defects in mechanical properties, e.g. wrong dimensions, damaged case, illegible marking, bent terminals

# 3.3 AQL figures

The following AQL figures apply to the defects listed above:

	Capacitors, Chokes	Filters
inoperatives (electrical and mechanical)	0.065	0.1
sum of electrical defectives	0.25	0.25
sum of mechanical defectives	0.25	0.4

# 3.4 Incoming goods inspection

We recommend the use of a random sampling plan according to ISO 2859-1 (the contents correspond to MIL STD 105 D and IEC 410).

The customer and the supplier should mutually agree upon the test engineering that is to be used.

The following details are required for judging any possible claims: test circuit, sample size, number of defectives found, sample defectives, packing slip.

# Single sampling plan for normal inspection - inspection level II

Excerpt from ISO 2859 -1:

Sam	pling plan	AQL	AQL	AQL	AQL
N = Lot size		0,065	0,10	0,15	0,25
2 50	)	N-0	N-0	N-0	N-0
51 90	)	N-0	N-0	N or 80-0	50-0
91 15	50	N-0	N bzw. 125-0	80-0	50-0
151 28	30	N or 200-0	125-0	80-0	50-0
281 50	00	200-0	125-0	80-0	50-0
501 1	200	200-0	125-0	80-0	50-0
1 201 3	200	200-0	125-0	80-0	200-1
3 201 10	000	200-0	125-0	315-1	200-1
10 001 35	5 000	200-0	500-1	315-1	315-2
35 001 150	000	800-1	500-1	500-2	500-3
150 001 500	000	800-1	800-2	800-3	800-5
> 500	000	1250-2	1250-3	1250-5	1250-7

Columns 2 to 5: Left-hand figure = sample size

Right-hand figure = acceptable defects

Defect classification: refer to section

#### 4 Service life

This is defined as the time it takes until a given fraction failure is attained. The fraction failure is the the ratio of the number of failures to the total number of inspected components of the respective type. The service life depends on the operating conditions, i.e. on the electrical and thermal loads to which the component is subjected.

The service life data are determined by carrying out endurance tests over extended periods and in some cases under more severe conditions (temperature, voltage, current) as well as from experience gathered in actual applications.

#### 4.1 Failure criteria

Generally, the limit values specified in the corresponding applicable standards will apply.

#### 4.2 Operating conditions

The ambient temperature, direct current loads and the inherent heating caused by alternating current loads have a decisive effect on the service life and usability of EMC components.

# 5 Reliability

Data on long-term reliability under severe or moderate operating conditions are gained from endurance tests which are carried out periodically. The data are based on the failures registered for components under a defined load, and long-term reliability of the individual types tested is based on a confidence level of 60 %. Our reliability data result from very large numbers of component testing hours.

# 5.1 Failure rate (long-term failure rate)

The failure rate is defined as the fraction failure divided by a specified operating period. The failure rate is expressed in fit (failures per 10<sup>9</sup> component test hours) or percentage failure in 1000 hours.

1 fit =  $1 \cdot 10^{-9}$  failures/h (**fit** = **f**ailure **in t**ime)

Example of a failure rate  $\lambda_{test}$  determined by a service life test:

1) Number of components tested N = 8000

2) Operating hours (duration of test)  $t_b = 25\,000\,\text{h}$ 

3) Number of failures n = 2

$$\lambda_{\text{test}} = \frac{n}{n} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{2}{0000} \frac{1}{20000} = 0.001 \%/1000h.$$

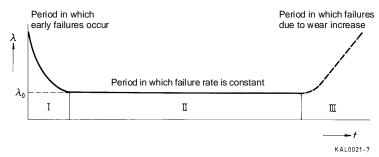
When failure rate values are stated, the corresponding failure criteria and the operating and ambient conditions must also be given.

The failure rate of components, when plotted against time, shows the following characteristic curve with the three periods

I: early failure period,

II: service period,

III: wear-out failure period



Unless otherwise specified, the given failure rate refers to the service period (phase II). During phase II, an approximately constant failure rate  $\lambda_0$  can be assumed.

#### 5.2 Failure rate values

Product	Failure rate	Reference conditions
Surface-mount RF chokes (SIMID 01, 02, 02-100, 02-T and 03)	5 fit	
RF chokes with wire leads (MCC, SBC, BC, HBC, LBC und HLBC)	5 fit	Rated current, ambient temperatures ≤ 40 °C
Ring core chokes	5 fit	
Surface-mount data line chokes	10 fit	

# 6 Supplementary information

The specification of quality data – which refers to a fairly large number of components – does not constitute a guarantee of characteristics or properties in the legal sense. However, agreement on these specifications does not mean that the customer may not claim for replacement of individual defective components within the terms of delivery. S + M Components cannot, however, assume any further liability beyond the replacement of defective components. This applies in particular to any further consequences of component failure.

Furthermore, it must be taken into consideration that the figures stated for service life and failure rate refer to the average production status and are therefore to be understood as mean values (statistical expectations) for a large number of delivery lots of identical components. These figures are based on application experience and on data obtained from preceding tests under normal conditions or, for purposes of accelerated aging, more severe conditions.

# 7 Handling of claims and complaints

A main aim of our quality assurance system is to prevent any defects occurring. The following details will help us to respond quickly to any complaints which you may need to make:

- description of fault
- when and how the fault was detected.
- operating conditions
- length of operation before the fault occurred

If transport damage has occurred, please describe it in detail and, if possible, mark it so that it can be distinguished from any other damage that may occur when the articles are returned. The original packaging should also be examined and damage discovered should be described. To avoid further damage, wherever possible, use the original packaging to return the articles being claimed for.

# When handling capacitors, please note:

Capacitors may still contain dangerous remnant charges. To avoid injury, never touch the terminals! Before packing capacitors, short-circuit the terminals with a permanent means of bridging them.

# **RF Chokes**

#### General

RF chokes are interference suppression chokes of particularly small size. The following versions are available:

SMDs	SIMID series	Page 53
Leaded, lacquer-coated	MCC HLBC series	Page 90
With insulating sleeve	VHF chokes	Page 114

RF chokes are needed for low-frequency and high-frequency decoupling of signal and control circuits, for filtering supply voltages, for filters and all other applications where electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) has to be ensured.

Preferred fields of application include:

- Household appliances
- Entertainment electronics
- Personal computers
- Automotive electronics
- Antenna systems
- Telecommunications
- Remote control systems

VHF chokes are especially suitable for line-voltage-related applications because of their insulating sleeve. In cases where the additional insulation is not required, however, it is perfectly safe to connect SMD chokes of the SIMID series or lacquer-coated RF chokes to mains lines.

Series connections of several chokes of different self-resonance frequencies are not to be recommended because in the frequency range between the two self-resonance frequencies one of the chokes will have an inductive impedance, the other a capacitive impedance.



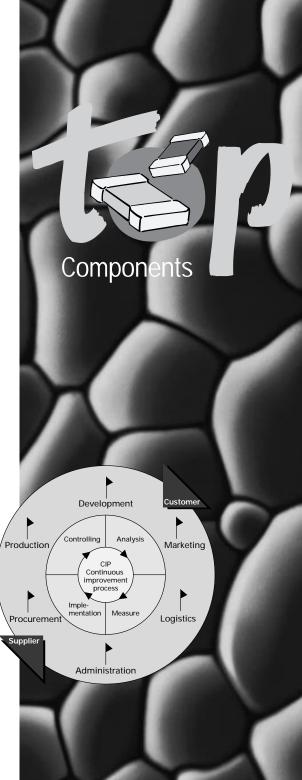
Quality without compromises

# top with TQM

We're not satisfied until you are. So our quality demands are quite tough. And they don't start in production, they span the whole field from development to despatch. To watch over it all we implemented Total Quality Management, a system aimed at continuous improvement in everything. That includes true-toschedule delivery and service readiness, ISO 9000 for all plants, modern QA, commitment to the environment in manufacturing, materials and packing plus constant training of employees. All embedded in top, the worldwide quality campaign of the Siemens organization.



More about "top with TQM" in this brochure!



# RF Chokes SIMID Series



# Selector guide SMD chokes

Size (EIA	Series	$L_{R}$	$I_{R}$	Features	Туре	Page
standard))		μΗ	mA			
0805	SIMID 08	0,010 1,0	130 540	Encapsulated High resonance frequency High Q factor	B82498 <b>NEW</b>	<u>55</u>
1008	SIMID 04	0,22	10	Encapsulated	B82494	<u>58</u>
		100	190	High resonance frequency High Q factor		
1210	SIMID 01	0,010 10	90 700	Without encapsulation Very high resonance frequency	B82412	63
1210	SIMID 02	0,0082 100	65 700	Encapsulated Silver-plated terminals Different measuring frequencies for inductance and Q factor	B82422	68
1210	SIMID 02-100	0,0082 100	65 800	Encapsulated Tinned terminals Different measuring frequencies for inductance and <i>Q</i> factor	B82422- -A****-+100	<u>73</u>
1210	SIMID 02-T	0,010 100	40 450	Encapsulated Tinned terminals Same measuring frequency for inductance and Q factor	B82422-T	<u>78</u>
1812	SIMID 03	1,0 1000	55 600	Encapsulated High current handling capability	B82432	83
2220	SIMID 05	1,0 10000	25 1800	Encapsulated Very high current handling capability	B82442 <b>NEW</b>	88



# General technical data

Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measured at frequency $f_L$ , with impedance analyzer HP 4194A
	SIMID 08: measured with HP 4191A
Q factor Q <sub>min</sub>	Measured at frequeny $f_{\rm Q}$ , with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Maximum permissible dc with an inductance decrease of $\Delta$ $L/L_0 \le 10$ % and/or a temperature increase of $\le 20$ K at rated temperature (see derating curves in the data sheets)
Self-resonance frequency $f_{\text{res, min}}$	Measured with network analyzer HP 8783D
DC resistance $R_{\text{max}}$ or $R_{\text{typ}}$	Measured at 20 °C ambient temperature, measuring current < I <sub>R</sub>
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 SIMID 01 through SIMID 03: 55/125/56 (– 55 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
	SIMID 04: 55/85/56 (– 55 °C/+ 85 °C/56 days damp heat test)
	SIMID 08: 20/85/56 (- 20 °C/+ 85 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Solderability	$(215 \pm 3)$ °C, $(3 \pm 0,3)$ s Wetting of soldering area: ≥ 95 % for SIMID 01, 02, 03 (silver-plated) ≥ 90 % for SIMID 02-100, 02-T, 04, 05 (tinned)
	$(230 \pm 5)$ °C, $(3 \pm 0.5)$ s Wetting of soldering area: $\geq 90$ % for SIMID 08 (tinned)
Resistance to soldering heat	In accordance with IEC 68-2-20, test Tb 260 °C, 10 s
Permissible PCB bending	2 mm (100 mm long standard PCB)
Taping	SIMID 01 through SIMID 03 and SIMID 05 in accordance with IEC 286-3 SIMID 04 and SIMID 08 in accordance with EIA-481, for details on taping see page 433.



#### Preliminary data

# SIMID 08 (Siemens Miniature Inductors) Rated inductance 10 to 1000 nH Rated current 0,12 to 0,54 A

# Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 0805
- Core: liquid crystal polymer (LCP)
- Molded epoxy encapsulation
- Winding: enamel copper wire, soldered
- Temperature index of wire enamel: 155 °C

#### **Features**

- High Q factor
- High resonance frequency
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering
- Same measuring frequency for L and Q

# **Applications**

- Antenna amplifiers
- Video cameras
- Mobile phones

#### **Terminals**

- Tinned
- Base material: phosphor bronze
- Suitable for soldering and conductive adhesion
- No leaching during wave soldering

#### Marking

Minimum marking on reel:
Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,
L value and tolerance of L value,
quantity, date of packing

# Delivery mode

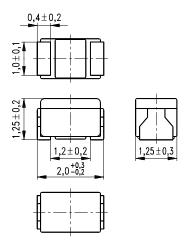
8-mm blister tape wound on 180-mm  $\emptyset$  reel For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.



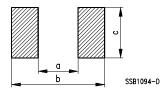


# **Outline drawing**

EIA size 0805, approx. weight 8,5 mg



PCB layout recommendation



# Dimensions (mm)

а	b	С
1,0 1,2	3,0 3,8	0,9 1,3



L <sub>R</sub> nH	Toler- ance	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>L</sub> ; f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{\mathrm{typ}} \ \Omega$	f <sub>res, min</sub> MHz	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>
10	± 10 %	12	100	540	0,15	2500	B82498-A3100-K
12	≟K	12	100	535	0,20	2500	B82498-A3120-K
15		15	100	535	0,20	2500	B82498-A3150-K
18	1	15	100	510	0,24	2000	B82498-A3180-K
22		15	100	495	0,24	2000	B82498-A3220-K
27		18	100	460	0,29	1800	B82498-A3270-K
33	± 10 %	18	100	430	0,28	1500	B82498-A3330-+
39	≟K	18	100	410	0,33	1500	B82498-A3390-+
47	±5% -≙J	18	100	390	0,38	1000	B82498-A3470-+
56	1=3	18	100	380	0,43	1000	B82498-A3560-+
68		18	100	370	0,42	800	B82498-A3680-+
82		18	100	350	0,53	800	B82498-A3820-+
100	1	10	25,2	300	0,58	800	B82498-A3101-+
120		10	25,2	280	0,74	600	B82498-A3121-+
150		10	25,2	235	1,12	600	B82498-A3151-+
180	1	10	25,2	210	1,23	600	B82498-A3181-+
220		10	25,2	200	1,41	500	B82498-A3221-+
270		10	25,2	165	1,50	300	B82498-A3271-+
330	1	10	25,2	185	1,67	200	B82498-A3331-+
390		10	25,2	175	1,74	150	B82498-A3391-+
470		10	25,2	165	1,97	150	B82498-A3471-+
560	1	10	25,2	150	2,07	100	B82498-A3561-+
680		10	25,2	150	2,32	100	B82498-A3681-+
820		10	25,2	140	2,60	80	B82498-A3821-+
1000		8	7,96	130	2,98	80	B82498-A3102-+

<sup>1)</sup> Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance



# SIMID 04 (Siemens Miniature Inductors) Rated inductance 0,22 to 100 µH Rated current 0,01 to 0,19 A

#### Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 1008
- Ferrite core
- Molded epoxy encapsulation, types ≥ 27 μH shielded
- Soldered winding
- Temperature index of wire enamel: 155 ℃

#### **Features**

- High Q factor
- High resonance frequency
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering
- Same measuring frequency for L and Q

# **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages, coupling, decoupling
- Antenna systems
- Automotive electronics
- Telecommunications

#### **Terminals**

- Tinned
- Base material: phosphor bronze, 2–4 μm Cu, ≥ 5 μm SnPb
- Suitable for soldering and conductive adhesion
- No leaching during wave soldering

#### Marking

Marking on component:

L value (in  $\mu$ H) and tolerance of L value (coded)

Minimum marking on reel:

Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,

L value and tolerance of L value.

quantity, date of packing

# **Delivery mode**

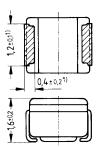
8-mm blister tape wound on 180-mm Ø reel For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.



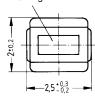


# **Outline drawing**

EIA size 1008, approx. weight 21 mg

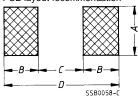


Marking





PCB layout recommendation



Dimensions (mm)	Α	В	С	D
Wave soldering	1,2	1,25	1,5	4,0
Reflow soldering	1,6	1,05	1,5	3,5

<sup>1)</sup> Soldering area, tinned



$L_{R}$ $\mu H^{1)}$	Toler- ance <sup>2)</sup>	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz <sup>3)</sup>	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max}$ $\Omega$	f <sub>res, min</sub> MHz	Ordering code
0,22	± 20 %	25	25,2	190	0,70	230	B82494-A1221-M
0,27	- M	25	25,2	180	0,75	210	B82494-A1271-M
0,33		25	25,2	170	0,85	190	B82494-A1331-M
0,39		25	25,2	160	0,95	175	B82494-A1391-M
0,47		25	25,2	155	1,00	160	B82494-A1471-M
0,56		25	25,2	150	1,10	150	B82494-A1561-M
0,68		25	25,2	140	1,25	135	B82494-A1681-M
0,82		25	25,2	130	1,40	125	B82494-A1821-M
1,0		25	7,96	195	0,65	115	B82494-A1102-M
1,2		25	7,96	180	0,75	100	B82494-A1122-M
1,5		25	7,96	170	0,85	90	B82494-A1152-M
1,8		25	7,96	160	0,95	85	B82494-A1182-M
2,2		25	7,96	155	1,05	80	B82494-A1222-M
2,7		25	7,96	145	1,20	75	B82494-A1272-M
3,3		25	7,96	135	1,30	65	B82494-A1332-M
3,9		25	7,96	130	1,40	60	B82494-A1392-M
4,7		25	7,96	125	1,55	55	B82494-A1472-M
5,6		25	7,96	120	1,75	50	B82494-A1562-M
6,8		25	7,96	115	1,95	45	B82494-A1682-M
8,2		25	7,96	105	2,20	40	B82494-A1822-M

Frequency and voltage for measuring *L* same as for measuring *Q* or 1 MHz and 0,1 V<sub>rms</sub> for *L* ≤10 μH or 100 kHz and 0,01 V<sub>rms</sub> for *L* >10 μH 2) Closer tolerances upon request

<sup>3)</sup> Measuring voltage 0,3 V<sub>rms</sub>



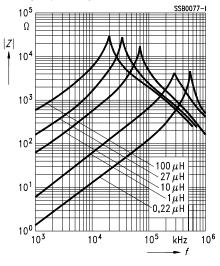
$L_{R}$ $\mu H^{1)}$	Toler- ance <sup>2)</sup>	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz <sup>3)</sup>	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max} \Omega$	f <sub>res, min</sub> MHz	Ordering code
10	±10 %	25	2,52	80	3,7	32	B82494-A1103-K
12	≟K	25	2,52	75	4,1	30	B82494-A1123-K
15		25	2,52	70	5,0	28	B82494-A1153-K
18	1	25	2,52	65	5,4	25	B82494-A1183-K
22		25	2,52	60	6,0	22	B82494-A1223-K
27		40	2,52	18	4,5	20	B82494-G1273-K
33	1	40	2,52	14	5,2	18	B82494-G1333-K
39		40	2,52	13	5,7	15	B82494-G1393-K
47		40	2,52	12	6,6	14	B82494-G1473-K
56	]	40	2,52	10	7,1	13	B82494-G1563-K
68		25	2,52	17	6,5	13	B82494-G1683-K
82		25	2,52	14	7,4	13	B82494-G1823-K
100		25	0,796	10	8,4	12	B82494-G1104-K

Frequency and voltage for measuring *L* same as for measuring *Q* or 1 MHz and 0,1 V<sub>rms</sub> for *L* ≤10 μH or 100 kHz and 0,01 V<sub>rms</sub> for *L* >10 μH
 Closer tolerances upon request

<sup>3)</sup> Measuring voltage 0,3 V<sub>rms</sub>

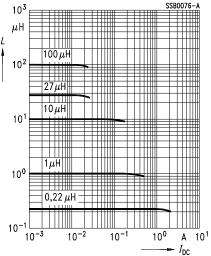


Impedance |Z|
versus frequency f
measured with impedance analyzer
HP 4191A / HP 4194A

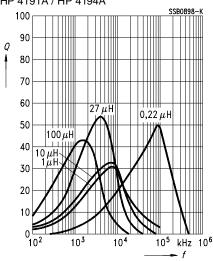


versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A

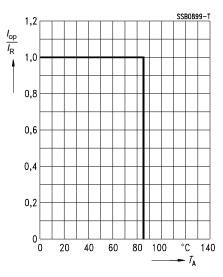
Inductance L



Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Current derating  $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$  versus ambient temperature  $T_{\rm A}$  (Rated temperature  $T_{\rm R}$  = 85 °C)





# SIMID 01 (Siemens Miniature Inductors) Rated inductance 0,010 to 10 µH Rated current 0,09 to 0,7 A

#### Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 1210
- Ceramic or ferrite core
- Single-layer winding, US-welded, without encapsulation
- Temperature index of wire enamel: 200 °C

#### **Features**

- High Q factor
- High resonance frequency
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering
- Different measuring frequencies for L and Q

# **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages, coupling, decoupling
- Antenna systems
- Automotive electronics
- Telecommunications

#### **Terminals**

- Silver-plated
- Base material: CuSn6, 1–2 μm Cu, 4–6 μm Ag
- Suitable for soldering and conductive adhesion
- No leaching during wave soldering

# Marking

Minimum marking on reel:
Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,
L value and tolerance of L value,
quantity, date of packing

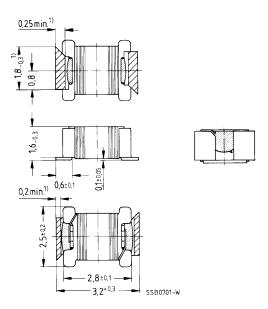
# Delivery mode

8-mm blister tape wound on 180-mm or 330-mm  $\emptyset$  reel For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.

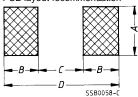


# **Outline drawing**

EIA size 1210, approx. weight 40 mg



# PCB layout recommendation



Dimensions (mm)	Α	В	С	D
Wave soldering	2,3	1,60	2,1	5,3
Reflow soldering	2,7	1,15	2,1	4,4

<sup>1)</sup> Soldering area, silver-plated



$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	$f_{L}$	$Q_{\min}$	$f_{Q}$	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>		
μΗ	ance1)	MHz		MHz	mA	Ω	MHz	(180-mm Ø reel)		
Core mat	Core material: ceramics									
0,010	± 20 %	10	25	100	700	0,10	2000	B82412-A3100-M		
0,012	- M	10	25	100	700	0,10	2000	B82412-A3120-M		
0,015		10	25	100	640	0,12	2000	B82412-A3150-M		
0,018		10	30	100	640	0,12	2000	B82412-A3180-M		
0,022	±5%	10	30	100	600	0,12	2000	B82412-A3220-+		
0,027	≟J	10	20	50	600	0,15	2000	B82412-A3270-+		
0,033	± 10 %	10	25	50	540	0,17	2000	B82412-A3330-+		
0,039	± 20 %	10	25	50	500	0,18	1600	B82412-A3390-+		
0,047	≟ M	10	25	50	470	0,22	1600	B82412-A3470-+		
0,056		10	30	50	460	0,23	1400	B82412-A3560-+		
0,068	1	10	30	50	440	0,25	1350	B82412-A3680-+		
0,082		10	30	50	430	0,27	1000	B82412-A3820-+		
0,10		10	30	50	400	0,30	1000	B82412-A3101-+		
0,12	1	1	25	30	380	0,35	900	B82412-A3121-+		
0,15		1	25	30	370	0,36	820	B82412-A3151-+		
0,18		1	25	30	340	0,42	700	B82412-A3181-+		
0,22	1	1	25	30	320	0,48	630	B82412-A3221-+		
0,27		1	30	30	300	0,55	570	B82412-A3271-+		
0,33		1	30	30	280	0,65	550	B82412-A3331-+		
0,39	1	1	30	30	260	0,75	500	B82412-A3391-+		
0,47		1	30	30	225	1,00	450	B82412-A3471-+		
0,56		1	30	30	200	1,20	430	B82412-A3561-+		
0,68	1	1	30	30	180	1,40	400	B82412-A3681-+		
0,82		1	30	30	150	2,00	380	B82412-A3821-+		

<sup>1)</sup> Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.

Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance
 For reel size Ø 330 mm append code number "8". Example: B82412-A3100-M8



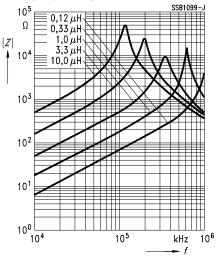
$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	$f_{l}$	$Q_{\min}$	$f_{Q}$	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>			
μĤ	ance1)	МНz	'''''	МНz	mΑ	Ω	MHz	(180-mm Ø reel)			
Core mat	Core material: ferrite										
1,0	±5%	1	30	7,96	330	0,45	300	B82412-A1102-+			
1,2	≟J	1	30	7,96	310	0,50	260	B82412-A1122-+			
1,5	± 10 % - ≜ K	1	30	7,96	300	0,55	240	B82412-A1152-+			
1,8	± 20 %	1	30	7,96	290	0,60	220	B82412-A1182-+			
2,2	≟ M	1	30	7,96	270	0,65	200	B82412-A1222-+			
2,7		1	30	7,96	220	1,05	180	B82412-A1272-+			
3,3		1	30	7,96	200	1,10	160	B82412-A1332-+			
3,9	1	1	30	7,96	190	1,35	150	B82412-A1392-+			
4,7		1	35	7,96	160	1,80	140	B82412-A1472-+			
5,6		1	35	7,96	140	2,70	125	B82412-A1562-+			
6,8	1	1	35	7,96	120	3,50	115	B82412-A1682-+			
8,2		1	35	7,96	110	3,80	100	B82412-A1822-+			
10		1	35	7,96	90	5,50	95	B82412-A1103-+			

<sup>1)</sup> Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.

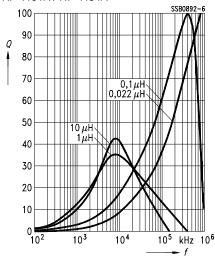
<sup>2)</sup> Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance For reel size Ø 330 mm append code number "8". Example: B82412-A1102-K8



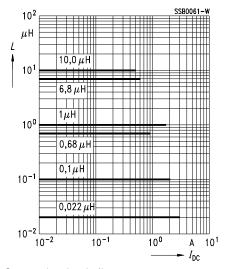
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



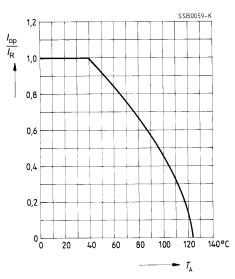
Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



Current derating  $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$  versus ambient temperature  $T_{\rm A}$  (Rated temperature  $T_{\rm R}$  = 40 °C)





# SIMID 02 (Siemens Miniature Inductors) Rated inductance 0,0082 to 100 µH Rated current 0,065 to 0,7 A

#### Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 1210
- Ceramic or ferrite core
- Winding US-welded, flame-retardant encapsulation
- Temperature index of wire enamel: 200 ℃

#### **Features**

- High Q factor
- High resonance frequency
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering
- Different measuring frequencies for L and Q

# **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages, coupling, decoupling
- Antenna systems
- Automotive electronics
- Telecommunications

# **Terminals**

- Silver-plated
- Base material: CuSn6, 1–2 μm Cu, 4–6 μm Ag
- Suitable for soldering and conductive adhesion
- No leaching during wave soldering

# Marking

Marking on component:

Manufacturer,

L value (in nH) and tolerance of L value (coded),

date of manufacture (coded)

Minimum marking on reel:

Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,

L value and tolerance of L value,

quantity, date of packing

# Delivery mode

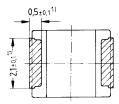
8-mm blister tape wound on 180-mm or 330-mm Ø reel For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.

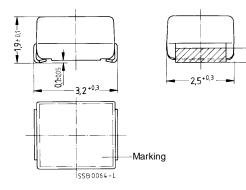




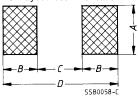
# **Outline drawing**

EIA size 1210, approx. weight 50 mg





# PCB layout recommendation



Dimensions (mm)	Α	В	С	D
Wave soldering	2,3	1,6	2,1	5,3
Reflow soldering	2,7	1,15	2,1	4,4

<sup>1)</sup> Soldering area, silver-plated



$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	$f_{L}$	$Q_{\min}$	$f_{Q}$	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>			
μĤ	ance1)	MHz		MHz	mA	Ω	MHz	(180-mm Ø reel)			
Core mat	Core material: ceramics										
0,0082	± 20 %	10	20	100	700	0,10	2000	B82422-A3829-M			
0,010	±5%	10	20	100	700	0,10	2000	B82422-A3100-+			
0,012	≟J	10	25	100	700	0,10	2000	B82422-A3120-+			
0,015	± 10 % - ≘ K	10	25	100	640	0,12	2000	B82422-A3150-+			
0,018	± 20 %	10	30	100	640	0,12	2000	B82422-A3180-+			
0,022	≟ M	10	30	100	570	0,15	2000	B82422-A3220-+			
0,027		10	20	50	570	0,15	1900	B82422-A3270-+			
0,033	1	10	20	50	530	0,19	1900	B82422-A3330-+			
0,039		10	25	50	530	0,19	1450	B82422-A3390-+			
0,047		10	25	50	480	0,21	1350	B82422-A3470-+			
0,056	1	10	25	50	470	0,23	1300	B82422-A3560-+			
0,068		10	25	50	440	0,26	1250	B82422-A3680-+			
0,082		10	25	50	415	0,29	1150	B82422-A3820-+			
0,10	1	10	25	50	400	0,30	1000	B82422-A3101-+			
0,12		1	20	30	390	0,33	880	B82422-A3121-+			
0,15		1	20	30	360	0,38	850	B82422-A3151-+			
0,18	1	1	20	30	345	0,42	800	B82422-A3181-+			
0,22		1	20	30	280	0,64	700	B82422-A3221-+			
0,27		1	20	30	250	0,76	650	B82422-A3271-+			
0,33	1	1	20	30	200	1,20	580	B82422-A3331-+			
0,39		1	20	30	180	1,50	540	B82422-A3391-+			
0,47		1	20	30	150	2,20	480	B82422-A3471-+			
0,56	]	1	20	30	145	2,40	440	B82422-A3561-+			
0,68		1	20	30	140	2,70	400	B82422-A3681-+			
0,82		1	20	30	135	3,00	350	B82422-A3821-+			

Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.
 Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance For reel size Ø 330 mm append code number "8". Example: B82422-A3100-K8



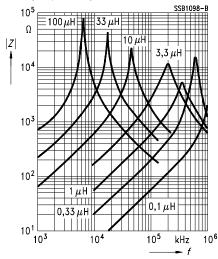
$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	$f_{\parallel}$	$Q_{\min}$	$f_{Q}$	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>		
μĤ	ance1)	МНz		МНz	mA	Ω	MHz	(180-mm Ø reel)		
Core material: ferrite										
1,0	± 5 %	1	20	7,96	380	0,34	320	B82422-A1102-+		
1,2	≟J	1	20	7,96	370	0,37	300	B82422-A1122-+		
1,5	± 10 % - ≟ K	1	20	7,96	340	0,42	270	B82422-A1152-+		
1,8	1 = K ± 20 %	1	25	7,96	290	0,60	250	B82422-A1182-+		
2,2	≟ M	1	25	7,96	270	0,75	230	B82422-A1222-+		
2,7		1	25	7,96	240	0,88	210	B82422-A1272-+		
3,3	1	1	25	7,96	200	1,20	180	B82422-A1332-+		
3,9		1	25	7,96	175	1,65	165	B82422-A1392-+		
4,7		1	25	7,96	150	2,20	145	B82422-A1472-+		
5,6	1	1	25	7,96	140	2,60	135	B82422-A1562-+		
6,8		1	25	7,96	135	2,80	115	B82422-A1682-+		
8,2		1	25	7,96	130	3,00	85	B82422-A1822-+		
10	1	1	25	2,52	180	1,60	21	B82422-A1103-+		
12		0,1	25	2,52	175	1,65	18,5	B82422-A1123-+		
15		0,1	25	2,52	165	1,85	17,5	B82422-A1153-+		
18	1	0,1	25	2,52	155	2,00	15,5	B82422-A1183-+		
22		0,1	25	2,52	145	2,50	14,0	B82422-A1223-+		
27		0,1	25	2,52	120	3,70	12,0	B82422-A1273-+		
33	1	0,1	25	2,52	110	4,40	11,5	B82422-A1333-+		
39		0,1	25	2,52	90	6,30	9,0	B82422-A1393-+		
47		0,1	25	2,52	85	7,00	8,0	B82422-A1473-+		
56	1	0,1	25	2,52	85	6,75	8,0	B82422-A1563-+		
68		0,1	25	2,52	80	7,70	7,5	B82422-A1683-+		
82		0,1	20	2,52	70	10,0	6,5	B82422-A1823-+		
100		0,1	20	2,52	65	11,5	6,0	B82422-A1104-+		

<sup>1)</sup> Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.

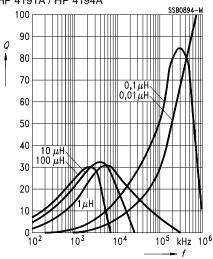
Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance For reel size Ø 330 mm append code number "8". Example: B82422-A1102-K8



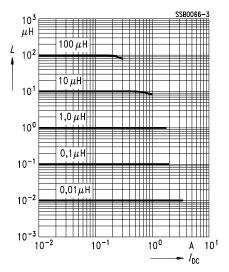
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



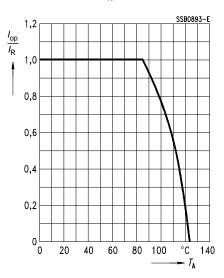
Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Inductance *L* versus dc load *I*<sub>DC</sub> measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



Current derating  $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$ versus ambient temperature  $T_{\rm A}$ (Rated temperature  $T_{\rm R}$  = 85 °C)





# SIMID 02-100 (Siemens Miniature Inductors) European standard Rated inductance 0,0082 to 100 µH Rated current 0,065 to 0,8 A

# £ 5245

#### Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 1210
- · Ceramic or ferrite core
- Winding laser-welded, flame-retardant encapsulation
- Temperature index of wire enamel: 180 °C

#### **Features**

- High Q factor
- High resonance frequency
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering
- Different measuring frequencies for L and Q

## **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages, coupling, decoupling
- Antenna systems
- Automotive electronics
- Telecommunications

#### **Terminals**

- Tinned
- Base material: CuSn6, 0,4 μm Cu, 0,1μm Ni, 5–7 μm Sn
- Suitable for soldering and conductive adhesion
- No leaching during wave soldering

## Marking

Marking on component:

Manufacturer.

L value (in nH) and tolerance of L value (coded), date of manufacture (coded)

Minimum marking on reel:

Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,

L value and tolerance of L value,

quantity, date of packing

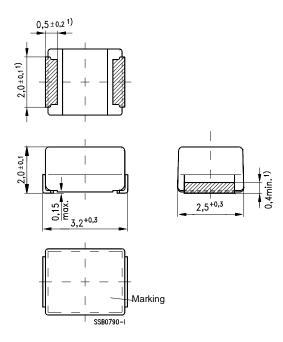
## **Delivery mode**

8-mm blister tape wound on 180-mm or 330-mm Ø reel For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.

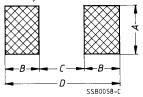


# **Outline drawing**

EIA size 1210, approx. weight 50 mg



# PCB layout recommendation



Dimensions (mm)	Α	В	С	D
Wave soldering	2,3	1,60	2,1	5,3
Reflow soldering	2,7	1,15	2,1	4,4

<sup>1)</sup> Soldering area, tinned



For further technical data see page 54.

$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	$f_{L}$	$Q_{\min}$	$f_{Q}$	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>			
-κ μΗ	ance <sup>1)</sup>	MHz	~min	MHz	mA	$\Omega$	MHz	(180-mm Ø reel)			
Core mat	Core material: ceramics										
0,0082	± 5 %	10	20	100	800	0,08	2500	B82422-A3829-+100			
0,010	≟J	10	20	100	750	0,09	2500	B82422-A3100-+100			
0,012	± 10 % - ≘ K	10	25	100	700	0,10	2500	B82422-A3120-+100			
0,015	± 20 %	10	27	100	640	0,12	2500	B82422-A3150-+100			
0,018	≟ M	10	30	100	640	0,12	2500	B82422-A3180-+100			
0,022		10	30	100	600	0,14	2500	B82422-A3220-+100			
0,027	1	10	23	50	600	0,14	1850	B82422-A3270-+100			
0,033		10	20	50	540	0,17	1700	B82422-A3330-+100			
0,039		10	25	50	530	0,18	1450	B82422-A3390-+100			
0,047	1	10	26	50	510	0,19	1350	B82422-A3470-+100			
0,056		10	26	50	500	0,20	1200	B82422-A3560-+100			
0,068		10	27	50	480	0,21	1150	B82422-A3680-+100			
0,082	]	10	27	50	450	0,24	1050	B82422-A3820-+100			
0,10		10	25	50	440	0,26	1000	B82422-A3101-+100			
0,12		1	22	30	400	0,32	880	B82422-A3121-+100			
0,15	]	1	25	30	390	0,33	850	B82422-A3151-+100			
0,18		1	25	30	360	0,38	800	B82422-A3181-+100			
0,22		1	25	30	280	0,64	700	B82422-A3221-+100			
0,27	1	1	20	30	235	0,90	650	B82422-A3271-+100			
0,33		1	22	30	200	1,3	580	B82422-A3331-+100			
0,39		1	22	30	190	1,4	540	B82422-A3391-+100			
0,47	1	1	22	30	150	2,2	480	B82422-A3471-+100			
0,56		1	22	30	150	2,2	400	B82422-A3561-+100			
0,68		1	22	30	145	2,4	180	B82422-A3681-+100			
0,82		1	22	30	140	2,5	160	B82422-A3821-+100			

Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.
 Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance
 For reel size ∅ 330 mm append code number "8". Example: B82422-A3829-K108



For further technical data see page 54.

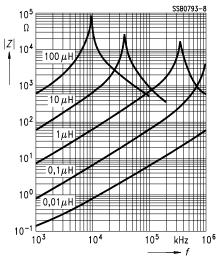
$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	$f_{L}$	$Q_{\min}$	$f_{Q}$	I <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>			
μΗ	ance1)	MHz		MHz	mA	Ω	MHz	(180-mm Ø reel)			
Core ma	Core material: ferrite										
1,0	±5%	1	20	7,96	380	0,34	320	B82422-A1102-+100			
1,2	≟J	1	20	7,96	370	0,37	300	B82422-A1122-+100			
1,5	± 10 % - ≘ K	1	20	7,96	340	0,42	270	B82422-A1152-+100			
1,8	± 20 %	1	25	7,96	290	0,60	250	B82422-A1182-+100			
2,2	≟ M	1	25	7,96	270	0,75	125	B82422-A1222-+100			
2,7		1	25	7,96	240	0,88	110	B82422-A1272-+100			
3,3	Ī	1	27	7,96	200	1,20	110	B82422-A1332-+100			
3,9		1	27	7,96	190	1,40	110	B82422-A1392-+100			
4,7		1	27	7,96	150	2,20	110	B82422-A1472-+100			
5,6	Ī	1	27	7,96	140	2,60	100	B82422-A1562-+100			
6,8		1	27	7,96	135	2,80	90	B82422-A1682-+100			
8,2		1	27	7,96	130	3,00	90	B82422-A1822-+100			
10	Ī	1	27	2,52	180	1,60	25	B82422-A1103-+100			
12		0,1	27	2,52	175	1,65	23	B82422-A1123-+100			
15		0,1	27	2,52	165	1,85	20	B82422-A1153-+100			
18	Ī	0,1	27	2,52	155	2,00	17	B82422-A1183-+100			
22		0,1	27	2,52	140	2,65	16	B82422-A1223-+100			
27		0,1	27	2,52	120	3,70	15	B82422-A1273-+100			
33	Ī	0,1	27	2,52	105	4,50	13	B82422-A1333-+100			
39		0,1	27	2,52	90	6,30	12	B82422-A1393-+100			
47		0,1	27	2,52	85	7,00	11	B82422-A1473-+100			
56	1	0,1	27	2,52	85	6,75	9	B82422-A1563-+100			
68		0,1	27	2,52	80	7,70	9	B82422-A1683-+100			
82		0,1	27	2,52	70	10,0	8	B82422-A1823-+100			
100		0,1	27	2,52	65	11,5	7	B82422-A1104-+100			

<sup>11)</sup> Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.

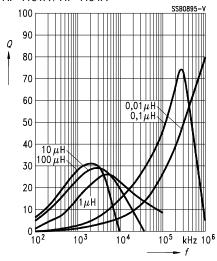
<sup>2)</sup> Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance For reel size Ø 330 mm insert code number "8". Example: B82422-A1102-K108



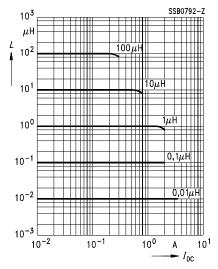
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



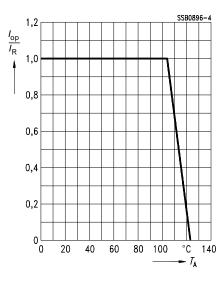
Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load I<sub>DC</sub> measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



Current derating I<sub>op</sub>/I<sub>R</sub> versus ambient temperature  $T_A$ (Rated temperature  $T_R = 105 \degree C$ )





# SIMID 02-T (Siemens Miniature Inductors) World standard Rated inductance 0,010 to 100 µH Rated current 0,04 to 0,45 A

# £ 1361

#### Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 1210
- · Ceramics or ferrite core
- Winding laser-welded, flame-retardant encapsulation
- Temperature index of wire enamel: 180 ℃

#### **Features**

- High Q factor
- High resonance frequency
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering
- Same measuring frequency for L and Q

## **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages, coupling, decoupling
- Antenna systems
- Automotive electronics
- Telecommunications

#### **Terminals**

- Tinned
- Base material: CuSn6, 0,4 μm Cu, 0,1μm Ni, 5–7 μm Sn
- Suitable for soldering and conductive adhesion
- No leaching during wave soldering

#### Marking

Marking on component:

Manufacturer.

L value (in  $\mu$ H) and tolerance of L value (coded), date of manufacture (coded)

Minimum marking on reel:

Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,

L value and tolerance of L value,

quantity, date of packing

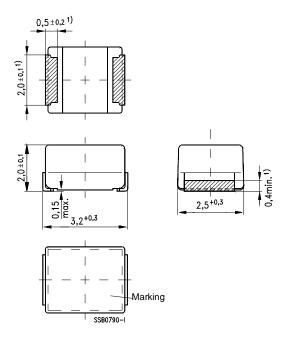
## **Delivery mode**

8-mm blister tape wound on 180-mm or 330-mm Ø reel For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.

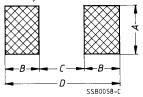


# **Outline drawing**

EIA size 1210, approx. weight 50 mg



# PCB layout recommendation



Dimensions (mm)	Α	В	С	D
Wave soldering	2,3	1,60	2,1	5,3
Reflow soldering	2,7	1,15	2,1	4,4

<sup>1)</sup> Soldering area, tinned



For further technical data see page 54.

Core material: ceramics           0,010         ± 5 %         15         100         450         0,10         2500         B82422-T3100-+           0,012         ± 10 %         ± 10 %         19         100         450         0,11         2500         B82422-T3120-+           0,018         ± 10 %         19         100         450         0,14         2000         B82422-T3180-+           0,022         23         100         450         0,16         2000         B82422-T320-+           0,027         23         100         450         0,16         2000         B82422-T3320-+           0,033         25         100         450         0,18         1700         B82422-T3320-+           0,033         25         100         450         0,18         1700         B82422-T3330-+           0,039         25         100         450         0,20         1300         B82422-T3390-+           0,047         26         100         450         0,21         1100         B82422-T3390-+           0,068         27         100         450         0,21         1100         B82422-T3380-+           0,10         28         10	L <sub>R</sub> μΗ	Toler- ance <sup>1)</sup>	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>L</sub> ; f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u> </u>		l mion	IVITZ	mA	72	IVITZ	(180-mm Ø reei)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				100	450	0.40	2500	D92422 T2400 I
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	,	I						
Solution   Solution	,	I	' '			· ·		
0,022 0,027 0,033 0,039 0,047 0,056 0,068 0,27 0,100						· ·		
0,027         0,033         25         100         450         0,17         1700         B82422-T3270+           0,039         25         100         450         0,18         1700         B82422-T3330+           0,047         26         100         450         0,19         1300         B82422-T3390+           0,056         26         100         450         0,20         1300         B82422-T3560+           0,068         27         100         450         0,23         1000         B82422-T3680+           0,082         27         100         450         0,26         1000         B82422-T3820+           0,10         28         100         450         0,26         1000         B82422-T3101+           Core material: ferrite           0,12         ± 5 %         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1121+           0,18         ± 10 %         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1181+           0,22         30         25,2         450         0,19         500         B82422-T1121+           0,27         30         25,2         450         0,25	•							
0,033         25         100         450         0,18         1700         B82422-T3330++           0,039         25         100         450         0,19         1300         B82422-T3390++           0,047         26         100         450         0,20         1300         B82422-T3470++           0,056         26         100         450         0,21         1100         B82422-T3560++           0,068         27         100         450         0,23         1000         B82422-T3680++           0,082         27         100         450         0,26         1000         B82422-T3820++           0,10         28         100         450         0,31         900         B82422-T3101++           Core material: ferrite           0,12         ± 5 %         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1121++           0,18         ± 10 %         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1181++           0,22         30         25,2         450         0,19         500         B82422-T1181++           0,27         30         25,2         450         0,25         500			_					
0,039 0,047         25 26 100         100 450         0,19 0,20         1300 1300         B82422-T3390-+ B82422-T3470-+ B82422-T3560-+ B82422-T3560-+ B82422-T3680-+ B82422-T3680-+ B82422-T3820-+ B82422-T3820-+ B82422-T3820-+ B82422-T3101-+           0,082 0,10         27 28 100         100 450         0,23 0,31 900         1000 B82422-T3820-+ B82422-T3101-+           0,10         28 100         450 450         0,31 900         900 B82422-T3101-+           Core material: ferrite         0,15 900         900 B82422-T1121-+ 900         B82422-T1121-+ 900           0,18 902         30 25,2 450 90         0,18 900         882422-T1121-+ 900           0,18 902         30 25,2 450 90         0,18 900         882422-T1121-+ 900           0,22 90,27 90,27 90,33         30 25,2 450 90         0,20 90         500 90 90         882422-T1181-+ 900           0,33 90 90,25 90         900 90         882422-T1121-+ 900         882422-T1121-+ 900         882422-T1131-+ 900           0,21 90         900 90         882422-T121-+ 900         882422-T1311-+ 900         882422-T1311-+ 900           0,22 90         900 90         882422-T1311-+ 900         882422-T1311-+ 900         882422-T1311-+ 900           0,22 90         900 90         882422-T1311-+ 900         882422-T1311-+ 900         900 900 900         900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900		1				· ·		
0,047         26         100         450         0,20         1300         B82422-T3470++           0,056         26         100         450         0,21         1100         B82422-T3560++           0,068         27         100         450         0,23         1000         B82422-T3680++           0,082         27         100         450         0,26         1000         B82422-T3820++           0,10         28         100         450         0,31         900         B82422-T3101++           Core material: ferrite           0,12         ± 5 %         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1121++           0,15         ⇒ J         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1151++           0,18         ± 10 %         ± 10 %         30         25,2         450         0,19         500         B82422-T1181++           0,27         30         25,2         450         0,20         500         B82422-T1221++           0,33         30         25,2         450         0,23         500         B82422-T1331++           0,47         30         25,2         45			_					
0,056         26         100         450         0,21         1100         B82422-T3560-+           0,068         27         100         450         0,23         1000         B82422-T3680-+           0,082         27         100         450         0,26         1000         B82422-T3820-+           0,10         28         100         450         0,31         900         B82422-T3101-+           Core material: ferrite           0,12         ±5 %         30         25,2         450         0,15         900         B82422-T1121-+           0,15         ⇒ J         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1151-+           0,18         ± 10 %         ⇒ J         30         25,2         450         0,19         500         B82422-T1181-+           0,22         30         25,2         450         0,20         500         B82422-T1221-+           0,27         30         25,2         450         0,21         500         B82422-T1331-+           0,33         30         25,2         450         0,23         500         B82422-T1331-+           0,47         30         25,2         450 <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td> <td></td> <td></td>	,		_			· ·		
0,068	0,047			100		0,20		B82422-T3470-+
0,082 0,10         27 28         100 450         450 0,31         0,26 900         1000 B82422-T3820-+ B82422-T3101-+           Core material: ferrite         0,12         ± 5 % ± 10 % ± 10 % ± 10 % ± K         30 25,2         25,2         450 0,18         0,15 700         900 B82422-T1121-+ 9000         882422-T1121-+ 9000         882422-T1121-+ 9000         882422-T1121-+ 9000         882422-T1181-+ 9000         882422-T1181-+ 9000         882422-T1181-+ 9000         882422-T1181-+ 9000         882422-T1181-+ 9000         882422-T1221-+ 9000         900         882422-T1121-+ 9000         882422-T1181-+ 9000         900         882422-T1121-+ 9000         900         882422-T1311-+ 9000         900         882422-T1311-+ 9000         900         882422-T1311-+ 9000         900         882422-T1311-+ 9000         900         882422-T1311-+ 9000         900         882422-T1311-+ 9000         900         900         882422-T1311-+ 9000         900         900         900         900         900         900         900         900         900         900	0,056		26	100	450	0,21	1100	B82422-T3560-+
O,10         28         100         450         0,31         900         B82422-T3101-+           Core material: ferrite         O,12         ± 5 %         30         25,2         450         0,15         900         B82422-T1121-+           0,15         = J         30         25,2         450         0,18         700         B82422-T1151-+           0,18         ± 10 %         30         25,2         450         0,19         500         B82422-T1181-+           0,22         30         25,2         450         0,20         500         B82422-T1221-+           0,27         30         25,2         450         0,21         500         B82422-T1271-+           0,33         30         25,2         450         0,23         500         B82422-T1331-+           0,39         30         25,2         450         0,25         400         B82422-T1391-+           0,47         30         25,2         450         0,30         400         B82422-T1471-+           0,56         30         25,2         450         0,31         300         B82422-T1681-+           0,82         30         25,2         450         0,34         300         <	0,068		27	100	450	0,23	1000	B82422-T3680-+
Core material: ferrite  0,12	0,082		27	100	450	0,26	1000	B82422-T3820-+
0,12       ±5 %       30       25,2       450       0,15       900       B82422-T1121-+         0,15       ± 10 %       30       25,2       450       0,18       700       B82422-T1151-+         0,18       ± 10 %       30       25,2       450       0,19       500       B82422-T1181-+         0,22       30       25,2       450       0,20       500       B82422-T1221-+         30       25,2       450       0,21       500       B82422-T1271-+         30       25,2       450       0,23       500       B82422-T1331-+         30       25,2       450       0,23       500       B82422-T1391-+         30       25,2       450       0,25       400       B82422-T1391-+         30       25,2       450       0,30       400       B82422-T1471-+         0,56       30       25,2       450       0,31       300       B82422-T1561-+         30       25,2       450       0,34       300       B82422-T1681-+         30       25,2       450       0,38       300       B82422-T1821-+         1,0       30       7,96       400       0,6       300	0,10		28	100	450	0,31	900	B82422-T3101-+
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Core mat	erial: ferr	ite			•	•	
0,18	0,12	1	30	25,2	450	0,15	900	B82422-T1121-+
0,16	0,15	-	30	25,2	450	0,18	700	B82422-T1151-+
0,22       30       25,2       450       0,20       500       B82422-T1221-+         0,27       30       25,2       450       0,21       500       B82422-T1271-+         0,33       30       25,2       450       0,23       500       B82422-T1331-+         0,39       30       25,2       450       0,25       400       B82422-T1391-+         0,47       30       25,2       450       0,30       400       B82422-T1471-+         0,56       30       25,2       450       0,31       300       B82422-T1561-+         0,68       30       25,2       450       0,34       300       B82422-T1681-+         1,0       30       7,96       400       0,6       300       B82422-T1102-+         1,2       30       7,96       390       0,7       250       B82422-T1122-+         1,5       30       7,96       370       0,7       200       B82422-T1152-+         1,8       30       7,96       350       0,8       140       B82422-T1182-+	0,18		30	25,2	450	0,19	500	B82422-T1181-+
0,33         30         25,2         450         0,23         500         B82422-T1331-+           0,39         30         25,2         450         0,25         400         B82422-T1391-+           0,47         30         25,2         450         0,30         400         B82422-T1471-+           0,56         30         25,2         450         0,31         300         B82422-T1561-+           0,68         30         25,2         450         0,34         300         B82422-T1681-+           0,82         30         25,2         450         0,38         300         B82422-T1821-+           1,0         30         7,96         400         0,6         300         B82422-T1102-+           1,2         30         7,96         390         0,7         250         B82422-T1122-+           1,5         30         7,96         370         0,7         200         B82422-T1182-+           1,8         30         7,96         350         0,8         140         B82422-T1182-+	0,22	1=K	30	25,2	450	0,20	500	B82422-T1221-+
0,39     30     25,2     450     0,25     400     B82422-T1391-+       0,47     30     25,2     450     0,30     400     B82422-T1471-+       0,56     30     25,2     450     0,31     300     B82422-T1561-+       0,68     30     25,2     450     0,34     300     B82422-T1681-+       0,82     30     25,2     450     0,38     300     B82422-T1821-+       1,0     30     7,96     400     0,6     300     B82422-T1102-+       1,2     30     7,96     390     0,7     250     B82422-T1122-+       1,5     30     7,96     370     0,7     200     B82422-T1152-+       1,8     30     7,96     350     0,8     140     B82422-T1182-+	0,27		30	25,2	450	0,21	500	B82422-T1271-+
0,47     30     25,2     450     0,30     400     B82422-T1471-+       0,56     30     25,2     450     0,31     300     B82422-T1561-+       0,68     30     25,2     450     0,34     300     B82422-T1681-+       0,82     30     25,2     450     0,38     300     B82422-T1821-+       1,0     30     7,96     400     0,6     300     B82422-T1102-+       1,2     30     7,96     390     0,7     250     B82422-T1122-+       1,5     30     7,96     370     0,7     200     B82422-T1152-+       1,8     30     7,96     350     0,8     140     B82422-T1182-+	0,33		30	25,2	450	0,23	500	B82422-T1331-+
0,56         30         25,2         450         0,31         300         B82422-T1561-+           0,68         30         25,2         450         0,34         300         B82422-T1681-+           0,82         30         25,2         450         0,38         300         B82422-T1821-+           1,0         30         7,96         400         0,6         300         B82422-T1102-+           1,2         30         7,96         390         0,7         250         B82422-T1122-+           1,5         30         7,96         370         0,7         200         B82422-T1152-+           1,8         30         7,96         350         0,8         140         B82422-T1182-+	0,39	1	30	25,2	450	0,25	400	B82422-T1391-+
0,68     30     25,2     450     0,34     300     B82422-T1681-+       0,82     30     25,2     450     0,38     300     B82422-T1821-+       1,0     30     7,96     400     0,6     300     B82422-T1102-+       1,2     30     7,96     390     0,7     250     B82422-T1122-+       1,5     30     7,96     370     0,7     200     B82422-T1152-+       1,8     30     7,96     350     0,8     140     B82422-T1182-+	0,47		30	25,2	450	0,30	400	B82422-T1471-+
0,82     30     25,2     450     0,38     300     B82422-T1821-+       1,0     30     7,96     400     0,6     300     B82422-T1102-+       1,2     30     7,96     390     0,7     250     B82422-T1122-+       1,5     30     7,96     370     0,7     200     B82422-T1152-+       1,8     30     7,96     350     0,8     140     B82422-T1182-+	0,56		30	25,2	450	0,31	300	B82422-T1561-+
1,0     30     7,96     400     0,6     300     B82422-T1102-+       1,2     30     7,96     390     0,7     250     B82422-T1122-+       1,5     30     7,96     370     0,7     200     B82422-T1152-+       1,8     30     7,96     350     0,8     140     B82422-T1182-+	0,68	1	30	25,2	450	0,34	300	B82422-T1681-+
1,2     30     7,96     390     0,7     250     B82422-T1122-+       1,5     30     7,96     370     0,7     200     B82422-T1152-+       1,8     30     7,96     350     0,8     140     B82422-T1182-+	0,82		30	25,2	450	0,38	300	B82422-T1821-+
1,5 30 7,96 370 0,7 200 B82422-T1152-+ 1,8 30 7,96 350 0,8 140 B82422-T1182-+	1,0		30	7,96	400	0,6	300	B82422-T1102-+
1,8 30 7,96 350 0,8 140 B82422-T1182-+	1,2	1	30	7,96	390	0,7	250	B82422-T1122-+
	1,5		30	7,96	370	0,7	200	B82422-T1152-+
2,2   30   7,96   320   0,8   100   B82422-T1222-+	1,8		30	7,96	350	0,8	140	B82422-T1182-+
	2,2		30	7,96	320	0,8	100	B82422-T1222-+

Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.
 Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance
 For reel size ∅ 330 mm append code number "8". Example: B82422-T3100-K8



For further technical data see page 54.

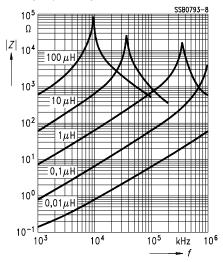
$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	Q <sub>min</sub>	$f_{L}; f_{Q}$	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res, min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>		
μΗ	ance1)		MHz	mA	Ω	MHz	(180-mm Ø reel)		
Core ma	Core material: ferrite								
2,7	± 5 %	30	7,96	290	0,9	70	B82422-T1272-+		
3,3	≟J	30	7,96	260	1,2	60	B82422-T1332-+		
3,9	± 10 % - ≘ K	30	7,96	250	1,3	60	B82422-T1392-+		
4,7	]=K	30	7,96	220	1,5	50	B82422-T1472-+		
5,6		27	7,96	200	1,6	45	B82422-T1562-+		
6,8		27	7,96	180	1,8	40	B82422-T1682-+		
8,2	1	27	7,96	170	2,0	35	B82422-T1822-+		
10		27	2,52	150	2,1	30	B82422-T1103-+		
12		27	2,52	140	2,5	25	B82422-T1123-+		
15		27	2,52	130	2,8	20	B82422-T1153-+		
18		27	2,52	120	3,0	20	B82422-T1183-+		
22		27	2,52	110	3,5	20	B82422-T1223-+		
27		27	2,52	80	4,5	20	B82422-T1273-+		
33		27	2,52	70	5,6	17	B82422-T1333-+		
39		27	2,52	65	6,4	16	B82422-T1393-+		
47		27	2,52	60	7,0	15	B82422-T1473-+		
56		27	2,52	55	8,0	12	B82422-T1563-+		
68		27	2,52	50	9,0	9	B82422-T1683-+		
82		25	2,52	45	10	9	B82422-T1823-+		
100		20	0,796	40	11	8	B82422-T1104-+		

<sup>1)</sup> Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.

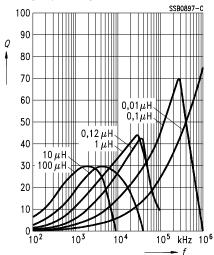
<sup>2)</sup> Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance For reel size Ø 330 mm append code number "8". Example: B82422-T1272-K8



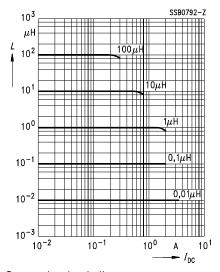
Impedance |Z|
versus frequency f
measured with impedance analyzer
HP 4191A / HP 4194A



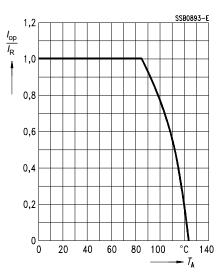
Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



Current derating  $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$  versus ambient temperature  $T_{\rm A}$  (Rated temperature  $T_{\rm R}$  = 85 °C)





# SIMID 03 (Siemens Miniature Inductors) Rated inductance 1,0 to 1000 µH Rated current 0,055 to 0,6 A

#### Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 1812
- Ferrite core
- Winding US-welded, flame-retardant encapsulation
- Temperature index of wire enamel: ≥180 °C

#### **Features**

- High current handling capability
- High Q factor
- High resonance frequency
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering
- Different measuring frequencies for L and Q

#### **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages, coupling, decoupling
- Antenna systems
- Automotive electronics
- Telecommunications

#### Terminals

- Silver-plated
- Base material: CuSn6, 1–2 μm Cu, 4–6 μm Ag
- Suitable for soldering and conductive adhesion
- No leaching during wave soldering

## Marking

Marking on component:

Manufacturer.

L value (in nH) and tolerance of L value (coded),

date of manufacture (coded)

Minimum marking on reel:

Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,

L value and tolerance of L value.

quantity, date of packing

#### Delivery mode

12-mm blister tape wound on 330-mm Ø reel

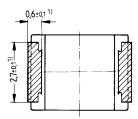
For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.

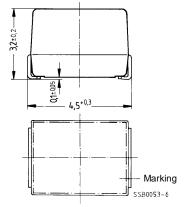


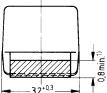


# **Outline drawing**

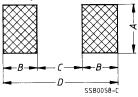
EIA size 1812, approx. weight 130 mg







# PCB layout recommendation



Dimensions (mm)	Α	В	С	D
Wave soldering	3,1	1,7	3,2	6,6
Reflow soldering	3,6	1,3	3,2	5,8

<sup>1)</sup> Soldering area, silver-plated



For further technical data see page 54.

$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	f	$Q_{\min}$	f <sub>O</sub>	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f .	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
-R μH	ance <sup>1)</sup>	'L   MHz	™in	MHz	mA	Ω	f <sub>res, min</sub> MHz	Ordering code /
1,0	± 10 %	1	25	7,96	600	0,28	260	B82432-A1102-+
1,2	≟K	1	25	7,96	560	0,32	250	B82432-A1122-+
1,5	± 20 %	1	25	7,96	535	0,35	230	B82432-A1152-+
1,8	- ≜ M	1	25	7,96	490	0,41	210	B82432-A1182-+
2,2		1	30	7,96	480	0,43	190	B82432-A1222-+
2,7		1	30	7,96	450	0,49	170	B82432-A1272-+
3,3	1	1	30	7,96	425	0,55	155	B82432-A1332-+
3,9		1	30	7,96	410	0,59	145	B82432-A1392-+
4,7		1	30	7,96	390	0,65	110	B82432-A1472-+
5,6	1	1	30	7,96	375	0,71	100	B82432-A1562-+
6,8		1	30	7,96	360	0,78	75	B82432-A1682-+
8,2		1	30	7,96	330	0,92	23	B82432-A1822-+
10		1	45	2,52	320	0,98	22	B82432-A1103-+
12		0,1	45	2,52	300	1,10	19	B82432-A1123-+
15		0,1	45	2,52	280	1,25	17	B82432-A1153-+
18	1	0,1	45	2,52	270	1,35	15	B82432-A1183-+
22		0,1	45	2,52	260	1,45	13	B82432-A1223-+
27		0,1	45	2,52	245	1,65	12	B82432-A1273-+
33	±5%	0,1	45	2,52	230	1,85	10,5	B82432-A1333-+
39	≟J	0,1	45	2,52	220	2,05	10,0	B82432-A1393-+
47	± 10 %	0,1	40	2,52	210	2,3	9,5	B82432-A1473-+
56	± 20 %	0,1	40	2,52	200	2,5	9,0	B82432-A1563-+
68	≟M	0,1	40	2,52	190	2,8	8,0	B82432-A1683-+
82		0,1	35	2,52	175	3,2	7,0	B82432-A1823-+
100		0,1	40	2,52	145	4,7	6,5	B82432-A1104-+
120		0,1	35	0,796	140	5,2	6,0	B82432-A1124-+
150		0,1	35	0,796	130	6,1	5,5	B82432-A1154-+
180	1	0,1	35	0,796	120	6,9	5,0	B82432-A1184-+
220		0,1	30	0,796	115	7,5	4,6	B82432-A1224-+

Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.
 Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance



For further technical data see page 54.

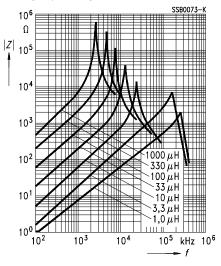
L <sub>R</sub> μΗ	Toler- ance <sup>1)</sup>	f <sub>L</sub> MHz	$Q_{\min}$	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max} \Omega$	f <sub>res, min</sub> MHz	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
270	±5%	0,1	30	0,796	90	12,5	4,4	B82432-A1274-+
330	Ĵ	0,1	30	0,796	85	14,1	4,1	B82432-A1334-+
390	± 10 % - ≘ K	0,1	35	0,796	80	15,3	3,8	B82432-A1394-+
470	± 20 %	0,1	35	0,796	75	17,5	3,5	B82432-A1474-+
560	≟ M	0,1	30	0,796	70	23,0	2,8	B82432-A1564-+
680		0,1	30	0,796	65	25,0	2,6	B82432-A1684-+
820	1	0,1	30	0,796	60	28,0	2,5	B82432-A1824-+
1000		0,1	30	0,796	55	32,0	2,3	B82432-A1105-+

<sup>1)</sup> Closer tolerances and special versions upon request.

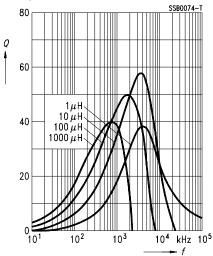
<sup>2)</sup> Replace the + by the code letter for the required inductance tolerance



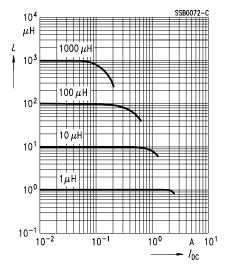
Impedance |Z|
versus frequency f
measured with impedance analyzer
HP 4191A / HP 4194A



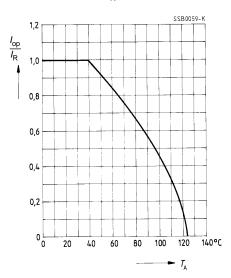
Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



Current derating  $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$  versus ambient temperature  $T_{\rm A}$  (Rated temperature  $T_{\rm R}$  = 40 °C)





#### Preliminary data

SIMID 05 (Siemens Miniature Inductors) Rated inductance 1 to 10000 µH Rated current 0,025 to 1,8 A

#### Construction

- Size as per EIA standard: 2220
- Upright ferrite drum core
- Winding laser-welded, flame-retardant encapsulation
- Temperature index of wire enamel: 180 °C

#### **Features**

- Very high current handling capability
- High inductance ratings
- Suitable for reflow (IR and vapor phase) and wave soldering

# **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages, coupling, decoupling
- DC/DC converters
- Automotive electronics
- Telecommunications

#### **Terminals**

- Tinned
- Base material: CuSn6, 0,4 μm Cu, 0,1 μm Ni, 5–7 μm Sn
- No leaching during wave soldering

## Marking

Marking on component:

Manufacturer, date of manufacture (coded)

L value (in  $\mu$ H) and tolerance of L value (coded),

Minimum marking on reel:

Manufacturer, part number, ordering code,

L value and tolerance of L value, quantity, date of packing

#### Delivery mode

12-mm blister tape wound on 330-mm Ø reel

For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.

## Characteristics and ordering code

$L_{R}$	I <sub>R</sub>	Ordering code
μΗ	mA	
1,0 10 000	25 1800	B82442-A1***-+

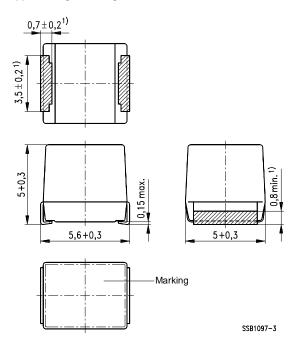
Available from 1/97.



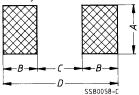


# **Outline drawing**

EIA size 2220, approx. weight 400 mg



# PCB layout recommendation



Dimensions (mm)	Α	В	C	D
Wave/reflow soldering	4,5	2,0	4,0	8,0

<sup>1)</sup> Soldering area, tinned

# RF Chokes MCC ... HLBC Series

# Selector guide leaded chokes

Series	I <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>R</sub>	Dimensions  Ø× I (max.)	Min. le spacir (mm)		Features	Туре	Page
	Α	μН	mm	axial	radial			
MCC	0,085 1,12	0,1 100	3,3 × 7,0	10	5	Low inductance ratings High resonance frequency Low total height	B78108-T B78148-T	93
SBC	0,055 0,725	1 1000	3,0 × 6,8	10	5	Small size Relatively high rated current	B82141	97
BC	0,055 1,2	1 4700	4,0 × 9,2	12,5	5	For general-purpose application	B78108-S B78148-S	101
HBC	0,85 2,0	1 27	4,0 × 9,2	12,5	5	Very high rated current Relatively small size	B82143	105
LBC	0,02 2,2	1 100000	5,2 × 12,0	15	_	Very wide inductance range High rated current	B82144	108
HLBC	0,11 0,86	100 10000	6,5 × 12,0	15	_	Very high rated current High inductance ratings	B82145	111

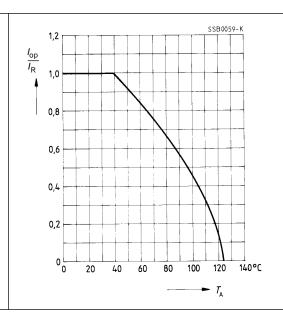
# RF Chokes MCC ... HLBC Series

# General technical data

Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measuring frequency: L ≤ 10 μH= 1 MHz
Nated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	10 $\mu$ H < $L \le 4700 \mu$ H = 100 kHz
	$L > 4700  \mu H$ = 10 kHz
	Measuring current:≤ 1 mA
	Distance between
	measuring clamps:25,4 mm
Q factor Q <sub>min</sub>	Measured with quality test set-up HP 4342A
Rated current I <sub>P</sub>	Maximum permissible dc
rated carrent 1 <sub>R</sub>	referred to 40 °C ambient temperature,
	for derating see next page
Inductance decrease ΔL/L <sub>0</sub>	≤ 10 % (referred to initial value) at I <sub>P</sub>
	at 20 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>max</sub>	Measured at 20 °C ambient temperature,
<del></del> -	distance between measuring clamps: 25,4 mm
Resonance frequency $f_{\text{res, min}}$	Measured with Scalar Network Analyzer ZAS
	from Rohde & Schwarz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	55/125/56 (- 55 °C/+125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Solderability	In accordance with IEC 68-2-20, test Ta
	235 °C, 2 s, ≥ 90 % wetting
Resistance to soldering heat	In accordance with IEC 68-2-20, test Tb
-	260 °C, 10 s
Tensile strength of leads	In accordance with IEC 68-2-21, test Ua
	≥ 20 N

## General technical data

Current derating  $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$  versus ambient temperature  $T_{\rm A}$  (Rated temperature  $T_{\rm R}$  = 40 °C)



# Mounting information

When bending the leads, take care that the start-of-winding areas at the face ends (protected by glue and lacquer) are not subjected to any mechanical stress.

MCC choke (Mini Cylinder Core) Rated current 0,08 to 1,1 A Rated inductance 0,1 to 100 μH

#### Construction

- Ceramic or ferrite cylinder core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Flame-retardant lacquer coating

#### **Features**

- Low total height
- Low inductance
- High resonance frequency

# **Applications**

- RF blocking
- Decoupling and interference suppression
- For antenna systems, automotive electronics, telecommunications, entertainment electronics

#### **Terminals**

- · Central axial leads, tinned
- Radially bent to 5 mm lead spacing

## Marking

Inductance indicated by color bands in accordance with IEC 62

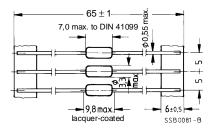
#### Delivery mode

Taped and reeled

For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 435.

## **Outline drawing**

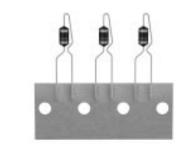
B78108-T (axial leads, taped) B78148-T (central radial leads, taped)

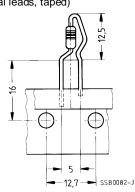


Minimum lead spacing 10 mm

Approx. weight 0,25 g







For further technical data see page 91.

$\overline{L_{R}}$	Toler-	Q <sub>min</sub>	$f_{Q}$	I <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res. min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>	
μΗ	ance1)		MHz	mA	Ω	MHz		
Ceramic cylinder core								
0,10	± 10 %	40	25,2	1120	0,13	600	B781*8-T3101-K	
0,12	ı^ K	40	25,2	1080	0,145	570	B781*8-T3121-K	
0,15		38	25,2	1020	0,155	500	B781*8-T3151-K	
0,18		35	25,2	1000	0,17	460	B781*8-T3181-K	
0,22		35	25,2	990	0,195	420	B781*8-T3221-K	
0,27		35	25,2	910	0,215	380	B781*8-T3271-K	
0,33		35	25,2	830	0,24	330	B781*8-T3331-K	
0,39		35	25,2	790	0,27	300	B781*8-T3391-K	
0,47		35	25,2	750	0,315	280	B781*8-T3471-K	
0,56		35	25,2	700	0,34	260	B781*8-T3561-K	
0,68		35	25,2	530	0,48	240	B781*8-T3681-K	
0,82		35	25,2	500	0,55	230	B781*8-T3821-K	
Ferrite cyl	inder core							
1,0	± 10 %	35	25,2	630	0,25	180	B781*8-T1102-K	
1,2	ı^ K	40	7,96	610	0,25	170	B781*8-T1122-K	
1,5		40	7,96	570	0,30	150	B781*8-T1152-K	
1,8		40	7,96	540	0,30	130	B781*8-T1182-K	
2,2		40	7,96	520	0,35	120	B781*8-T1222-K	
2,7		40	7,96	480	0,40	110	B781*8-T1272-K	
3,3		40	7,96	420	0,50	110	B781*8-T1332-K	
3,9		40	7,96	400	0,55	100	B781*8-T1392-K	
4,7		40	7,96	380	0,65	90	B781*8-T1472-K	
5,6		45	7,96	260	1,30	75	B781*8-T1562-K	
6,8		45	7,96	250	1,45	70	B781*8-T1682-K	
8,2		50	7,96	240	1,60	65	B781*8-T1822-K	
10		50	7,96	230	1,70	60	B781*8-T1103-K	

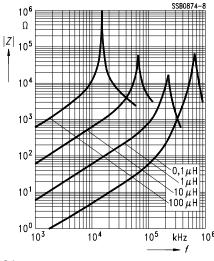
Closer tolerances upon request
 Replace the asterisk \* by code number "0" for axial taping or by "4" for radial taping

For further technical data see page 91.

L <sub>R</sub> μΗ	Toler- ance <sup>1)</sup>	$Q_{\min}$	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max} \ \Omega$	f <sub>res. min</sub> MHz	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>			
Ferrite cyli	Ferrite cylinder core									
12	± 10 %	55	2,52	190	2,40	50	B781*8-T1123-K			
15	ı^ K	55	2,52	185	2,70	45	B781*8-T1153-K			
18		55	2,52	175	2,90	40	B781*8-T1183-K			
22		60	2,52	170	3,20	30	B781*8-T1223-K			
27		60	2,52	160	3,60	27	B781*8-T1273-K			
33		60	2,52	150	4,10	24	B781*8-T1333-K			
39		60	2,52	140	4,50	22	B781*8-T1393-K			
47		60	2,52	100	8,50	20	B781*8-T1473-K			
56		60	2,52	100	8,80	18	B781*8-T1563-K			
68		60	2,52	95	10,0	15	B781*8-T1683-K			
82		60	2,52	90	11,5	14	B781*8-T1823-K			
100		60	2,52	85	12,5	11	B781*8-T1104-K			

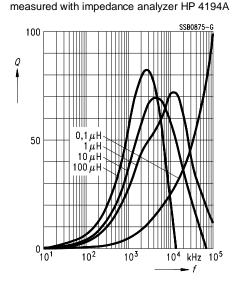
Closer tolerances upon request
 Replace the asterisk \* by code number "0" for axial taping or by "4" for radial taping

İmpedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A

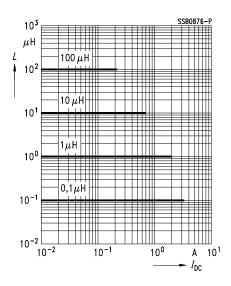


10<sup>6</sup> Q factor

versus frequency f



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$ measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



SBC choke (Small Bobbin Core) Rated current 0,055 to 0,725 A Rated inductance 1 to 1000 μH

## Construction

- Mini ferrite drum core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Flame-retardant lacquer coating

#### **Features**

- Small size
- Relatively high rated current

# **Applications**

- RF blocking and filtering
- Decoupling and interference suppression
- For electronic household appliances, automotive and entertainment electronics

#### **Terminals**

- Central axial leads, tinned
- Radially bent to 5 mm lead spacing

#### Marking

Inductance indicated by color bands in accordance with IEC 62

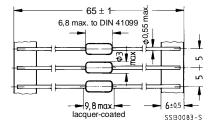
## **Delivery mode**

Taped and reeled

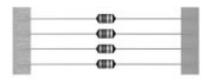
For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 435.

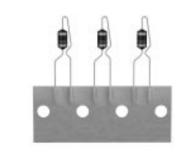
## **Outline drawing**

B82141-A (axial leads, taped)

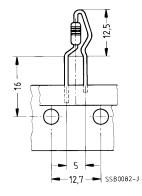


Minimum lead spacing 10 mm approx. weight 0,22 g









For further technical data see page 91.

L <sub>R</sub> μΗ	Toler- ance <sup>1)</sup>	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max}$ $\Omega$	f <sub>res. min</sub> MHz	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
1,0	± 10 %	40	7,96	725	0,19	180	B82141-+1102-K
1,2	ı^ K	40	7,96	700	0,20	160	B82141-+1122-K
1,5		40	7,96	670	0,22	155	B82141-+1152-K
1,8	1	45	7,96	660	0,23	145	B82141-+1182-K
2,2		45	7,96	630	0,25	130	B82141-+1222-K
2,7		45	7,96	610	0,27	110	B82141-+1272-K
3,3	1	50	7,96	580	0,30	90	B82141-+1332-K
3,9		50	7,96	560	0,32	70	B82141-+1392-K
4,7		50	7,96	530	0,36	60	B82141-+1472-K
5,6	1	50	7,96	510	0,38	50	B82141-+1562-K
6,8		50	7,96	480	0,43	40	B82141-+1682-K
8,2		50	7,96	450	0,52	30	B82141-+1822-K
10		55	2,52	410	0,60	25	B82141-+1103-K
12		55	2,52	385	0,67	20	B82141-+1123-K
15		55	2,52	365	0,74	17	B82141-+1153-K
18		55	2,52	350	0,81	14	B82141-+1183-K
22		55	2,52	335	0,90	12	B82141-+1223-K
27		55	2,52	315	1,00	11	B82141-+1273-K
33		55	2,52	300	1,12	10	B82141-+1333-K
39		55	2,52	285	1,21	8,5	B82141-+1393-K

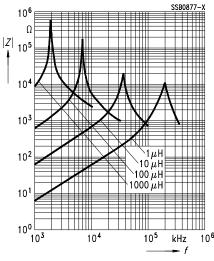
Closer tolerances upon request
 Replace the + by code letter "A" for axial taping or by "B" for radial taping

For further technical data see page 91.

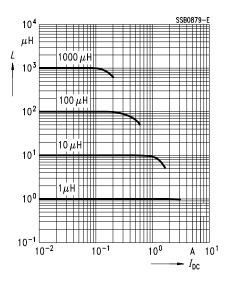
L <sub>R</sub> μΗ	Toler- ance1)	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max}$ $\Omega$	f <sub>res. min</sub> MHz	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
47	±5%	55	2,52	200	2,40	7,7	B82141-+1473-J
56	ı^ J	55	2,52	195	2,60	6,8	B82141-+1563-J
68		55	2,52	185	2,90	5,7	B82141-+1683-J
82	1	55	2,52	175	3,20	5,5	B82141-+1823-J
100		60	0,796	170	3,50	5,3	B82141-+1104-J
120		60	0,796	160	3,80	5,0	B82141-+1124-J
150		60	0,796	150	4,30	4,6	B82141-+1154-J
180		60	0,796	135	5,30	4,2	B82141-+1184-J
220		60	0,796	130	5,80	3,8	B82141-+1224-J
270		60	0,796	115	7,80	3,2	B82141-+1274-J
330		60	0,796	105	9,10	3,0	B82141-+1334-J
390		60	0,796	95	11,0	2,7	B82141-+1394-J
470		60	0,796	90	12,0	2,3	B82141-+1474-J
560		60	0,796	75	16,5	2,2	B82141-+1564-J
680		60	0,796	65	22,0	2,0	B82141-+1684-J
820		60	0,796	60	25,0	1,8	B82141-+1824-J
1000		60	0,796	55	33,0	1,5	B82141-+1105-J

Closer tolerances upon request
 Replace the + by code letter "A" for axial taping or by "B" for radial taping

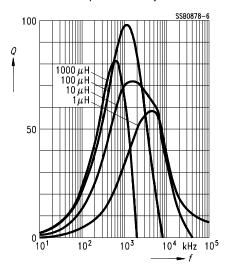
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4194A



BC choke (Bobbin Core) Rated current 0,055 to 1,2 A Rated inductance 1 to 4700 μH

# Construction

- Ferrite drum core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Flame-retardant lacquer coating

#### **Features**

- Wide inductance range
- Suitable for general-purpose application
- Special versions available

# **Applications**

- RF blocking and filtering
- Decoupling and interference suppression
- For antenna systems, automotive electronics, energy-saving lamps, entertainment electronics

## **Terminals**

- Central axial leads, tinned
- Radially bent to 5 mm lead spacing

## Marking

Inductance indicated by color bands in accordance with IEC 62

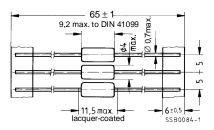
#### Delivery mode

Taped and reeled

For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 435.

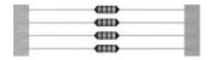
## **Outline drawing**

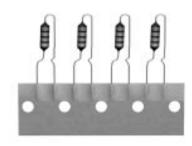
B78108-S (axial leads, taped)



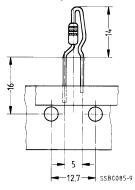
Minimum lead spacing 12,5 mm

Approx. weight 0,38 g









For further technical data see page 91.

$L_{R}$	Toler-	Q <sub>min</sub>	$f_{Q}$	$I_{R}$	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res. min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
μΗ	ance1)		MHz	mA	Ω	MHz	
1,0	± 10 %	55	7,96	1200	0,16	205	B781*8-S1102-K
1,2	ı̂ K	55	7,96	1150	0,18	185	B781*8-S1122-K
1,5		55	7,96	1100	0,20	165	B781*8-S1152-K
1,8	1	55	7,96	1030	0,22	155	B781*8-S1182-K
2,2		55	7,96	1000	0,25	140	B781*8-S1222-K
2,7		60	7,96	940	0,26	125	B781*8-S1272-K
3,3	1	60	7,96	900	0,29	115	B781*8-S1332-K
3,9		60	7,96	850	0,31	105	B781*8-S1392-K
4,7		60	7,96	820	0,34	95	B781*8-S1472-K
5,6	1	60	7,96	780	0,38	85	B781*8-S1562-K
6,8		65	7,96	670	0,51	75	B781*8-S1682-K
8,2		65	7,96	690	0,48	50	B781*8-S1822-K
10	1	70	2,52	680	0,49	35	B781*8-S1103-K
12		70	2,52	650	0,55	30	B781*8-S1123-K
15		60	2,52	610	0,60	20	B781*8-S1153-K
18	1	60	2,52	580	0,67	17	B781*8-S1183-K
22		55	2,52	560	0,74	13	B781*8-S1223-K
27		55	2,52	530	0,83	10	B781*8-S1273-K
33	1	55	2,52	500	0,92	9,0	B781*8-S1333-K
39		50	2,52	470	1,02	8,0	B781*8-S1393-K

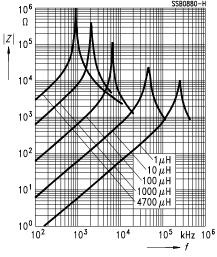
Closer tolerances upon request
 Replace the asterisk \* by code number "0" for axial taping or by "4" for radial taping

For further technical data see page 91.

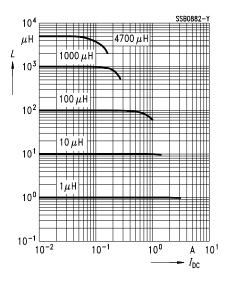
L <sub>R</sub> μΗ	Toler- ance <sup>1)</sup>	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max}$	f <sub>res. min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
<u>μιτ</u> 47	± 5 %	45	2,52		1,10		B781*8-S1473-J
	± 5 %  -^ J		'	450	1 '	7,5	
56	3	40	2,52	430	1,23	7,0	B781*8-S1563-J
68		40	2,52	410	1,35	6,5	B781*8-S1683-J
82		35	2,52	390	1,54	6,0	B781*8-S1823-J
100		70	0,796	370	1,70	5,0	B781*8-S1104-J
120		70	0,796	300	2,40	4,5	B781*8-S1124-J
150	]	70	0,796	280	2,80	4,2	B781*8-S1154-J
180		70	0,796	270	3,00	3,9	B781*8-S1184-J
220		70	0,796	250	3,30	3,7	B781*8-S1224-J
270	1	70	0,796	200	5,70	2,8	B781*8-S1274-J
330		70	0,796	190	6,40	2,7	B781*8-S1334-J
390		70	0,796	180	7,00	2,4	B781*8-S1394-J
470	]	70	0,796	170	7,90	2,2	B781*8-S1474-J
560		60	0,796	160	8,80	2,0	B781*8-S1564-J
680		55	0,796	150	10,0	1,9	B781*8-S1684-J
820	1	50	0,796	140	12,0	1,6	B781*8-S1824-J
1000		50	0,252	130	14,0	1,6	B781*8-S1105-J
1200		50	0,252	115	17,5	1,3	B781*8-S1125-J
1500	1	50	0,252	100	23,0	1,25	B781*8-S1155-J
1800		50	0,252	95	26,0	1,2	B781*8-S1185-J
2200		40	0,252	80	34,7	1,1	B781*8-S1225-J
2700	1	40	0,252	75	40,0	1,0	B781*8-S1275-J
3300		40	0,252	62	59,5	0,9	B781*8-S1335-J
3900		40	0,252	59	66,0	0,8	B781*8-S1395-J
4700		35	0,252	55	78,0	0,7	B781*8-S1475-J

Closer tolerances upon request
 Replace the asterisk \* by code number "0" for axial taping or by "4" for radial taping

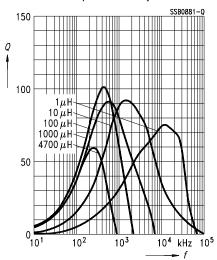
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4194A



HBC choke (High-Current Bobbin Core) Rated current 0,85 to 2 A Rated inductance 1 to 27 μH

#### Construction

- Ferrite drum core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Flame-retardant lacquer coating

#### **Features**

- Very high rated current
- Low dc resistances

## **Applications**

- Decoupling
- Interference suppression
- For electronic household appliances, automotive and entertainment electronics

#### **Terminals**

- Central axial leads, tinned
- Radially bent to 5 mm lead spacing

#### Marking

Inductance indicated by color bands in accordance with IEC 62

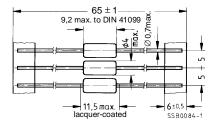
## **Delivery mode**

Taped and reeled

For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 435.

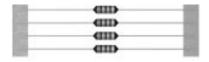
## **Outline drawing**

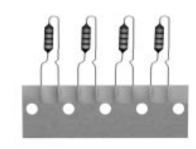
B82143-A (axial leads, taped)



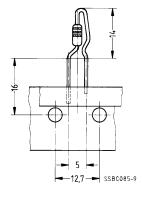
Minimum lead spacing 12,5 mm

Approx. weight 0,38 g







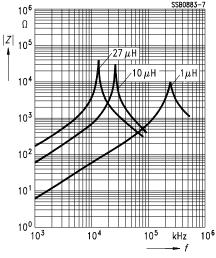


For further technical data see page 91.

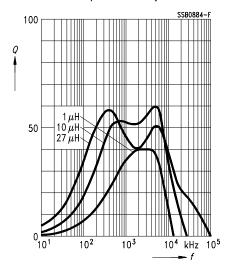
$L_{R}$	Toler-	Q <sub>min</sub>	$f_{\rm Q}$	I <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res. min</sub>	Ordering code <sup>2)</sup>
μΗ	ance1)		MHz	Α	mΩ	MHz	
1,0	± 10 %	50	7,96	2,00	80	195	B82143-+1102-K
1,2	ıî K	50	7,96	1,80	90	180	B82143-+1122-K
1,5		50	7,96	1,70	100	165	B82143-+1152-K
1,8		50	7,96	1,65	110	155	B82143-+1182-K
2,2		50	7,96	1,60	120	140	B82143-+1222-K
2,7		50	7,96	1,50	130	125	B82143-+1272-K
3,3		50	7,96	1,45	140	115	B82143-+1332-K
3,9		50	7,96	1,40	150	105	B82143-+1392-K
4,7		50	7,96	1,30	170	60	B82143-+1472-K
5,6		50	7,96	1,25	190	45	B82143-+1562-K
6,8		40	7,96	1,20	220	35	B82143-+1682-K
8,2		40	7,96	1,15	240	25	B82143-+1822-K
10		40	7,96	1,10	250	21	B82143-+1103-K
12		35	2,52	1,05	270	17	B82143-+1123-K
15		35	2,52	1,00	300	16	B82143-+1153-K
18		35	2,52	0,95	330	15	B82143-+1183-K
22		35	2,52	0,90	370	13	B82143-+1223-K
27		35	2,52	0,85	420	11	B82143-+1273-K

Closer tolerances upon request
 Replace the + by code letter "A" for axial taping or by "B" for radial taping

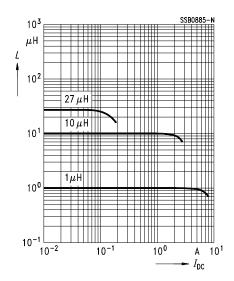
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



LBC choke (Large Bobbin Core) Rated current 0,02 to 2,2 A Rated inductance 1 to 100000 µH

#### Construction

- Large ferrite drum core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Flame-retardant lacquer coating

#### **Features**

- Very wide inductance range
- High rated current
- Special versions available

## **Applications**

- RF blocking and filtering
- Decoupling and interference suppression
- For telecommunications (16-kHz blocking filter), automotive electronics, energy-saving lamps, entertainment electronics

#### **Terminals**

· Central axial leads, tinned

#### Marking

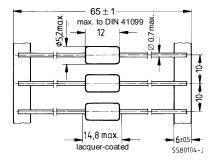
Inductance indicated by color bands in accordance with IEC 62

# Delivery mode

Taped and reeled

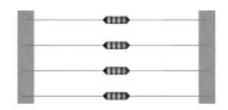
For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 435.

## **Outline drawing**



Minimum lead spacing 15 mm

Approx. weight 1,1 g



## Characteristics and ordering codes

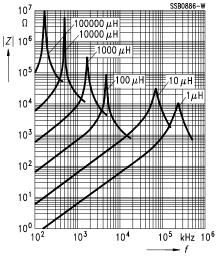
For further technical data see page 91.

L <sub>R</sub>	Toler-	Q <sub>min</sub>	f <sub>Q</sub>	I <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>max</sub>	f <sub>res. min</sub>	Ordering code
<u>μ</u> Η	ance <sup>1)</sup>	40	MHz	Α	Ω	MHz	D00444 40400 16
1,0	± 10 % :^ K	40	7,96	2,20	0,08	200	B82144-A2102-K
1,5	· ^	40	7,96	2,10	0,09	190	B82144-A2152-K
2,2		40	7,96	1,90	0,11	140	B82144-A2222-K
3,3		40	7,96	1,75	0,13	120	B82144-A2332-K
4,7		40	7,96	1,60	0,16	100	B82144-A2472-K
6,8		40	7,96	1,50	0,19	80	B82144-A2682-K
10		60	2,52	1,40	0,22	60	B82144-A2103-K
15		60	2,52	1,25	0,28	20	B82144-A2153-K
22		50	2,52	1,10	0,35	12	B82144-A2223-K
33	±5%	40	2,52	0,90	0,43	8,0	B82144-A2333-J
47	ı^ J	40	2,52	0,80	0,50	5,0	B82144-A2473-J
68		30	2,52	0,70	0,60	4,5	B82144-A2683-J
100	1	50	0,796	0,60	0,70	3,5	B82144-A2104-J
150		50	0,796	0,50	0,90	3,0	B82144-A2154-J
220		50	0,796	0,40	1,60	2,4	B82144-A2224-J
330	1	50	0,796	0,33	1,90	2,0	B82144-A2334-J
470		40	0,796	0,28	2,50	1,5	B82144-A2474-J
680		30	0,796	0,24	2,80	1,3	B82144-A2684-J
1000	1	60	0,252	0,20	3,80	1,2	B82144-A2105-J
1500		60	0,252	0,16	6,00	1,0	B82144-A2155-J
2200		60	0,252	0,12	9,00	0,8	B82144-A2225-J
3300	1	60	0,252	0,11	12,0	0,6	B82144-A2335-J
4700		60	0,252	0,09	20,0	0,5	B82144-A2475-J
6800		60	0,252	0,08	30,0	0,4	B82144-A2685-J
10000	1	50	0,0796	0,06	42,0	0,35	B82144-A2106-J
15000		50	0,0796	0,05	68,0	0,30	B82144-A2156-J
22000		50	0,0796	0,04	120	0,26	B82144-A2226-J
33000	1	50	0,0796	0,035	150	0,22	B82144-A2336-J
47000		40	0,0796	0,03	230	0,18	B82144-A2476-J
68000		40	0,0796	0,025	290	0,15	B82144-A2686-J
100000		40	0,0796	0,02	360	0,12	B82144-A2107-J

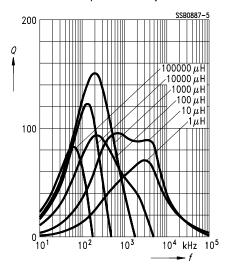
<sup>1)</sup> Closer tolerances upon request



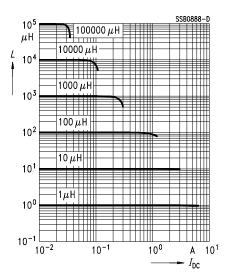
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Q factor versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4194A



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



HLBC choke (High-Current Large Bobbin Core) Rated current 0,11 to 0,86 A Rated inductance 100 to 10000 μH

#### Construction

- Large ferrite drum core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Flame-retardant lacquer coating



 High rated current at high inductance ratings

## **Applications**

- Decoupling
- Interference suppression
- For energy-saving lamps and entertainment electronics

## **Terminals**

Central axial leads, tinned

## Marking

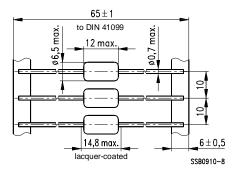
Inductance indicated by color bands in accordance with IEC 62

## Delivery mode

Taped and reeled

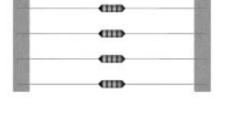
For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 435.

## **Outline drawing**



Minimum lead spacing 15 mm

Approx. weight 1,3 g



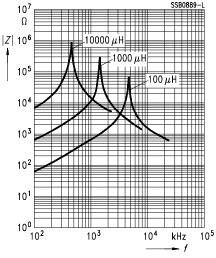
## Characteristics and ordering codes

For further technical data see page 91.

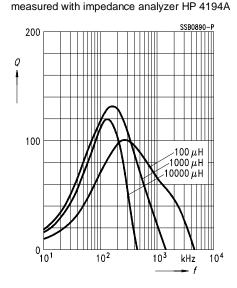
L <sub>R</sub> μΗ	Toler- ance <sup>1)</sup>	$Q_{min}$	f <sub>Q</sub> MHz	I <sub>R</sub> mA	$R_{max} \ \Omega$	f <sub>res. min</sub> MHz	Ordering code
100	±5%	50	0,796	860	0,70	3,5	B82145-A1104-J
150	ı^ J	40	0,796	770	0,90	3,0	B82145-A1154-J
220		30	0,796	690	1,10	2,5	B82145-A1224-J
330	1	30	0,796	630	1,30	2,1	B82145-A1334-J
470		30	0,796	510	1,90	1,8	B82145-A1474-J
680		20	0,796	440	2,50	1,5	B82145-A1684-J
1000	]	60	0,252	370	3,60	1,3	B82145-A1105-J
1500		60	0,252	300	5,40	1,0	B82145-A1155-J
2200		60	0,252	250	8,00	0,8	B82145-A1225-J
3300	]	60	0,252	200	12,5	0,6	B82145-A1335-J
4700		60	0,252	170	18,0	0,5	B82145-A1475-J
6800		60	0,252	130	28,5	0,4	B82145-A1685-J
10000		50	0,0796	110	35,0	0,35	B82145-A1106-J

<sup>1)</sup> Closer tolerances upon request

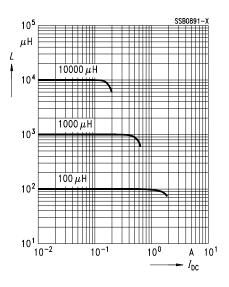
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer HP 4191A / HP 4194A



Q factor
versus frequency f



Inductance L versus dc load  $I_{\rm DC}$  measured with LCR meter HP 4275A



# RF Chokes VHF Chokes

## Selector guide

I <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>R</sub>	Dimensions $d_{\text{max}} \times I_{\text{max}}$	spacing	Features	Туре	Page
A 0,15 4	μH 1 80	mm 5,0 × 14	mm 17,5	Central axial leads Taped	B82131	116
0,15 6	1 160	5,5 × 19	22,5	Carbonyl iron core	B82132	
0,15 6	3 350	7,5 × 24	27,5		B82133	
0,15 4	7 420	7,5 × 29	32,5		B82134	1
0,1 6	7 1200	6,0 × 26	30	Central axial leads Taped Ferrite core	B82111-E	120
2 10	3 25	7,0 × 24  9,5 × 34		Axial leads, winding ends brought out as leads Ferrite core	B82111-B	122
0,2 2	120 3900	10×32	35	Central axial leads Ferrite core High L ratings	B82500	125
1	_	6,7 × 15	17,5	Axial leads Choke with 6-aperture core for broadband RFI suppression	B82114	127

## RF Chokes VHF Chokes

## General technical data

Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	2500 Vac, 1min 1500 Vac, 1min (B82500-C)						
Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measuring frequency: $L \le 10 \mu H = 1 \mu H = 10 \mu H = 100 \mu H = 10$						
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %						
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 60 °C ambient temperature, for derating see below						
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	$\leq$ 10 % (referred to initial value) at dc load $I_{\rm R}$ at 20 °C						
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature						
Resonance frequency $f_{res}$	Typical value, measured with Scalar Network Analyzer ZAS from Rohde & Schwarz						
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 55/125/56 (– 55 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)						
Current derating $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$ in versus ambient temperature $T_{\rm A}$ (Rated temperature $T_{\rm R}$ = 60 °C)	12   I <sub>op</sub>   I <sub>R</sub>   I <sub>O</sub>   I <sub>O</sub>						

## Mounting information

When bending the leads, take care that the bending point is **at least 3 mm** apart from the face ends of the core and that the start-of-winding-areas are not subjected to any mechanical stress.

RF Chokes B82131 VHF Chokes ... B82134

VHF chokes with carbonyl iron core Rated voltage 500 V dc/ac Rated current 0,15 to 6 A Rated inductance 1 to 420  $\mu$ H

#### Construction

- Cylinder core of carbonyl iron
- Winding: single-layer, enamel copper wire
- Polyester insulating sleeve

#### **Features**

- High resonance frequency
- Wide inductance range

## **Applications**

- RF blocking and filtering
- Interference suppression in small-size equipment
- Decoupling in telecommunications and entertainment electronics

## Marking

 $L_R$  and  $I_R$  in clear text and VDE mark

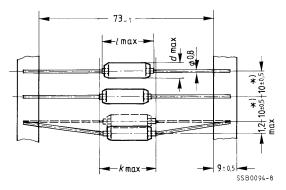
## **Delivery mode**

Taped and reeled

For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 438.

## **Approvals**

Mark of conformity	Standard
O <sup>V</sup> E	VDE 0565-2





Lead spacing e min (mm)	Туре
17,5	B82131
22,5	B82132
27,5	B82133
32,5	B82134

\*) Tolerance over 10 spacings  $\pm$  2 mm

## Characteristics and ordering codes

For further technical data see page 115.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	R <sub>typ</sub>	f <sub>res</sub>	Dimens	Dimensions (mm)				Ordering code
Α	μΗ	mΩ	MHz	d <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>max</sub>	k <sub>max</sub>	$e_{min}$	g	
0,15	80	11000	22	5	14	15,4	17,5	0,8	B82131-A5151-M
	160	17000	20	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	0,9	B82132-A5151-M
	350	21000	11	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	2,3	B82133-A5151-M
	420	19000	12	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	2,6	B82134-A5151-M
0,3	40	4100	31	5	14	15,4	17,5	0,8	B82131-A5301-M
	70	5700	29	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	0,9	B82132-A5301-M
	160	6500	16	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	2,2	B82133-A5301-M
	210	6400	18	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	2,8	B82134-A5301-M
0,4	27	2000	40	5	14	15,4	17,5	0,8	B82131-A5401-M
	50	3000	37	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	1,0	B82132-A5401-M
	130	4800	18	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	2,8	B82133-A5401-M
	150	3500	18	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	2,8	B82134-A5401-M
0,7	14	760	53	5	14	15,4	17,5	0,8	B82131-A5701-M
	23	730	55	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	1,0	B82132-A5701-M
	55	1200	26	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	2,4	B82133-A5701-M
	60	770	34	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	3,0	B82134-A5701-M

## Characteristics and ordering codes

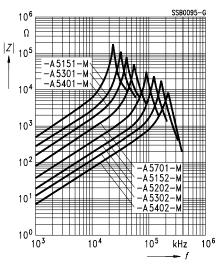
For further technical data see page 115.

$I_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	f <sub>res</sub>	Dimens	ions (mr	n)		Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α	μН	mΩ	MHz	d <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>max</sub>	k <sub>max</sub>	$e_{min}$	g	
1,5	6	190	84	5	14	15,4	17,5	0,8	B82131-A5152-M
	8	160	90	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	1,1	B82132-A5152-M
	25	320	40	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	2,5	B82133-A5152-M
	30	300	44	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	3,2	B82134-A5152-M
2	3	90	113	5	14	15,4	17,5	0,8	B82131-A5202-M
	6	110	108	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	1,1	B82132-A5202-M
	14	130	57	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	2,8	B82133-A5202-M
	20	150	59	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	3,3	B82134-A5202-M
3	2	38	147	5	14	15,4	17,5	1,0	B82131-A5302-M
	3	35	151	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	1,2	B82132-A5302-M
	10	77	69	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	2,9	B82133-A5302-M
	12	90	75	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	3,5	B82134-A5302-M
4	1	14	199	5	14	15,4	17,5	1,1	B82131-A5402-M
	2	20	186	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	1,4	B82132-A5402-M
	5	34	87	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	3,0	B82133-A5402-M
	7	33	94	7,5	29	30,4	32,5	4,3	B82134-A5402-M
6	1	10	243	5,5	19	20,4	22,5	1,4	B82132-A5602-M
	3	19	108	7,5	24	25,4	27,5	3,2	B82133-A5602-M

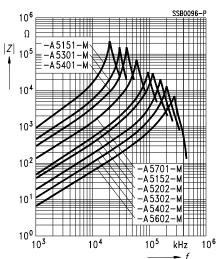
## Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured as per VDE 0565-2 (typical values)

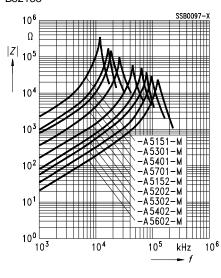




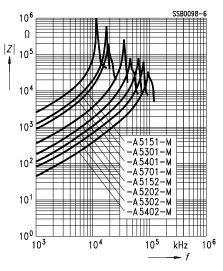
## B82132-



B82133-



B82134-



VHF chokes with ferrite core Rated voltage 500 V dc/ac Rated current 0,1 to 6 A Rated inductance 7 to 1200 µH

#### Construction

- Ferrite cylinder core
- Winding: single-layer, enamel copper wire
- Polyester insulating sleeve

#### **Features**

- High resonance frequency
- Wide inductance range

## **Applications**

- RF blocking and filtering
- Interference suppression in small-size equipment
- Decoupling and telecommunications and entertainment electronics

## Marking

 $L_R$  and  $I_R$  in clear text and VDE mark

## **Delivery mode**

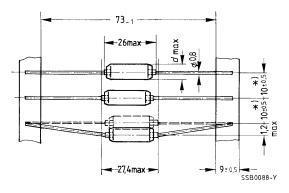
Taped and reeled

For details on packing and packing units see page 438.

#### Mark of conformity / test standard

Ø <sup>V</sup> E	VDE 0565-2
------------------	------------

## **Outline drawing**





 $\ast)$  Tolerance over 10 spacings  $\pm\,2$  mm

## Characteristics and ordering codes

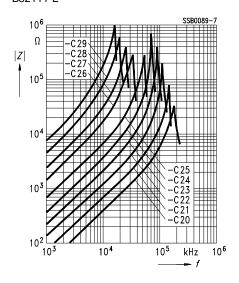
For further technical data see page 115.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	R <sub>typ</sub>	f <sub>res</sub>	Approx. weight	Dimensions $d_{\max}$	Ordering code
Α	μН	mΩ	MHz	g	mm	
0,1	1200	34000	16	2,2	6,0	B82111-E-C29
0,2	680	14000	19	2,2	6,0	B82111-E-C28
0,3	470	6500	25	2,3	6,0	B82111-E-C27
0,5	220	2600	32	2,3	6,5	B82111-E-C26
1	100	650	55	2,5	6,5	B82111-E-C25
1,5	56	300	70	2,7	6,5	B82111-E-C24
2	40	180	90	3,0	7,0	B82111-E-C23
3	22	70	110	3,3	7,0	B82111-E-C22
4	12	40	140	3,5	7,5	B82111-E-C21
6	7	20	180	3,6	7,5	B82111-E-C20

## Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *f* (typical values)

## B82111-E-



VHF chokes with ferrite core Rated voltage 500 V dc/ac Rated current 2 to 10 A Rated inductance 3 to 25 µH

## Construction

- Ferrite cylinder core
- Winding: single-layer, enamel copper wire, winding ends brought out as leads
- Polyester insulating sleeve

#### **Features**

- High resonance frequency
- High rated current

## **Applications**

- RF blocking and filtering
- Interference suppression in small-size equipment

## Marking

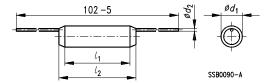
 $L_{\rm R}$  and  $I_{\rm R}$  im in clear text and VDE mark

## Delivery mode

Bulk

## **Approvals**

Mark of conformity	Standard
⟨o <sup>v</sup> €⟩	VDE 0565-2



## Characteristics and ordering codes

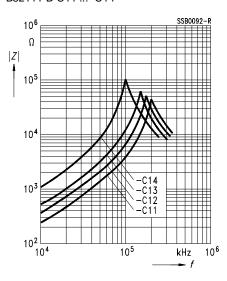
For further technical data see page 115.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	R <sub>typ</sub>	f <sub>res</sub>	Dimens	sions (m	m)		Approx.	Ordering code
		,,						weight	
Α	μН	mΩ	MHz	I <sub>1-1,5</sub>	$I_{2-3}$	$d_{1 \text{ max.}}$	$d_2$	g	
2	17	63	100	18,3	24	7,0	0,45	3,0	B82111-B-C14
3	8	25	145	18,3	24	7,0	0,63	3,0	B82111-B-C13
3	13	24	170	24,5	29	6,5	0,67	3,5	B82111-B-C19
3	20	54	125	24,5	29	6,0	0,5	3,5	B82111-B-C20
3	25	46	85	28,5	34	8,5	0,63	6,0	B82111-B-C24
4	6	17	170	18,3	24	7,5	0,75	3,0	B82111-B-C12
4	11	20	150	24,5	29	6,5	0,71	6,0	B82111-B-C18
4	15	24	120	28,5	34	8,5	0,75	7,0	B82111-B-C23
6	4	14	205	18,3	24	7,5	0,8	4,0	B82111-B-C11
6	6	10	200	24,5	29	7,0	0,95	5,0	B82111-B-C17
6	9	12	150	28,5	34	9,0	0,95	8,0	B82111-B-C22
9	3	6	220	24,5	29	7,5	1,2	5,0	B82111-B-C16
10	5	5	175	28,5	34	9,5	1,3	10,0	B82111-B-C21

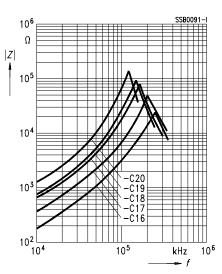
## Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

(typical values)

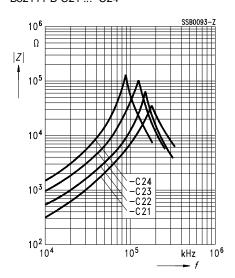
## B82111-B-C11 ... -C14



B82111-B-C16 ... -C20



B82111-B-C21 ... -C24



VHF chokes with ferrite core Rated voltage 250 V dc/ac Rated current 0,2 to 2 A Rated inductance 120 to 3900 μH



#### Construction

- Ferrite cylinder core
- Winding: low-capacitance, multi-layer, enamel copper wire
- Polyester insulating sleeve

#### **Features**

- High resonance frequency
- High inductance ratings

## **Applications**

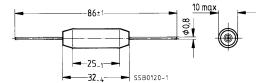
- RF blocking and filtering
- Interference suppression in small-size equipment

## Marking

 $L_R$  and  $I_R$  in clear text

## Delivery mode

Bulk



## Characteristics and ordering codes

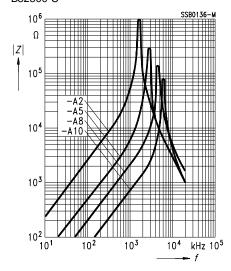
For further technical data see page 115.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	f <sub>res</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α	μΗ	MHz	Ω	g	
0,2	3900	1,8	20	7	B82500-C-A2
0,5	820	3,0	2,5	7	B82500-C-A5
1,0	330	4,2	0,6	7	B82500-C-A8
2,0	120	5,8	0,15	7	B82500-C-A10

## Impedance |Z|

versus frequency t (typical values)

B82500-C-



## VHF chokes for power line applications Rated voltage 500 V dc/ac <sup>1)</sup> Rated current max. 1 A

#### Construction

- Round 6-aperture ferrite core
- With or without insulating sleeve

#### **Features**

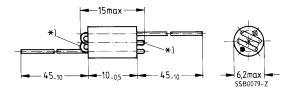
- The selected core material provides maximum impedance in the relevant frequency range of 50 to 200 MHz
- An insulating sleeve is slipped over the middle nose to exclude any turn-to-turn short circuits

## **Applications**

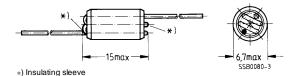
- Broadband interference suppression in electrical systems and equipment in the RF and VHF range
- Reduction of radiated interference in broadcasting and TV receivers

## **Outline drawings**

B82114-R-A ... (without insulating sleeve)



B82114-R-C ... (with insulating sleeve)



Tinned leads, wire diameter 0,5 + 0,15 mm

<sup>1) 500</sup> Vac only with insulating sleeve

## **Technical data**

Test voltage	2500 Vac, 1 min (only with insulation)
Rated current	max. 1 A
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 B82114-R-A: 55/120/21 (– 55 °C/+120 °C/21 days damp heat test) B82114-R-C: 55/125/56 (– 55 °C/+125 °C/56 days damp heat test)

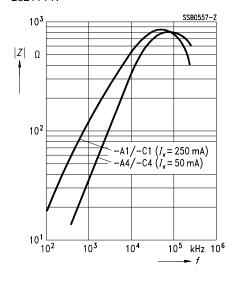
## Characteristics and ordering codes

f <sub>res</sub>	$ Z $ at $f_{res}$	Color code	Number of turns	Approx. weight	Version	Ordering code
MHz	Ω			g		
60	900	brown	2,5	1,3	non-insulated	B82114-R-A4
					insulated	B82114-R-C4
100	800	green	2,5	1,3	non-insulated	B82114-R-A1
					insulated	B82114-R-C1

## Impedance |Z|

versus frequency f (typical values)  $I_{v}$ : dc magnetic bias

## B82114-R-



## **Chokes for Data and Signal Lines**

## Selector guide

Design	$V_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	I <sub>R</sub>	Features	Туре	Page
	Vac	mH	Α	Applications		
Double chokes	42	0,011	0,5	Small size	B82790-	<u>132</u>
SMD		0,47		For CAN bus, digital exchanges, automotive electronics, automation	-C0***-N2 -S0***-N2	
				engineering	NEW	
Double chokes	42	4,7	0,2	High inductance	B82790-	135
SMD		10	0,5	Telephone lines, RFI suppression in model rail-ways and in sensors for	-C0***-N3	
				measurement and control	NEW	
Quad chokes SMD	42	0,47  4,7	0,2 0,5	Telephone lines (ISDN)	B82790- -C2***-N3	<u>137</u>
					NEW	
Double chokes, leaded	42	2,2  38	0,1	High inductance Telephone lines (ISDN, analog)	B82791- -G15 B82791- -H15	139
Quad chokes, leaded	42	0,2  6	0,1	Telecommunications (Digital engineering, ISDN)	B82791- -G14	142

## **Chokes for Data and Signal Lines**

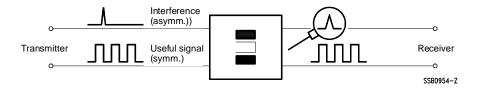
#### General

In order to avoid data transmissions being disturbed by RFI fields, shielded cables have been mainly used up to now. A more favorably priced solution can, however, be obtained by using symmetrical (balanced) data transmission lines in combination with data line chokes. These are chokes with extremely good symmetry characteristics.

The main advantage is the low space requirements even where high inductance values are needed to protect against the common-mode interference components. This is achieved mainly due to the parallel-wire windings, which are extremely favorable for the choke symmetry. These lead to very low stray inductances, a desirable quality required to keep the distortion of the symmetrical data signals as low as possible.

Further advantages are the low cable and installation costs which can be attained, especially if twisted-pair or twisted-quad cable are used (e.g. existing telephone lines in buildings).

The data line chokes suppress common-mode (asymmetrical) interference induced on the lines at frequencies from 10 kHz on, whereas they permit data signals up to some 100 kHz to pass unaffected.



Data line chokes can be used to improve the performance of, and protect, all interfaces with groundsymmetrical, i.e. balanced, data transmission, e.g. 20 mA current loops, RS422, RS423 or RS485, as well as for telecommunications interfaces (ISDN), bus systems in automobile electronics (CANbus) and building cabling.

To ensure that the chokes can be effective, care must be taken that the sum of all the currents flowing through the choke, taking into account the current direction, is always zero (in this context, also refer to the general section on current-compensated ring core chokes – page 178).

Data line chokes are available in two-line or line-wire designs, both as wire-lead components or SMDs with very compact dimensions and low weight.

## **Chokes for Data and Signal Lines**

## General technical data

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	42 Vac (50/60 Hz) 80 Vdc			
Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measured with HP4275A or Wayne Kerr 3245 bridge Measuring frequency $L \le 1$ mH = 100 kHz $L > 1$ mH = 10 kHz The rated inductance $L_{\rm R}$ of double and quad chokes is specified per winding.			
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %			
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10 % at dc magnetic bias with I <sub>R</sub>			
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature (VDE 0565-2)			
Stray inductance L <sub>S</sub>	Typical values, measured at 100 kHz and 0,1 mA for $L \le$ 1 mH 10 kHz and 0,1 mA for $L >$ 1 mH			
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical values, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature			
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)			
Current derating $I_{\rm 0p}/I_{\rm R}$ versus ambient temperature $T_{\rm A}$	1,4 SSB0955-8  1,0 0,8 0,6 0,4 0,2 0 0 20 40 60 80 100 °C 140 7A			

Rated voltage 42 Vac/80 Vdc Rated current 0,5 A Rated inductance 11 to 470 µH

# = = =

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke with ferrite core
- SMD case
- Bifilar winding (B82790-C...)
- Sector winding (B82790-S...)

#### **Features**

- Small size
- Case flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- Suitable for automatic placement
- Suitable for reflow soldering (IR and vapor phase)

## **Applications**

B82790-C:

Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on lines, whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly.

• B82790-S:

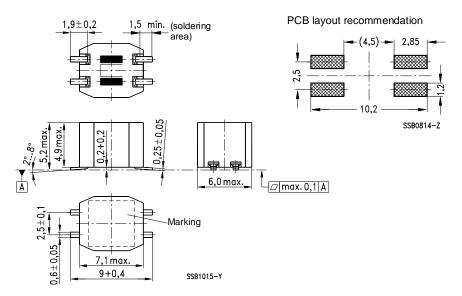
Suppression of asymmetrical and symmetrical interference coupled in on lines. The high-frequency portions of the symmetrical data signal are decreased so far that EMC problems can be significantly reduced.

## Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, date code

#### Delivery mode

16-mm blister tape wound on 330-mm Ø reel For details on taping, packing and packing units see page 433.



## Technical data

DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical values, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature		
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %		
Resistance to soldering heat	In accordance with IEC 68-2-20, test Tb 260 °C, 10 s		
Solderability	In accordance with IEC 68-2-58 (215 $\pm$ 3) °C, (3 $\pm$ 0,3) s, wetting of soldering area $\geq$ 95 %		
Weight	approx. 0,3 g		

For further technical data see page 131.

## Characteristics and ordering codes

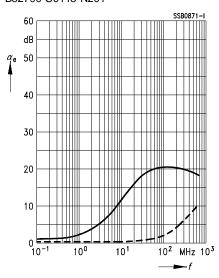
$L_{R}$	$L_{S,typ}$	$V_{P}$	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code
μΗ		Vdc, 2 s	mΩ	
11	50 nH	250	120	B82790-C0113-N201
51	2 μΗ	250	300	B82790-S0513-N201
470	200 nH	750	250	B82790-C0474-N215

## **Insertion loss** $a_e$ (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

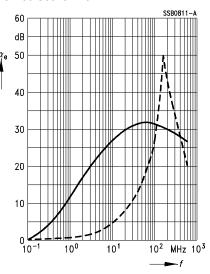
asymmetrical, both branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

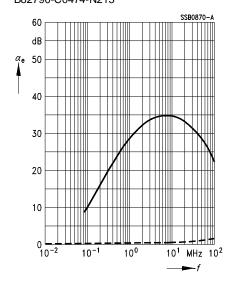
## B82790-C0113-N201



## B82790-S0513-N201



## B82790-C0474-N215



# Chokes for Data and Signal Lines Double Chokes SMD

## Preliminary data

Rated voltage 42 Vac/80 Vdc Rated current 0,2 to 0,5 A Rated inductance 4,7 to 10 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke with ferrite core
- SMD case

#### **Features**

- Case flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- Suitable for automatic placement
- Suitable for reflow soldering (IR and vapor phase)

## **Applications**

 Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on lines, whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly.

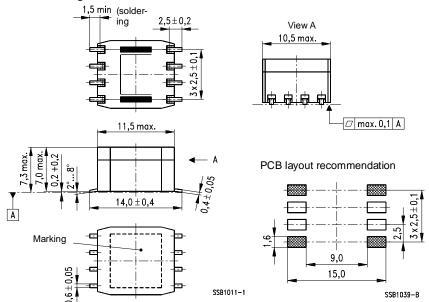
## Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, date code

## Delivery mode

Blister tape (in preparation)





## Technical data

DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical values, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature		
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %		
Resistance to soldering heat	In accordance with IEC 68-2-20, test Tb 260 °C, 10 s		
Solderability	In accordance with IEC 68-2-58 (215 $\pm$ 3) °C, (3 $\pm$ 0,3) s, wetting of soldering area $\geq$ 95 %		
Weight	approx. 2 g		

For further technical data see page 131.

## Characteristics and ordering codes

$L_{R}$	I <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>Smax</sub>	$V_{P}$	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code
mH	Α	nH	Vdc, 2 s	mΩ	
4,7	0,5	400	1000	400	B82790-C0475-N340
6,8	0,5	500	750	500	B82790-C0685-N340
10	0,2	600	750	1100	B82790-C0106-N340

Available from October1996.

# Chokes for Data and Signal Lines Quad Chokes SMD

## Preliminary data

Rated voltage 42 Vac/80 Vdc Rated current 0,2 to 0,5 A Rated inductance 0,47 to 4,7 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core quad choke with ferrite core
- SMD case

#### **Features**

- Case flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- Suitable for automatic placement
- Suitable for reflow soldering (IR and vapor phase)

## **Applications**

 Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on lines, whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly.

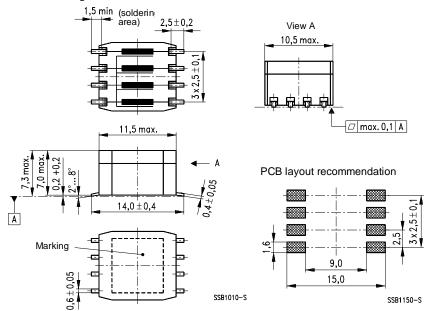
## Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, date code

## Delivery mode

Blister tape (in preparation)





## **Technical data**

DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical values, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature		
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %		
Resistance to soldering heat	In accordance with IEC 68-2-20, test Tb 260 °C, 10 s		
Solderability	In accordance with IEC 68-2-58 (215 $\pm$ 3) °C, (3 $\pm$ 0,3) s, wetting of soldering area $\geq$ 95 %		
Weight	approx. 2 g		

For further technical data see page 131.

## Characteristics and ordering codes

$\overline{L_{R}}$	I <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>Smax</sub>	$V_{P}$	$R_{\text{typ}}$	Ordering code
mH	Α	nH	Vdc, 2 s	mΩ	
0,47	0,5	200	750	250	B82790-C2474-N315
1,0	0,5	250	750	250	B82790-C2105-N340
4,7	0,2	400	750	800	B82790-C2475-N340

Available from October 1996.

Rated voltage 42 Vac/80 Vdc Rated current 0,1 A Rated inductance 2,2 to 38 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke with ferrite core
- Plastic case

#### **Features**

- Vertical or horizontal version
- Case flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0

## **Applications**

- Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on data lines, already effective at 10 kHz, e.g. in
  - telephone lines (analog, ISDN)
  - interfaces with balanced-to-ground data transmission
  - EIB bus
  - automation engineering

## **Terminals**

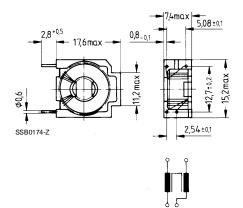
Pins fitting standard PCB grid

## Marking

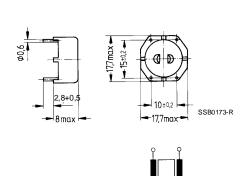
Ordering code, rated inductance manufacturer, date code



## Vertical version B82791-H15



## Horizontal version B82791-G15



## Technical data

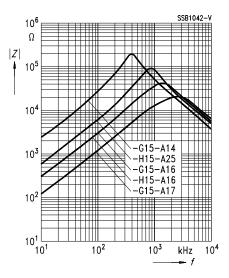
Inductance tolerance	± 30 % for -G15-A16 and -H15-A16: + 35 %/– 25 %		
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 ℃ ambient temperature		
Weight	approx. 4 g		

For further technical data see page 131.

## Characteristics and ordering codes

$L_{R}$	L <sub>Smax</sub>	$V_{P}$	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code
mH	μН	Vdc, 2 s	mΩ	
38	3,5	750	3300	B82791-G15-A14
10	2,5	1200	1300	B82791-H15-A25
4,7	1,5	1200	900	B82791-G15-A16
4,7	1,5	1200	900	B82791-H15-A16
2,2	1,0	1200	400	B82791-G15-A17

Impedance |Z| versus frequency f B82791-



Rated voltage 42 Vac/80 Vdc Rated current 0,1 A Rated inductance 0,2 to 6 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core quad choke with ferrite core
- Plastic case

#### **Features**

- Suitable for automatic insertion
- Case flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0

## **Applications**

- Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on data lines, already effective at 10 kHz, e.g. in
  - telephone lines (analog, ISDN)
  - interfaces with balanced-to-ground data transmission

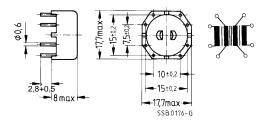
#### **Terminals**

Pins fitting standard PCB grid

## Marking

Ordering code, rated voltage, rated current, rated inductance, manufacturer, date code





## **Technical data**

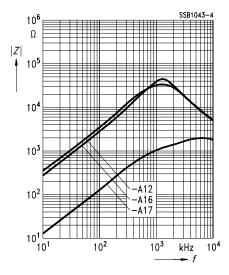
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %	
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature	
Weight	approx. 4 g	

For further technical data see page 131.

## Characteristics and ordering codes

$\overline{L_{R}}$	L <sub>Smax</sub>	$V_{P}$	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code
mH	μН	Vdc, 2 s	mΩ	
6	3	750	920	B82791-G14-A12
4,7	2,5	750	900	B82791-G14-A16
0,2	1,5	750	180	B82791-G14-A17

Impedance |Z| versus frequency f B82791-G14-



# **Chokes for Power Lines**

# Selector guide

Design	I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	Features Applications	Туре	Page
	0,2 2	0,68 82	Pins fitting standard PCB grid With encapsulation	B82502	148
	0,5 10	0,1 47	Tab connectors Without encapsulation	B82503	<u>150</u>
I core	1 25	0,065 27	Screw terminals or terminal clamps With encapsulation	B82504	<u>152</u>
chokes	4 40	0,056 5,6	Screw terminals	B82505	<u>154</u>
	6 60	0,08 5,0	With encapsulation	B82506	<u>156</u>
	25 75	0,08 1,4	Screw terminals	B82507	<u>158</u>
	60 270	0,03 0,87	Without encapsulation	B82508	<u>160</u>
	250 700	0,016 0,12		B82510	<u>162</u>
	0,3 3	0,033 1,2	Attenuation of symm. interference High inductance	B82623	<u>167</u>
Ring core chokes with powder core	1 6	0,025 0,8	Attenuation of symm. interference High current handling capability	B82624	<u>169</u>
	1 10	0,18 40	Attenuation of symm./asymm. interference and of harmonics	B82615  B82627 <b>NEW</b>	<u>171</u>
	0,3 10	0,4 82	Double chokes Attenuation of asymm. interference Pins fitting standard PCB grid	B82721  B82725	180
Current- compensated	6 25	1,3 6	Triple chokes	B82747	<u>191</u>
ring core chokes	50 200	0,12 1,3	Attenuation of asymm. interference High power	B82745	<u>194</u>
	16 75	0,9 1,8	Quad chokes Attenuation of asymm. interference For converters and UPS	B82765	<u>197</u>
Current- compensated D core chokes	0,4 5	3,3 47	Double chokes With ferrite D core Attenuation of asymm. interference Pins fitting standard PCB grid Vertical design	B82731, B82732, B82734 <b>NEW</b>	200

# Chokes for Power Lines I Core Chokes

#### General

I core chokes are used to attenuate both symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference voltages. They attenuate both common-mode and differential-mode interference currents equally well. Their inductance is highly independent of magnetic bias by the operating current. Low parasitic capacitance of the coils is achieved by winding them in several sections when using wire of a circular cross-section, or by using a single-layer winding of flat or rectangular cross-section wire, wound on edge.

The open core design causes a high degree of shear, i.e. the effective permeability is lowered while the saturation limit is raised towards higher values than with closed cores. This prevents the core material reaching saturation due to the flux induced by the load current. However, it is important to note that, with I core chokes, the electromagnetic stray fields induced by the load current (e.g. 50 Hz AC) as well as by the interference currents are much stronger than those of chokes with closed cores.

The majority of I core chokes have laminated iron-silicon cores with coils wound on plastic coil formers.

Simple means of fixing are provided for mounting the chokes. Encapsulated versions with terminal pins fitting the standard PCB grid are also available.

# Chokes for Power Lines I Core Chokes

# General technical data

Rated inductance $L_{\rm R}$	Measured at 20 °C, measuring current 0,1 mA Measuring frequency: $L \le 1$ mH = 100 kHz L > 1 mH = 10 kHz	
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %	
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C or 60 °C ambient temperature	
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	The specified rated voltage is the insulating voltage that occurs during operation between the winding and accessible metal parts (VDE 0565-2).	
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical values, measured as per VDE 0565-2 at 20 °C	
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	2800 Vac, 2 s (winding/core) 2800 Vac, 2 s (winding/case)	
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 With encapsulation: 40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test) Without encapsulation: 40/110/21 (- 40 °C/+ 110 °C/21 days damp heat test) Exception B82503: 40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)	
Standards	The chokes comply with VDE 0565-2	
Current derating $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$ versus ambient temperature $T_{\rm A}$	1,4 I <sub>op</sub> 1,4 SSB0383-8 1,0 1,0 0,8 0,6	
Curve 1: Choke with encapsulation (Rated current referred to $T_{\rm A}=60~{\rm ^{\circ}C}$ ) Curve 2: Choke without encapsulation	0,4 0,2 0 20 40 60 80 100 °C 140	
(Rated current referred to $T_A = 40  ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	——	

Rated voltage 500 Vac/600 Vdc Rated current 0,2 to 2 A Rated inductance 0,68 to 82 mH

# Construction

- Rectangular plastic case
- Resin potting

# **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression
- Compact design

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

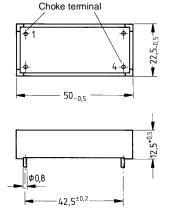
#### **Terminals**

Pins fitting standard PCB grid

## Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current

# **Outline drawing**





SSB0121-9

Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	0,75 · I <sub>R</sub>
Weight	approx. 40 g

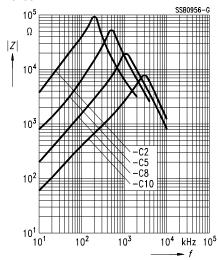
For further technical data see page 147.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	$R_{typ} \ \Omega$	Ordering code
0,2	82	45	B82502-W-C2
0,5	15	8,5	B82502-W-C5
1	3,3	1,9	B82502-W-C8
2	0,68	0,55	B82502-W-C10

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *f* B82502-W-



Rated voltage 400 Vac/450 Vdc Rated current 0,5 to 10 A Rated inductance 0,1 to 47 mH

## Construction

• Chokes with winding of enamel copper wire

#### **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

## **Terminals**

Tab connectors

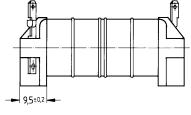
# Marking

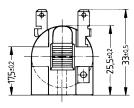
Manufacturer, ordering code, rated inductance, rated current, VDE mark

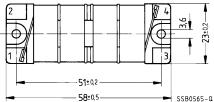
# **Approvals**

Mark of conformity	Standard
(o've)	VDE 0565-2

# **Outline drawing**









Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	0,75 · I <sub>R</sub>
Weight	approx. 70 to 90 g

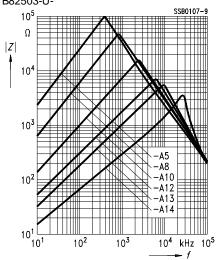
For further technical data see page 147.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	$R_{typ} \ \Omega$	Ordering code
0,5	47	10	B82503-U-A5
1	15	2,7	B82503-U-A8
2	3,3	0,7	B82503-U-A10
4	0,68	0,2	B82503-U-A12
6	0,33	0,1	B82503-U-A13
10	0,1	0,03	B82503-U-A14

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *t* B82503-U-



Rated voltage 500 Vac/600 Vdc Rated current 1 A to 25 A Rated inductance 0,065 to 27 mH

## Construction

- Reactangular plastic case
- Resin potting

#### **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

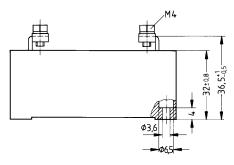
## **Terminals**

Terminal clamps or spring washers

## Marking

Ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current dc resistance, manufacturer, date of manufacture

# **Outline drawing**



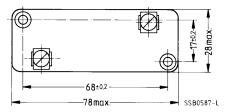






Figure 1

Type with terminal clamps



Figure 2

Type with spring washers

Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 ℃ ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	
Weight	approx. 170 g to 230 g

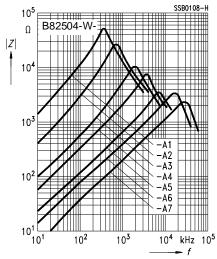
For further technical data see page 147.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	$R_{typ} \ \Omega$	Terminals Figure	Ordering code
1	27	5,25	1	B82504-W-A1
2	7,5	1,3	1	B82504-W-A2
4	2,0	0,33	1	B82504-W-A3
6	0,6	0,15	1	B82504-W-A4
10	0,2	0,054	1	B82504-W-A5
16	0,14	0,024	2	B82504-W-A6
25	0,065	0,009	2	B82504-W-A7

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency f



Rated voltage 500 Vac/600 Vdc Rated current 4 A to 40 A Rated inductance 0,056 to 5,6 mH

## Construction

- Rectangular plastic case
- Resin potting

#### **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

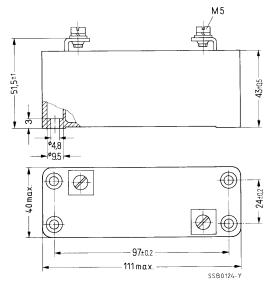
## **Terminals**

Screw terminals

# Marking

Ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current, dc resistance, manufacturer, date of manufacture

# **Outline drawing**





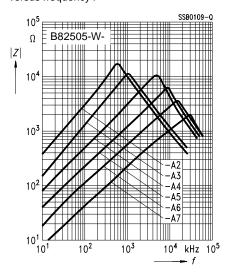
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 ℃ ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	0,6 · I <sub>R</sub>
Weight	approx. 600 g

For further technical data see page 147.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	$R_{\mathrm{typ}}$ m $\Omega$	Ordering code
4	5,6	480	B82505-W-A2
6	2,2	220	B82505-W-A3
10	1,2	75	B82505-W-A4
16	0,33	35	B82505-W-A5
25	0,15	15	B82505-W-A6
40	0,056	6	B82505-W-A7

# **Impedance** |**Z**| versus frequency *f*



Rated voltage 500 Vac/600 Vdc Rated current 6 A to 60 A Rated inductance 0,08 to 5 mH

#### Construction

- Rectangular plastic case
- Resin potting

#### **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression
- Easy to install

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

## **Terminals**

Screw terminals

# Marking

Ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current, dc resistance, manufacturer, date of manufacture

# Outline drawing M 6 904.8 995 128 ± 0.3 142,5 max.



Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>N</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	0,45 · I <sub>R</sub>
Weight	approx. 900 to 1250 g

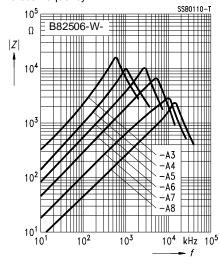
For further technical data see page 147.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	$R_{ m typ} \ { m m} \Omega$	Ordering code
6	5,0	350	B82506-W-A3
10	2,5	125	B82506-W-A4
16	1,5	50	B82506-W-A5
25	0,5	20	B82506-W-A6
40	0,2	8	B82506-W-A7
60	0,08	3,5	B82506-W-A8

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency f



Rated voltage 500 Vac/600 Vdc Rated current 25 A to 75 A Rated inductance 0,08 to 1,4 mH

#### Construction

 Flat copper wire wound on edge

# **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

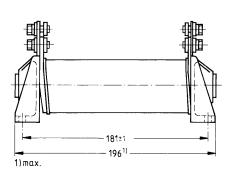
#### **Terminals**

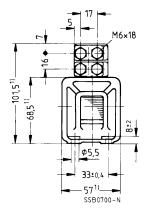
Screw terminals, 4 screws per terminal

# Marking

Manufacturer, ordering codde, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current

# **Outline drawing**







Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/110/21 (- 40 °C/+ 110 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	0,4 · I <sub>R</sub>
Weight	approx. 2,5 kg

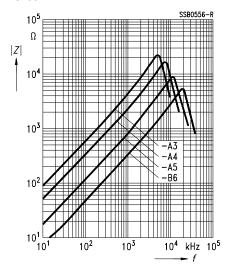
For further technical data see page 147.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	$R_{ ext{tv:p}}$ m $\Omega$	Ordering code
25	1,4	30	B82507-B-A3
35	0,55	16	B82507-B-A4
60	0,2	7	B82507-B-A5
75	0,08	2	B82507-B-B6

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *t* B82507-B-



Rated voltage 500 Vac/600 Vdc Rated current 60 A to 230 Aac / 60 A to 270 Adc Rated inductance 30 to 870 µH

#### Construction

 Flat copper wire wound on edge

# **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

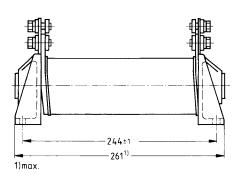
#### **Terminals**

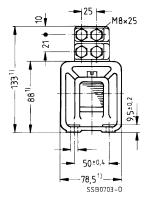
Screw terminals, 4 screws per terminal

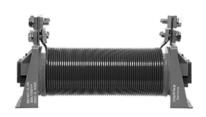
## Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current, dc resistance

# **Outline drawing**







Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/110/21 (- 40 °C/+ 110 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	0,3 · I <sub>R</sub>
Weight	approx. 6,8 kg

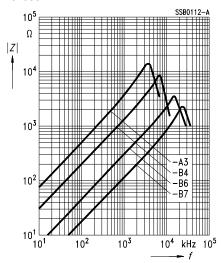
For further technical data see page 147.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> μH	$R_{ m tvr} \ { m m}\Omega$	Ordering code
60	870	10	B82508-B-A3
75	300	4	B82508-B-B4
160 Adc / 125 Aac	80	1	B82508-B-B6
270 Adc / 230 Aac	30	0,4	B82508-B-B7

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *t* B82508-B-



Rated voltage 750 Vac/900 Vdc Rated current 200 to 550 Aac/250 to 700 Adc Rated inductance 16 to 120 µH

## Construction

 Chokes with winding of copper litz wire with rectangular cross section, braided with glass-fiber yarn

#### **Features**

- Low power dissipation
- Broadband interference suppression

## **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical interference
- High-performance power supplies
- Industrial applications

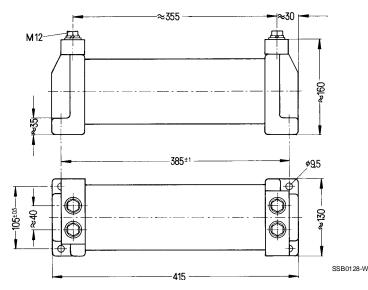
## **Terminals**

Screw terminals, 2 screws per terminal

# Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current, dc resistance

# **Outline drawing**





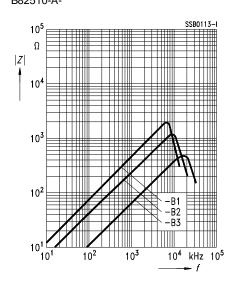
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/110/21 (- 40 °C/+ 110 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Permissible operating current at 400 Hz	see diagram

For further technical data see page 147.

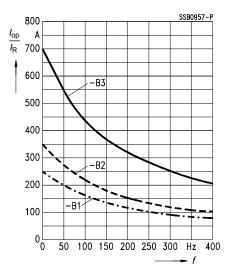
# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	$R_{typ}$	Approx. weight	Ordering code
	μН	mΩ	kg	
250 Adc / 200 Aac	120	1	18,5	B82510-A-B1
350 Adc / 275 Aac	70	0,5	19	B82510-A-B2
700 Adc/ 550 Aac	16	0,15	20	B82510-A-B3

# **Impedance** |**Z**| versus frequency *f* B82510-A-



# Permissible operating current $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$ versus operating frequency f B82510-A-



# Chokes for Power Lines Ring Core Chokes with Powder Core

#### General

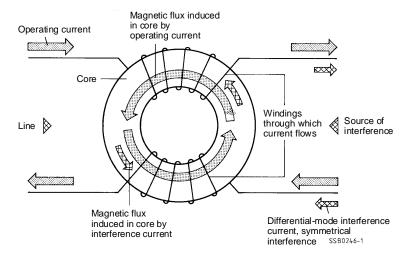


Fig. 1 Ring core choke with powder core Double choke shown as an example

Ring core chokes with iron powder core are primarily used to attenuate symmetrically propagated interference voltages and currents (differential mode) in cases where the use of X capacitors is ineffective, inadequate or undesired.

In order to avoid saturation, these chokes are equipped with a closed ring core of powdered iron with low permeability. They are often installed together with current-compensated chokes to improve differential mode interference attenuation, especially at low frequencies.

Single chokes with powder core attenuate common-mode and differential-mode RF interference on the connected line.

As both windings of double chokes are connected in series, their effect on differential-mode interference corresponds, in practice, to roughly 3,5 times their rated inductance.

Common-mode interference is also attenuated by double chokes with powder core; maximally half the rated inductance of one winding is effective. As with I core chokes – the rated inductance is only minimally affected by operating current bias. Due to the closed core, the stray field, however, is substantially lower than that of a corresponding I core choke.

# Chokes for Power Lines Ring Core Chokes with Powder Core

#### Harmonic chokes

Harmonic interference suppression chokes are a special form of powder core choke.

As of the 1st January 1996, all electronic equipment must meet the protective objectives of the EU Directive on EMC. The European generic standard EN 50081, which deals with interference emissions, specifies the respective requirements.

It is often not easy to stay within the specified limits when using modern switch-mode power supplies. These may couple higher-order harmonic frequencies of the line frequency back into the ac line. As the use of interference suppression circuits with active components is usually too complicated in devices with a capacity of up to 500 Watts, a passive-component solution in the form of a choke with high inductance at low frequencies may be useful here for suppressing differential-mode interference (3rd to 41st harmonic frequencies in the range of 150 Hz to 2050 Hz).

S + M Components is offering special passive components for attenuating these harmonics, these are called harmonic chokes.

Double chokes for harmonic interference suppression provide the additional advantage of attenuating both higher harmonics **as well as** high-frequency interference, i.e. current-compensated power line input chokes may be reduced in size or even be eliminated altogether.

Harmonic interference suppression chokes have a wide range of applications in consumer electronics (e.g. in TV receivers), in household appliances and in personal computers.

# Chokes for Power Lines Ring Core Chokes with Powder Core

# General technical data

Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measured at 20 °C, measuring current 0,1 mA  Measuring frequency: $L \le 1$ mH = 100 kHz $L > 1$ mH = 10 kHz  The rated inductance of double chokes is specified per winding		
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %; for harmonic chokes ± 20 %		
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical values, measured as per VDE 0565-2 at + 20 ℃		
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 20 % at dc load with $I_{\rm R:}$ for harmonic chokes < 50 %		
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vac / 350 Vdc		
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	In accordance with EN 132402 1500 Vac, 2 s for single chokes (winding/core) for double chokes (winding/winding)		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-2 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)		
Thermal properties	Temperature rise test as per VDE 0565-2		
Ambient temperature	40 °C		
Standards	The chokes comply with EN 138100 and VDE 0565-2		
Current derating $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$ versus ambient temperature $T_{\rm A}$	1,4 I <sub>op</sub> 1,2 1,0 0,8 0,6 0,4 0,2 0 20 40 60 80 100 °C 140		

Rated voltage 250 Vac / 350 Vdc Rated current 0,3 A to 3 A Rated inductance 0,033 to 1,2 mH

# Construction

- Ring core double choke with powder core
- Plastic case
- Complete resin potting

#### **Features**

- Case and sealing flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- High symmetrical attenuation
- Low stray inductance

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical interference
- in entertainment electronics
- in industrial machines

#### **Terminals**

Pins fitting standard PCB grid

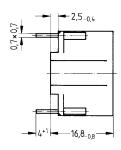
## Marking

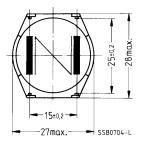
Ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current, dc resistance manufacturer, date of manufacture

# **Approvals**

Marks of conformity	Standards	
ρÝε	VDE 0565-2	
<i>9</i> 1	UL 1283	

## **Outline drawing**







Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and + 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 15 g

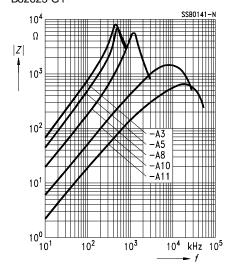
For further technical data see page 166.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> μH	$R_{ ext{tvp}}$ m $\Omega$	Ordering code
0,3	1200	2100	B82623-G1-A3
0,5	1000	1200	B82623-G1-A5
1	330	440	B82623-G1-A8
2	82	110	B82623-G1-A10
3	33	40	B82623-G1-A11

# **Impedance** |**Z**| versus frequency *f*

B82623-G1-



Rated voltage 250 Vac/ 350 Vdc Rated current 1 A to 6 A Rated inductance 25 to 800 µH

# Construction

- Ring core double choke with powder core
- Plastic case
- Complete resin potting

#### **Features**

- Case and sealing flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- High symmetrical attenuation
- Low stray inductance

# **Applications**

- Attenuation of symmetrical interference
- in entertainment electronics
- in industrial machines

#### **Terminals**

Pins fitting standard PCB grid

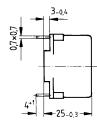
## Marking

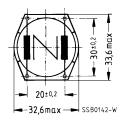
Ordering code, rated inductance, rated voltage, rated current, dc resistance manufacturer, date of manufacture

# **Approvals**

Marks of conformity	Standards
OVE.	VDE 0565-2
<u>- 7U</u>	UL 1283

# **Outline drawing**







Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and + 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at + 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 43 g

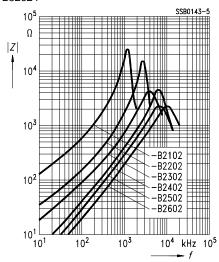
For further technical data see page 166.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> μH	$R_{ ext{tvp}}$ m $\Omega$	Ordering code
1	800	1000	B82624-B2102-N1
2	200	250	B82624-B2202-N1
3	100	120	B82624-B2302-N1
4	50	60	B82624-B2402-N1
5	40	45	B82624-B2502-N1
6	25	35	B82624-B2602-N1

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *f* B82624-



Harmonic chokes Rated voltage 250 Vac / 350 Vdc Rated current 1 A to 10 A Rated inductance 0,18 to 40 mH

#### Construction

- Ring core choke with powder core
- Two sizes (B826\*5 and B826\*7)
- Single and double chokes in each size
- Plastic case
- Complete resin potting

# **Features**

- Case and sealing flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- High attenuation of symmetrical interference at low frequencies

# **Applications**

- Reduction of current harmonics, e.g. in
- washing machines
- TV sets. PCs
- household applicances

#### **Terminals**

- B82615 and B82625:
   Pins fitting standard PCB grid
- B82617 and B82627: lead wires brought out of case, approx. 20 mm of wire ends tinned

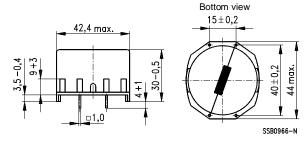
#### Marking

Ordering code, rated inductance, rated current, dc resistance manufacturer, date of manufacture



# Harmonic single choke

# **Outline drawing**



## Technical data

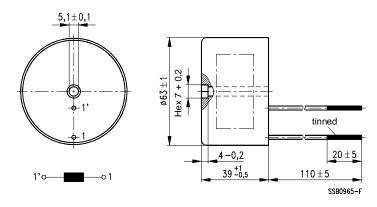
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz und + 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at + 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 110 g

For further technical data see page 166.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	R <sub>tvp</sub>	Ordering code
A	mH	mΩ	
1	20	3000	B82615-B2102-M1
2	5,0	900	B82615-B2202-M1
3	2,5	400	B82615-B2302-M1
4	1,5	220	B82615-B2402-M1
5	1,0	150	B82615-B2502-M1
6	0,7	100	B82615-B2602-M1

# Harmonic single choke

# **Outline drawing**



# Technical data

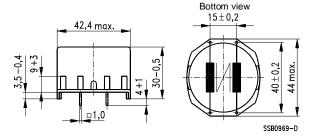
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and + 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at + 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 380 g

For further technical data see page 166.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	R <sub>tvp</sub>	Ordering code
Α	mH	mΩ	
1	40	3200	B82617-F2102-M1
2	18	1200	B82617-F2202-M1
3	9,5	700	B82617-F2302-M1
4	5,5	410	B82617-F2402-M1
5	3,5	280	B82617-F2502-M1
6	2,4	185	B82617-F2602-M1
8	1,4	100	B82617-F2802-M1
10	1,0	65	B82617-F2103-M1

## Harmonic double choke

# **Outline drawing**



## **Technical data**

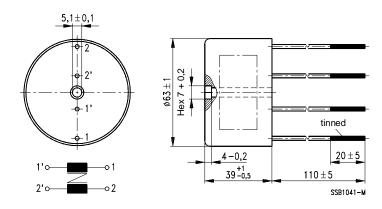
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and + 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at + 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 120 g

For further technical data see page 166.

I <sub>R</sub> A	L <sub>R</sub> mH	$R_{tvp}$ m $\Omega$	Ordering code
1	5	1400	B82625-B2102-M1
2	1,2	450	B82625-B2202-M1
3	0,7	200	B82625-B2302-M1
4	0,4	110	B82625-B2402-M1
5	0,25	75	B82625-B2502-M1
6	0,18	50	B82625-B2602-M1

## Harmonic double choke

# **Outline drawing**



# **Technical data**

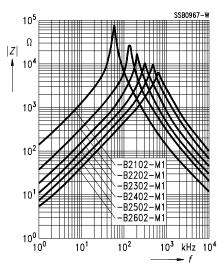
Inductance tolerance	± 20 %
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and + 40 °C ambient temperature
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Typical value, measured at + 20 °C ambient temperature
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (- 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 380 g

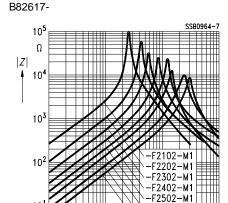
For further technical data see page 166.

I <sub>R</sub> А	L <sub>R</sub> mH	R <sub>tvp</sub> mΩ	Ordering code
1	10,0	2000	B82627-F2102-M1
2	4,5	650	B82627-F2202-M1
3	2,5	380	B82627-F2302-M1
4	1,5	200	B82627-F2402-M1
5	0,9	140	B82627-F2502-M1
6	0,6	90	B82627-F2602-M1
8	0,35	50	B82627-F2802-M1
10	0,25	35	B82627-F2103-M1

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *f* B82615-





10<sup>1</sup>

10<sup>0</sup>

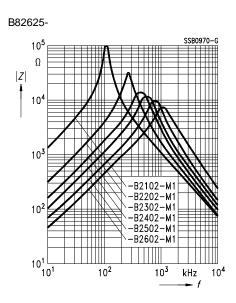
F2602-M1

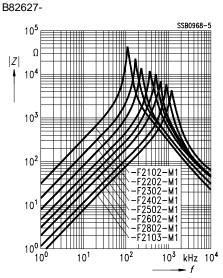
F2802-M1

-F2103-M1

 $10^{3}$ 

 $10^{2}$ 





# Chokes for Power Lines Current-Compensated Ring Core Chokes

#### General

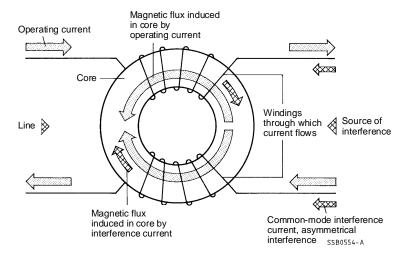


Fig. 2 Current-compensated ring core choke Double choke shown as an example

Compact electrical and electronic equipment primarily generates common-mode interference. In order to be able to meet the safety requirements (keeping within the leakage current limits and thus limiting the capacitance of Y capacitors) specified in the safety standards, chokes with a high asymmetrically effective inductance must be used.

Current-compensated chokes with a closed core topology are especially suitable for this purpose. The problem of core material saturation due to the useful current is solved in these designs by winding two coils with equal numbers of turns on the core. These coils are connected in such a way that the magnetic flux induced by the useful current flowing in the upper coil is opposite to that induced by the current flowing through the lower coil, so that the two fluxes cancel, i.e. compensate one another (cf. figure 2).

This enables the use of highly permeable ring cores, so that high inductance ratings per winding are obtained. When current-compensated double chokes with ferrite cores are used, the full inductance attenuates common-mode interference.

The operating current is only affected by the stray inductance (order of magnitude: 1 % of the rated value) and the ohmic resistance, which is generally low. As a result, the suppression of differential-mode interference by current-compensated chokes is accordingly low. In many cases, a combination with symmetrically connected capacitors or powder core chokes is therefore required.

In comparison to I core chokes, current-compensated chokes have higher inductances, very low stray fields and smaller dimensions at comparable current ratings.

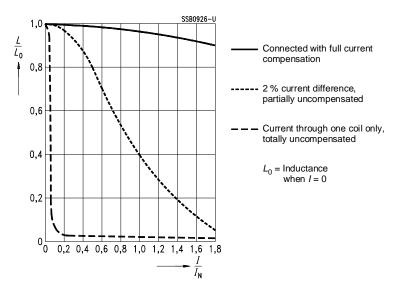


Fig. 3 Effect of current differences on current compensation

When using current-compensated chokes, care must be taken to ensure that the sum of all currents flowing through the choke (added vectorially) is zero, i. e. that the entire current flows to the load through the choke and from the load back through the choke. If only a small percentage of the rated current is conducted along another path, e.g. via the ground connection, the choke is no longer compensated and the core will be at least partially saturated. This causes a drop in the inductance.

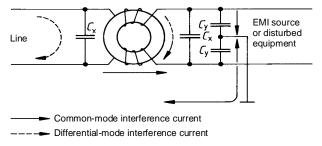


Fig. 4 Interference suppression filter circuit with a current-compensated choke

These chokes are available as double current-compensated chokes for ac equipment and as triple and quadruple chokes with current compensation for three-phase equipment without or with connected N conductor.

# Chokes for Power Lines Current-Compensated Ring Core Chokes

# General technical data

Rated voltage $V_{\rm R}$	Double chokes250 Vac Triple chokes440/250 Vac Quad chokes440/250 Vac		
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	Double chokes1500 Vac, 2 s Triple chokes2500 Vac, 2 s Quad chokes2500 Vac, 2 s		
Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measured at 20 °C, measuring current 0,1 mA  Measuring frequency:100 kHz for ≤ 1 mH  10 kHz for > 1 mH  The inductance is specified per winding.		
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10 % at dc loading with I <sub>R</sub>		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/125/56 (– 40 °C/+ 125 °C/56 days damp heat test)		
Standards	The chokes comply with VDE 0565-2, EN 138100 and IEC 938		
Current derating $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$ versus ambient temperature $T_{\rm A}$	1,4 I <sub>op</sub> 1,4 I,2 1,0 0,8 0,6 0,4		
Curve 1: Choke rated for $T_A = 60$ °C Curve 2: Choke rated for $T_A = 40$ °C	0,2 0 20 40 60 80 100 °C 140 		

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke with ferrite core
- Polycarbonate case
- Resin potting
- B82724-E without potting (eco choke)
- Sector winding



- Case and potting flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- High resonance frequency owing to special winding technique
- > 1 % stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression

# **Applications**

Application	Туре
Electronic ballasts in lamps	B82721 B82722
Switch-mode power supplies in TV sets	B82721 B82725
Washing machines	B82724 B82725
Power supplies	B82724 B82725
Chargers	B82725

## **Terminals**

- Pins  $0.7 \times 0.7$  mm or  $1 \times 1$  mm (B82725)
- Pins fitting standard PCB grid

## Marking

Ordering code, rated current, rated inductance, graphic symbol, mark of conformity, manufacturer, date code (except B82721)

# **Approvals**

Marks of conformity	Standards
	VDE 0565-2 UL 1283
<b>71</b>	UL 1283
	(except B82724-E)



Example of horizontal version



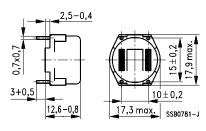
Example of vertical version

# Selector guide

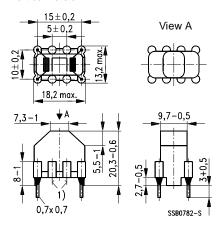
Туре	B82721-A			B82723-A B82723-J	B82724-A B82724-J	B82724-E	B82724-B	B82725-A
Page	182		<u>183</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>185</u>	186	<u>187</u>	188
Rated current I <sub>R</sub> , 50 Hz A	Rated inductance (mH) DC resistance per winding (m $\Omega$ )							•
0,3			47 2500					
0,4	39 2000	27 1700						
0,5		18 1500	27 1200	56 2200	82 2700	82 2100		
0,7		10 600						
1,0			10 480	27 750	33 810	33 650	47 880	68 1300
1,2		6,8 280						
1,4					27 500	27 370		
1,5		3,3 180						
2,0		1,0 90	2,2 130	5,6 160	6,8 190	6,8 190	10 230	18 350
2,6		0,4 60						
3,0			1,2 56					
3,6		0,4 35						
4,0				2,7 60	3,3 66	3,3 55	3,9 58	6,8 87
6,0							1,8 23	3,9 41
8,0								2,7 22
10								1,8 14

Special ratings on request

# **B82721-A**Horizontal version



**B82721-K**Vertical version



#### Technical data

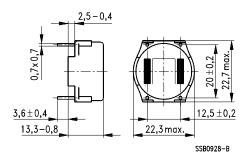
Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac	
Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)	
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C ambient temperature	
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %	
Weight	approx. 10 g	

For further technical data see page 179. For impedance = f(f) see page 189.

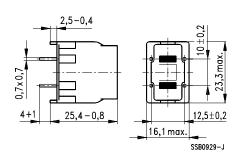
$I_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>S, typ</sub>	$R_{typ}$	Ordering code	
Α	mH	μН	mΩ	Horizontal version	Vertical version
0,4	39	450	2000	B82721-A2401-N20	B82721-K2401-N20
0,4	27	270	1700	B82721-A2401-N21	B82721-K2401-N21
0,5	18	260	1500	B82721-A2501-N1	B82721-K2501-N1
0,7	10	90	600	B82721-A2701-N20	B82721-K2701-N20
1,2	6,8	70	280	B82721-A2122-N20	B82721-K2122-N20
1,5	3,3	37	190	B82721-A2152-N1	B82721-K2152-N1
2,0	1,0	13	90	B82721-A2202-N1	B82721-K2202-N1
2,6	0,4	6	60	B82721-A2262-N1	B82721-K2262-N1
3,6	0,4	6	35	B82721-A2362-N1	B82721-K2362-N1

<sup>1)</sup> Vertical chokes with lead spacing 5 mm × 10 mm on request

# **B82722-A**Horizontal version



B82722-J Vertical version



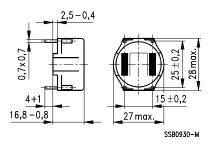
#### Technical data

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac
Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
Weight	approx. 10 g

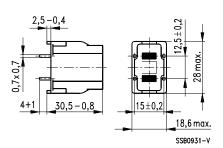
For further technical data see page 179. For impedance = f(f) see page 189.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	L <sub>S, typ</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code	
Α	mH	μН	mΩ	Horizontal version	Vertical version
0,3	47	760	2500	B82722-A2301-N1	B82722-J2301-N1
0,5	27	430	1200	B82722-A2501-N1	B82722-J2501-N1
1	10	140	480	B82722-A2102-N1	B82722-J2102-N1
2	2,2	30	130	B82722-A2202-N1	B82722-J2202-N1
3	1,2	17	56	B82722-A2302-N1	B82722-J2302-N1

# **B82723-A**Horizontal version



**B82723-J**Vertical version



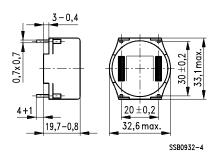
#### Technical data

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vac
Test voltage $V_p$	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
Weight	approx. 15 g

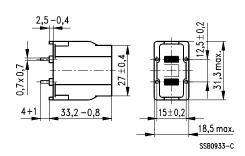
For further technical data  $\underline{\text{see page } 179}$ . For impedance = f (f)  $\underline{\text{see page } 189}$ .

I <sub>R</sub>	$L_{R}$	L <sub>S, typ</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code	
Α	mH	μН	mΩ	Horizontal version	Vertical version
0,5	56	870	2200	B82723-A2501-N1	B82723-J2501-N1
1	27	440	750	B82723-A2102-N1	B82723-J2102-N1
2	5,6	80	160	B82723-A2202-N1	B82723-J2202-N1
4	2,7	30	60	B82723-A2402-N1	B82723-J2402-N1

# **B82724-A**Horizontal version



B82724-J Vertical version



#### Technical data

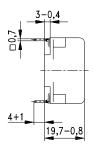
Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac
Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
Weight	approx. 25 g

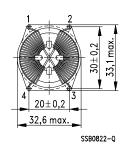
For further technical data <u>see page 179</u>. For impedance = f(f) <u>see page 190</u>.

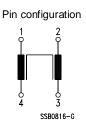
$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	L <sub>S, typ</sub>	$R_{typ}$	Ordering code	
Α	mH	μН	mΩ	Horizontal version	Vertical version
0,5	82	1000	2700	B82724-A2501-N1	B82724-J2501-N1
1	33	420	810	B82724-A2102-N1	B82724-J2102-N1
1,4	27	310	500	B82724-A2142-N1	B82724-J2142-N1
2	6,8	80	190	B82724-A2202-N1	B82724-J2202-N1
4	3,3	40	66	B82724-A2402-N1	B82724-J2402-N1

Choke without potting and glue (eco choke)
Recyclable
Better RF properties than potted standard chokes

#### **Outline drawing**





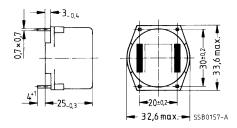


#### Technical data

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac	
Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)	
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C ambient temperature	
Inductance tolerance	<b>- 30/ + 50 %</b>	
Weight	approx. 25 g	

For further technical data  $\underline{\text{see page 179}}$ . For impedance = f (f)  $\underline{\text{see page 190}}$ .

$I_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>S, typ</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code
Α	mH	μН	mΩ	
0,5	82	950	2100	B82724-E2501-N1
1	33	400	650	B82724-E2102-N1
1,4	27	280	370	B82724-E2142-N1
2	6,8	75	190	B82724-E2202-N1
4	3,3	35	55	B82724-E2402-N1

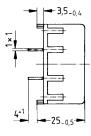


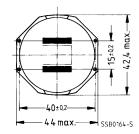
## **Technical data**

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vac	
Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)	
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature	
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %	
Weight	approx. 40 g	

For further technical data see page 179. For impedance = f(f) see page 190.

$I_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>S, typ</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code
Α	mH	μН	mΩ	
1	47	550	880	B82724-B2102-N1
2	10	110	230	B82724-B2202-N1
4	3,9	40	58	B82724-B2402-N1
6	1,8	16	23	B82724-B2602-N1





## **Technical data**

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vac
Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
Weight	approx. 60 g

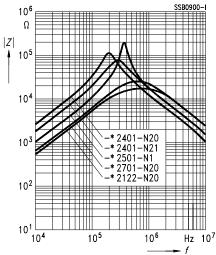
For further technical data see page 179. For impedance = f(f) see page 190.

$I_{R}$	$L_{R}$	L <sub>S, typ</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>
Α	mH	μН	mΩ	
1	68	900	1300	B82725-A2102-N1
2	18	230	350	B82725-A2202-N1
4	6,8	80	87	B82725-A2402-N1
6	3,9	45	41	B82725-A2602-N1
8	2,7	30	22	B82725-A2802-N1
10	1,8	20	14	B82725-A2103-N1

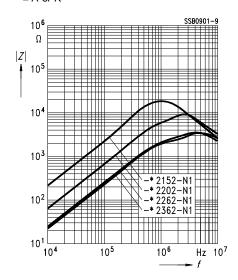
<sup>1)</sup> Chokes with 8 pins on request

Impedance |Z| versus frequency f (measured with windings in parallel)

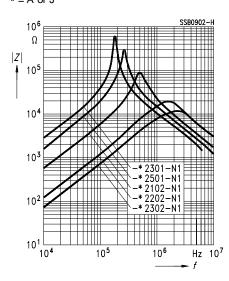




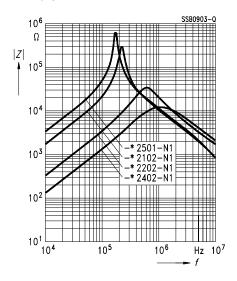
B82721-\*
\* = A or K



B82722-\*
\* = A or J

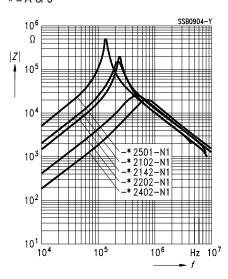


B82723-\*
\* = A or J

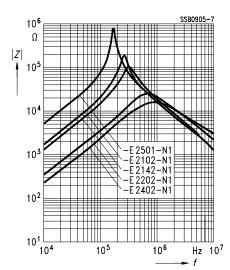


Impedance |Z| versus frequency f (measured with windings in parallel)

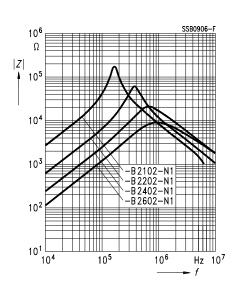
B82724-\*
\* = A or J



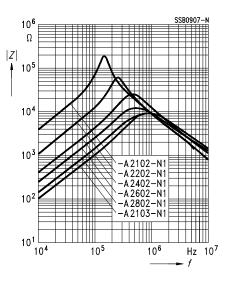
B82724-E



B82724-B



B82725-A



Rated voltage 440/250 Vac Rated current 6 to 25 A Rated inductance 1,3 to 6,0 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core triple choke with ferrite core
- Polycarbonate case
- For through-hole fixing
- Resin potting
- Sector winding

#### **Features**

- Case and sealing flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- > 1 % stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- High power

#### **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies for converters, UPS
- Power supplies

#### **Terminals**

Unidirectional tinned leads

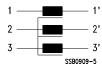
#### Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated current, rated inductance rated voltage, climatic category, mark of conformity, date code

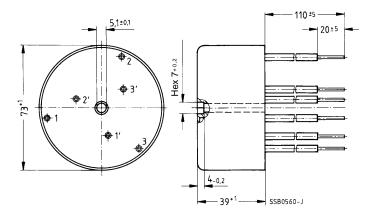
#### **Approvals**

Marks of conformity	Standards
O'E	VDE 0565-2
<i>9</i> 7	UL 1283

#### Circuit diagram







## Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	2500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
$\Delta L/L_0$	< 20 % at dc loading with I <sub>R</sub>
Weight	approx. 350 g

For further technical data see page 179.

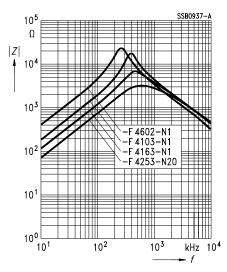
# Characteristics and ordering codes

Г <sub>R</sub> А	L <sub>R</sub> mH	L <sub>S, typ</sub> μΗ	$R_{\mathrm{typ}}$ m $\Omega$	Ordering code	Marks confor	
					ĹΩVE	77
6	6,0	550	50	B82747-F4602-N1	×	×
10	3,0	110	20	B82747-F4103-N1	×	×
16	2,0	40	12	B82747-F4163-N1	×	×
25	1,3	16	7,5	B82747-F4253-N20	_	_

 $\times$  = mark of conformity received

# Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *f* (measured with windings in parallel) B82747-



Rated voltage 440/250 Vac Rated current 50 to 200 A Rated inductance 0,12 to 1,3 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core triple choke with ferrite core
- Aluminum case
- Fixing by means of base plate
- Resin potting
- Sector winding

#### **Features**

- Sealing flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- High power

## **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies for converters, UPS
- Power supplies, medical equipment
- Track vehicles, chargers

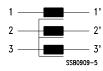
#### **Terminals**

Litz wires or stud terminals

#### Marking

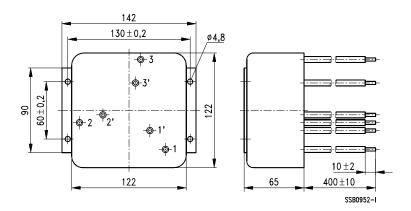
Manufacturer, ordering code, rated current, rated inductance rated volage, climatic category, terminal markings

#### Circuit diagram

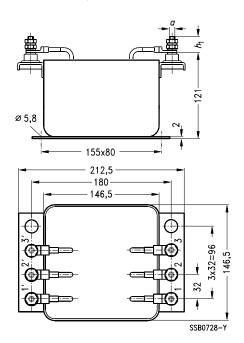




## B82745-C5-A7



## B82745-C2-A10, -A13



Туре	а	h <sub>1</sub>
B82745-C2-A10 B82745-C2-A13	M 10 M 8	30 mm 20 mm

#### Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	2500 Vac, 2 s (line/line) 2500 Vac, 2 s (line/case)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
$\Delta L/L_0$	< 20 % at dc loading with I <sub>R</sub>

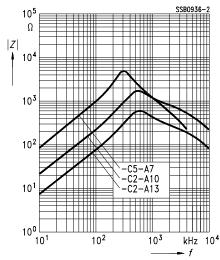
For further technical data see page 179.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	$R_{typ}$	Weight	Terminals	Ordering codes
Α	mH	mΩ	kg		
50	1,3	3,75	1,7	Litz wire 4,2 mm <sup>2</sup>	B82745-C5-A7
100	0,33	0,65	6,0	Stud terminal M 10	B82745-C2-A10
200	0,12	0,28	6,3	Stud terminal M 8	B82745-C2-A13

## Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *f* (measured with windings in parallel) B82745-



Rated voltage 440/250 Vac Rated current 16 to 75 A Rated inductance 0,9 to 1,8 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core quad choke with ferrite core
- Aluminum case
- Fixing by means of base plate
- Resin potting
- Sector winding

#### **Features**

Sealing flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0

## **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies for converters, UPS
- Power supplies, medical equipment
- Track vehicles, chargers

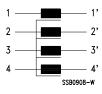
#### **Terminals**

Unidirectional tinned leads or litz wires.

#### Marking

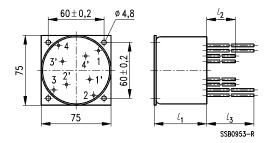
Manufacturer, ordering code, rated current, rated inductance rated voltage, climatic category, terminal markings

#### Circuit diagram



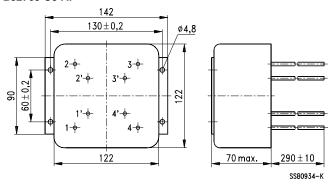


## B82765-C1-A5, -C2-A6

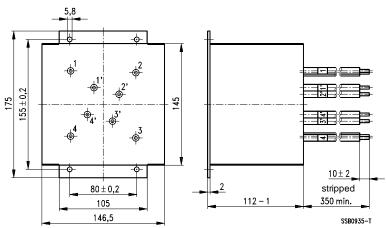


Туре	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>2</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>3</sub>
B82765-	mm	mm	mm
-C1-A5	47	160	160
-C2-A6	58	110	360

#### B82765-C5-A7



## B82765-C6-A11



#### Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	2500 Vac, 2 s (line/line) 2500 Vac, 2 s (line/case)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 60 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	± 30 %
$\Delta L/L_0$	< 20 % at dc loading with I <sub>R</sub>

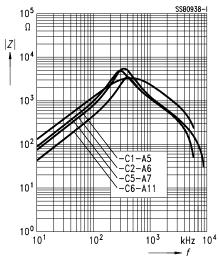
For further technical data see page 179.

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Weight	Terminals	Ordering code
Α	mH	mΩ	kg		
16	1,8	20	0,45	2×1,18 mm Ø CuL	B82765-C1-A5
25	1,3	7	0,75	Litz wire 4,2 mm <sup>2</sup>	B82765-C2-A6
50	1,3	3,75	1,7	Litz wire 11,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	B82765-C5-A7
75	0,9	2,5	6,5	Litz wire 16,7 mm <sup>2</sup>	B82765-C6-A11

## Impedance |Z|

versus frequency *f* (measured with windings in parallel) B82765-



#### Preliminary data

Rated voltage 250 Vac/250 Vdc Rated current 0,4 to 4,6 A Rated inductance 3,3 to 47 mH

#### Construction

- Current-compensated double choke with closed, rectangular ferrite core
- Closed polycarbonate coil former with 4 sections
- Without encapsulation
- 2-section winding
- Creepage distances and clearances > 3 mm
- 3 different versions available

#### **Features**

- Coil former flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0
- Recycleable owing to omission of encapsulation and glue
- High resonance frequency due to 2-section winding
- Low leakage due to closed core shape
- High pulse strength
- Low whirring noise
- Approx. 1 % stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression

#### **Applications**

- Electronic ballasts for lamps
- Switch-mode power supplies for TV sets, washing machines
- Power supplies

#### **Terminals**

- Pins  $0.5 \times 0.5$  mm or  $0.7 \times 0.7$  mm (B82734)
- Pins fitting standard PCB grid

#### Marking

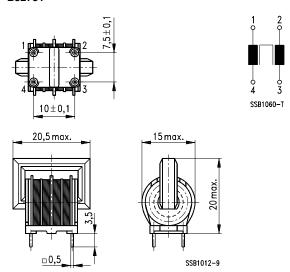
Ordering code, rated current, rated inductance, mark of conformity, manufacturer, date code

#### **Approvals**

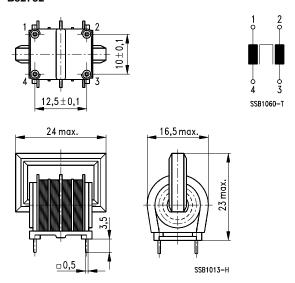
Marks of conformity	Standards
<u>^</u>	VDE 0565-2 (pending) UL 1283(pending)



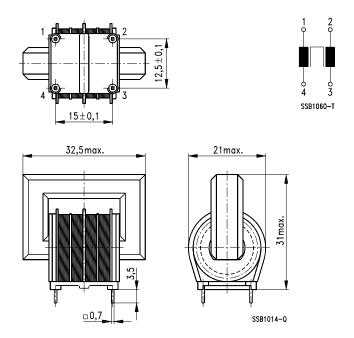
## B82731



## B82732



#### B82734



#### Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>p</sub>	1500 Vac, 2 s (line/line)
Rated voltage I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and 40 °C ambient temperature
Inductance tolerance	+30/-50 %

For further technical data see page 179.

## Characteristics and ordering codes

Version	I <sub>R</sub>	$L_{R}$	Ordering code
(core size)	Α	mH	
D20/13,5	0,4 1,5	3,3 47	B82731-R2***-A**
D23/15,5	0,6 2,2	3,3 47	B82732-R2***-A**
D31/22	1,3 4,6	3,3 47	B82734-R2***-A**

Available from 5/96.

# Selector guide

EMC filters	0		Terminals							Fre cy ran	eque			
	Current range A	No. of lines	Tab connect.	Pins	IEC connect.	Litz wires	Clamps	Studs	Lugs	占	MF	生	New	From page
General-purpose filters														
B84111-A B84115-E	1 20	2	•			•				•	•			209
B84111-A-K B84115-E-K	1 6	2			•					•	•			209
B84112-B-P30	3	2		•							•			<u>214</u>
B84101-C	0,5 6	2					•				•			238
B84102-C, -K	0,5 6	2					•				•			<u>241</u>
B84110-A	0,5 6	2		•							•			<u>247</u>
B84110-B	1,4	2		•							•			<u>251</u>
B84103	1 6	2	•		•					•	•			<u>254</u>
Filters for installations and	systems		•		•							•		
B84299-K6*	2 36	2				•				•	•			<u>257</u>
B84299-K2*	10 25	2					•				•	•		<u>264</u>
B84299-K5*	6 50	3 + N					•				•			<u>269</u>
B84299-K3*	6 75	3 + N					•				•	•		<u>273</u>
B84131	6 125	3 + N	•					•			•			<u>281</u>
B84108	10 20	3 + N	•								•		•	<u>287</u>
B84134-F	12	3 + N	•							•	•		•	<u>290</u>
B84134-A, -B	25 50	3 + N						•		•	•	•	•	<u>293</u>
Filters for converters and p	ower electro	onics												
B84142	8 25	2					•			•	•		•	<u>306</u>
B84143-A, -B	8 1600	3					•		•	•	•		•	<u>310</u>
B84144	16 1600	3 + N					•		•		•		•	<u>328</u>
Filters for installations and	shielded ro	oms												
B84312	0,1 1	2					•			•	•		•	<u>340</u>
B84204 B84226	5 200	3					•		•	•	•		•	<u>349</u>
B84299-C, -G	6 100									•				<u>349</u>

#### General

In order to fulfill the legal EMC regulations and to protect sensitive electronics against conducted interference, suppression filters are the optimum solution. Easy mounting conditions are achieved by combining interference suppression chokes and capacitors in RF-tested low-volume units.

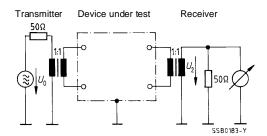
To select correct filters to suit the respective application, the following parameters should be considered:

- 1. Voltage, operating current, line frequency
- 2. Permissible leakage current
- 3. RF characteristics of the interference source and of the disturbed equipment
- 4. EMC requirements
- 5. Mechanical construction of the interference suppression filter.

In the field of interference suppression, the effectiveness of filters is largely determined by the RF characteristics of the interference source and of the disturbed equipment. Depending on the system design, the interference voltage occurs as a so-called symmetrical component between the lines or as an unsymmetrical or asymmetrical component between lines and ground (case). How the interference voltage is divided depends on the internal impedance of the interference source. If the filters are used to protect against pulses from the power supply system, the RF impedance of the connected network is also a factor to be taken into consideration.

Statements on the insertion loss of interference suppression filters taking all possible applications into consideration would therefore require many diagrams. Because of this, it is international standard practice to state only one insertion loss value, measured on a system with a defined characteristic impedance. In Germany, a characteristic impedance of Z =  $50~\Omega$  is mainly used. The corresponding test set-up for measuring the insertion loss is shown below:

#### a) Symmetrical insertion loss measurement (differential mode)

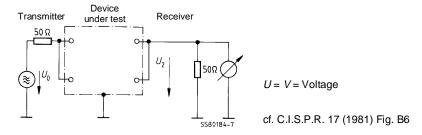


$$U = V = Voltage$$

Insertion loss 
$$\alpha_e = 20 \text{ Ig } \frac{U_0}{2 \cdot U_2} [\text{dB}]$$

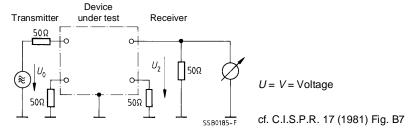
\_\_\_\_

b) Asymmetrical measurement (common mode), branches connected in parallel



Asymmetrical measurement with lines connected in parallel is widely used in the United States. Some diagrams in this data book show the results of this measurement in addition to those obtained according to a) and c).

#### c) Unsymmetrical measurement, adjacent branch terminated

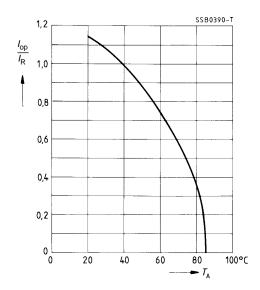


The termination of the adjacent line with a defined resistance value has not yet been standardized. As far as this data book contains attenuation characteristics determined by other measuring arrangements, the deviations are indicated where the relevant diagrams are shown.

#### General technical data

The filters are dimensioned for continuous operation at rated voltage and rated frequency. Their design allows operation at full rated current and ambient temperatures up to 40 °C. The operating currents permissible at other ambient temperatures are plotted in the following graph.

Current derating  $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$  versus ambient temperature  $T_{\rm A}$ 



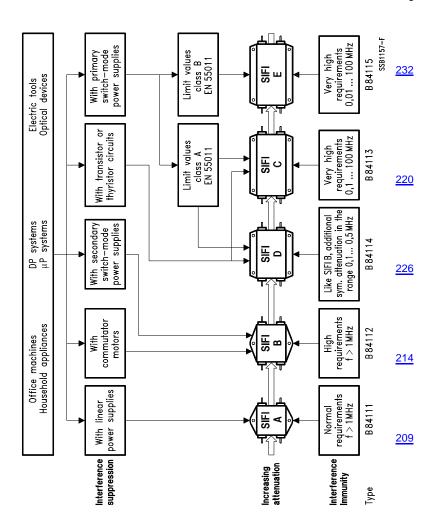
#### Overvoltages

In addition to the operating voltage permitted (= rated voltage  $V_{\rm R}$ ) in VDE specification 0565-3, overvoltages up to 1,1 times the rated voltage  $V_{\rm R}$  are allowed for EMI suppression filters. These overvoltages are only permissible as occasional line fluctuations up to 2 hours per day.

(The limit of "2 hours per day" is only meant to be a general guide value to indicate clearly that such overvoltages are only permissible as exceptions).

## Selector guide for SIFI filters

Page



# General-Purpose Filters SIFI Series

## General technical data

Construction		I SIFI filters are incorporated in a shielded aluminum case, which is sealed th self-hardening, flame-retardant resin (UL 94 V-0)									
Case styles and	Case style A	Tab connectors on face ends, lateral mounting tabs.  Particularly suitable for mounting on a shielding wall.									
terminal styles	Case style B	Tab connectors on face ends, mounting tabs on face ends.									
	Case style K	IEC connector as per IEC 320 C 14 on line side, tab connectors on load side, mounting holes with metric thread.									
	Case style L Litz wires on face ends										
	Case style P	Pins fitting PCB standard grid									
Discharge resistors		resistors are designed such that one second after having dis- device from the power line, the voltage at the line connector opped to 34 V.									
Leakage current  Since the Y capacitors have voltage-independent dielectrics a lease than 0,5 mA per branch is safely kept at 50 Hz.											
	Exceptions: B8	Exceptions: B84115-E-*60 and -E-*110 with a leakage current <3,5 mA.									

## SIFI-A for normal attenuation Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 1 A to 20 A

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Aluminum case

#### **Features**

- Compact design
- Low leakage current
- All relevant marks of confomity
- Cost-optimized construction

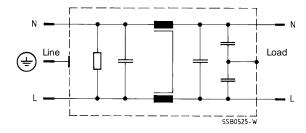
# **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies in
  - industrial electronics
  - telecommunications
  - data systems
  - medical engineering

#### **Terminals**

Various terminal styles depending on case styles A, B, K, L

## Circuit diagram





## **Technical data**

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage $V_{\rm P}$	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 0,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (– 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$	$L_{R}$	Case style	Appr. weight	Ordering code	Approvals					
Α				g		ρν <sub>ε</sub> 565-3	\$	<b>D</b>	(2)	<i>9</i> 1	<b>(F</b>
1	2 × 0,1 μF (X2)	2×1,5 mH	Α	80	B84111-A-A10	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+ 2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	140	B84111-A-K10	×	×	×	×	×	×
2	2 × 0,1 μF (X2) + 2 × 4700 pF (Y2)	2 × 1,5 mH	A	80	B84111-A-A20	×	×	×	×	×	×
3	2 × 0,1 μF (X2)	2×1,5 mH	Α	80	B84111-A-A30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		K	140	B84111-A-K30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	80	B84111-A-L30	×	×	×	×	×	×
6	2 × 0,1 μF (X2)	2×1,8 mH	Α	110	B84111-A-A60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	110	B84111-A-B60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	140	B84111-A-K60	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	110	B84111-A-L60	×	×	×	×	×	×
10	$2 \times 0,1  \mu F (X2)$	$2 \times 820 \mu H$	Α	120	B84111-A-A110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	120	B84111-A-B110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	120	B84111-A-L110	×	×	×	×	×	×
20	2 × 0,1 μF (X2)	2×470 μH	Α	210	B84111-A-A120	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+ 2 × 4700 pF (Y2)	·	В	210	B84111-A-B120	×	×	×	×	×	×

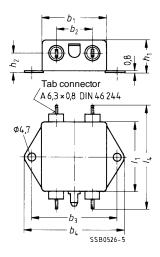
 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

## Case styles and dimensions

Case	Ordering	Dime	nsions	in mn	n									
style	code	<i>b</i> <sub>1</sub>	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	$I_2$	l <sub>3</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>4</sub>	$h_1$	$h_2$	Litz	Style	
	B84111-											mm <sup>2</sup>	1015	
Α	-A-A10	45	26,5	60,4	70	50	_	_	76,5	22,3	14	_	_	
K	-A-K10	51		_	—	63,5	_	_		32	_			
A	-A-A20	45	26,5	60,4	70	50	_	_	76,5	22,3	14	_	_	
A	-A-A30	45	26,5	60,4	70	50	_	_	76,5	22,3	14	_	_	
K	-A-K30	51		_	_	63,5	_	_		32	_			
L	-A-L30	45		60,4	70	50	_	_		28,6	_	0,82	AWG18	
A	-A-A60	45	26,5	60,4	70	50	_	_	76,5	28,6	20	_	_	
В	-A-B60	45	26,5	<b> </b> —	l—	50	60,4	70	76,5	28,6	20		_	
K	-A-K60	51		_	_	63,5	_	_		32	_		_	
L	-A-L60	45	_	60,4	70	50	_	_	-	28,6	_	0,82	AWG18	
A	-A-A110	45	26,5	60,4	70	50	_	_	76,5	28,6	20	_	_	
В	-A-B110	45	26,5	<b> </b> —	l—	50	60,4	70	76,5	28,6	20		_	
L	-A-L110	45		60,4	70	50	_	_		28,6	—	1,35	AWG16	
A	-A-A120	63,5	31,5	74,7	84,5	50,8	_	_	77	38,1	28	_	_	
В	-A-B120			see outline drawing										

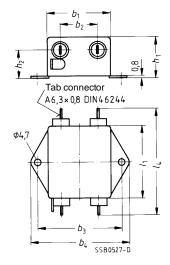
## Case style A

B84111-A-A10 B84111-A-A20 B84111-A-A30



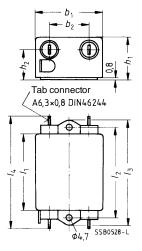
## Case style A

B84111-A-A60 B84111-A-A110 B84111-A-A120

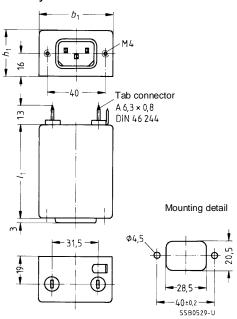


## Case style B

B84111-A-B60 B84111-A-B110

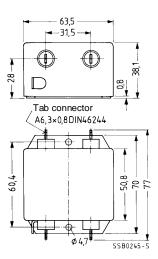


## Case style K



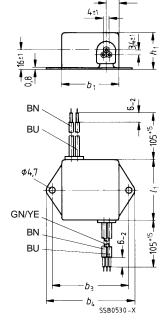
# Case style B

B84111-A-B120



10±1

## Case style L



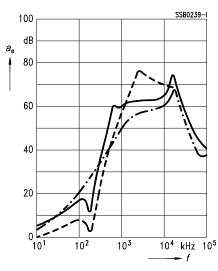
## **Insertion loss** (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

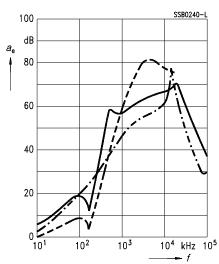
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

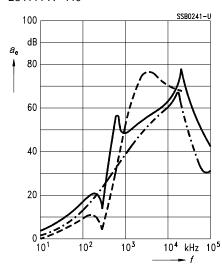




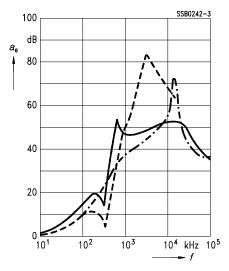
#### B84111-A-\*60







B84111-A-\*120



SIFI-B for enhanced attenuation Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 1 A to 20 A

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Aluminum case

#### **Features**

- Compact design
- Low leakage current
- All relevant marks of confomity
- Cost-optimized construction

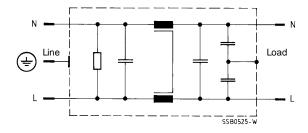
#### **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies in
  - industrial electronics
  - telecommunications
  - data systems
  - medical engineering

#### **Terminals**

Various terminal styles depending on case styles A, B, K, L, P

## Circuit diagram





## **Technical data**

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 0,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

$I_{R}$	C <sub>R</sub>	$L_{R}$	Case Appr. Ordering code style weight		Ordering code	Ар	pro	vals			
Α			Style	g			\$	(D)	(2)	<b>7</b> 1	<b>(F</b>
1	$2 \times 0.15 \mu\text{F} (X2)$	2×10 mH	Α	110	B84112-B-A10	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	110	B84112-B-B10	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	140	B84112-B-K10	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	110	B84112-B-L10	×	×	×	×	×	×
2	$2 \times 0.15 \mu\text{F} (X2)$	2×10 mH	Α	110	B84112-B-A20	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	110	B84112-B-B20	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	110	B84112-B-L20	×	×	×	×	×	×
3	$2 \times 0.22 \mu\text{F} (X2)$	2×10 mH	Α	140	B84112-B-A30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	140	B84112-B-B30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	210	B84112-B-K30	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	140	B84112-B-L30	×	×	×	×	×	×
			Р	140	B84112-B-P30	×	×	×	-	×	×
6	2 × 0,33 μF (X2)	2×3,3 mH	Α	150	B84112-B-A60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	150	B84112-B-B60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	210	B84112-B-K60	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	150	B84112-B-L60	×	×	×	×	×	×
10	$2 \times 0.47 \mu\text{F} (X2)$	2×1,8 mH	Α	200	B84112-B-A110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	200	B84112-B-B110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	200	B84112-B-L110	×	×	×	×	×	×
20	2 × 0,68 μF (X2)	2×1,8 mH	Α	700	B84112-B-A120	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	700	B84112-B-B120	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)										

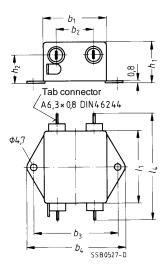
 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

# Case styles and dimensions

Case	Ordering	Dime	Dimensions in mm											
style	code B84112-	<i>b</i> <sub>1</sub>	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$	1/1	$I_2$	$I_3$	<i>I</i> <sub>4</sub>	h <sub>1</sub>	$h_2$	Litz mm²	Style 1015	
A	-B-A10	45	26,5	60,4	70	50	_	_	76,5	28,6	20	_	_	
В	-B-B10	45	26,5		_	50	60,4	70	76,5	28,6	20	<b> </b>		
K	-B-K10	51		_	_	63,5	_	_		32	_		_	
L	-B-L10	45	_	_	_	50	60,4	70	_	28,6	_	0,82	AWG18	
A	-B-A20	45	26,5	60,4	70	50	_	_	76,5	28,6	20	_	<u> </u>	
В	-B-B20	45	26,5		_	50	60,4	70	76,5	28,6	20	_	_	
L	-B-L20	45			_	50	60,4	70		28,6	_	0,82	AWG18	
A	-B-A30	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	28,6	20	_	<u> </u>	
В	-B-B30	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	28,6	20		_	
K	-B-K30	50,8		_	_	79,5	_	_		32	_	_	<u> </u>	
L	-B-L30	50,8				63,5	74,7	84,5		28,6		0,82	AWG18	
Р	-B-P30					S	ee out	line dr	awing					
A	-B-A60	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	28,6	20	_	_	
В	-B-B60	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	28,6	20	_	_	
K	-B-K60	50,8			_	79,5		<b> </b> —		32	_	_	_	
L	-B-L60	50,8			_	63,5	74,7	84,5		28,6	_	0,82	AWG18	
A	-B-A110	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	38,1	28	_	_	
В	-B-B110	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	38,1	28	_	<u> </u>	
L	-B-L110	50,8			_	63,5	74,7	84,5		38,1	_	1,35	AWG16	
A B	-B-A120 -B-B120					S	ee out	line dra	awing					

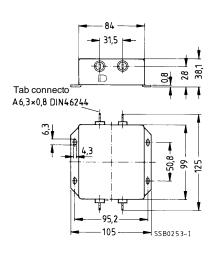
### Case style A

B84112-B-A10 ... B84112-B-A110



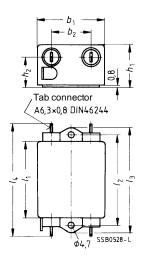
## Case style A

B84112-B-A120



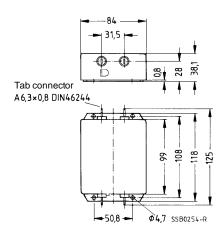
#### Case style B

B84112-B-B10 ... B84112-B-B110

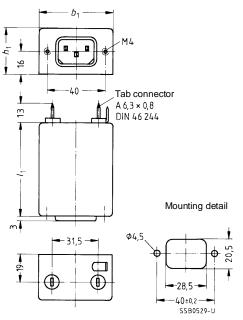


## Case style B

B84112-B-B120

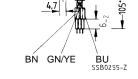


## Case style K

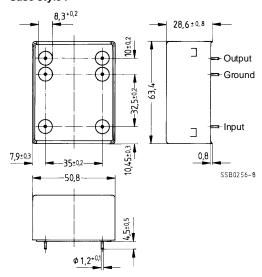


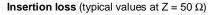
#### 10:1

Case style L



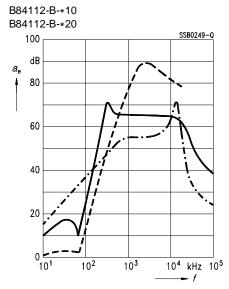
## Case style P



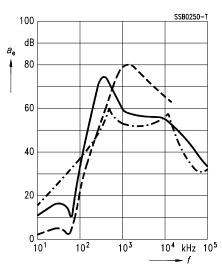


unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

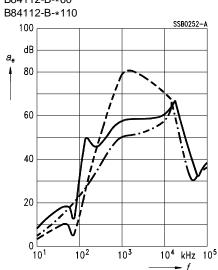
symmetrical (differential mode)



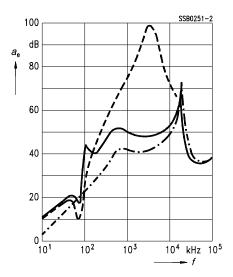








B84112-B-\*120



SIFI-C for very high attenuation Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 3 A to 10 A

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Aluminum case

#### **Features**

- Compact design
- Low leakage current
- All relevant marks of confomity
- Cost-optimized construction

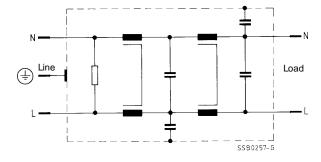
#### **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies in
  - industrial electronics
  - telecommunications
  - data systems
  - medical engineering

#### **Terminals**

Various terminal styles depending on case styles A, B, K, L

#### Circuit diagram





#### **Technical data**

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage $V_P$	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 0,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (-25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

## Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$	$L_{R}$	Case	Appr. weight	Ordering code	Ар	pro	vals			
Α				g		565-3	\$	<b>D</b>	(3)	27	<b>(P</b>
3	$2 \times 0.47  \mu F  (X2)$	4 × 4,7 mH	Α	210	B84113-C-A30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	210	B84113-C-B30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	270	B84113-C-K30	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	210	B84113-C-L30	×	×	×	×	×	×
6	$2 \times 0.47  \mu F  (X2)$	4 × 4,7 mH	Α	510	B84113-C-A60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	510	B84113-C-B60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	510	B84113-C-L60	×	×	×	×	×	×
10	$2 \times 0.47  \mu F  (X2)$	4 × 3,6 mH	Α	690	B84113-C-A110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	690	B84113-C-B110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	690	B84113-C-L110	×	×	×	×	×	×

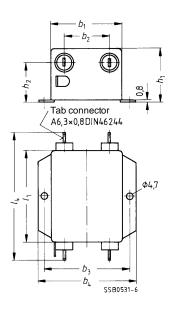
 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

## Case styles and dimensions

Case	Ordering	Dime	imensions in mm										
style	code	$b_1$	$ b_2 $	$ b_3 $	$b_4$	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	1/2	<i>l</i> <sub>3</sub>	<i>l</i> <sub>4</sub>	h <sub>1</sub>	$h_2$	Litz	Style
	B84113-											mm <sup>2</sup>	1015
A	-C-A30	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	38,1	28	_	_
В	-C-B30	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	38,1	28		_
K	-C-K30	50,8		_	_	63,5	_	<b> </b> —	l —	38	_		_
L	-C-L30	50,8	_	_	—	63,5	74,7	84,5		38,1	—	0,82	AWG18
A	-C-A60					S	ee out	line dr	awing				_
В	-C-B60					S	ee out	line dr	awing				
L	-C-L60	50,8	-	-	-	133	142,9	153	-	44,5	-	0,82	AWG18
A	-C-A110		See outline drawing										
В	-C-B110		See outline drawing										
L	-C-L110	50,8	-	-	_	133	142,9	153	-	44,5	_	1,35	AWG16

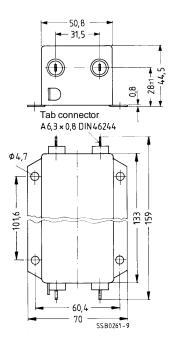
## Case style A

B84113-C-A30



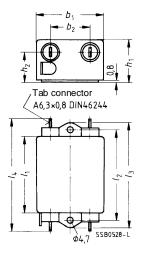
## Case style A

B84113-C-A60 B84113-C-A110



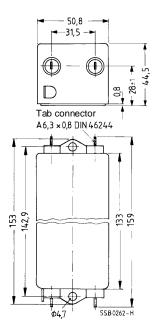
## Case style B

B84113-C-B30

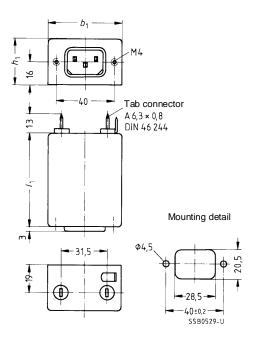


## Case style B

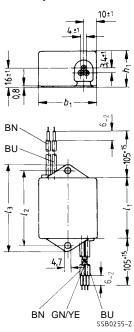
B84113-C-B60 B84113-C-B110



## Case style K



## Case style L

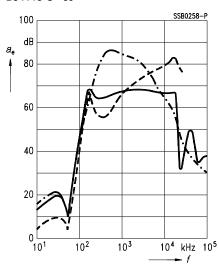


unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

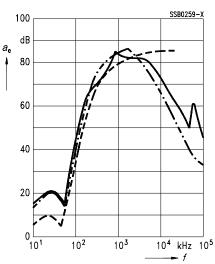
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

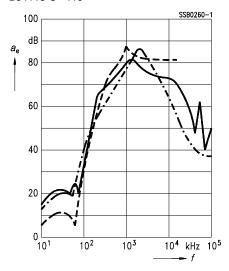
#### B84113-C-\*30



#### B84113-C-\*60



#### B84113-C-\*110



SIFI-D for high attenuation Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 1 A to 10 A

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Aluminum case

#### **Features**

- Compact design
- Low leakage current
- All relevant marks of confomity
- Cost-optimized construction

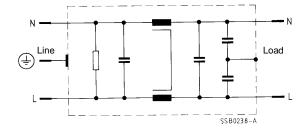
#### **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies in
  - industrial electronics
  - telecommunications
  - data systems
  - medical engineering

#### **Terminals**

Various terminal styles depending on case styles A, B, K, L

#### Circuit diagram





#### **Technical data**

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 0,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

## Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$	$L_{R}$	Case style	Appr. weight	Ordering code	Ар	pro	vals			
Α			Style	g		565-3	\$	<b>D</b>	(2)	<i>9</i> 1	<b>(F</b>
1	$2 \times 0.47  \mu F (X2)$	2×5,6 mH	Α	150	B84114-D-A10	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	150	B84114-D-B10	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	210	B84114-D-K10	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	150	B84114-D-L10	×	×	×	×	×	×
2	2 × 0,47 μF (X2)	2×5,6 mH	Α	150	B84114-D-A20	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	150	B84114-D-B20	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	150	B84114-D-L20	×	×	×	×	×	×
3	$2 \times 0.47  \mu F  (X2)$	2×5,6 mH	Α	150	B84114-D-A30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	150	B84114-D-B30	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	210	B84114-D-K30	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	150	B84114-D-L30	×	×	×	×	×	×
6	2 × 0,47 μF (X2)	2×4,7 mH	Α	230	B84114-D-A60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	230	B84114-D-B60	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		K	290	B84114-D-K60	×	×	×	×	×	×
			L	230	B84114-D-L60	×	×	×	×	×	×
10	$2 \times 0.68  \mu F (X2)$	2 × 4,7 mH	Α	420	B84114-D-A110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	+		В	420	B84114-D-B110	×	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)		L	420	B84114-D-L110	×	×	×	×	×	×

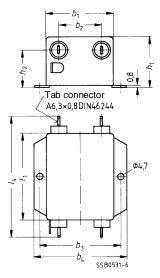
 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

## Case styles and dimensions

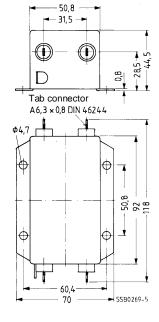
Case	Ordering	Dime	nsions	in mn	n								
style	code B84114-	<i>b</i> <sub>1</sub>	$b_2$	<i>b</i> <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>4</sub>	1/1	1/2	l <sub>3</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>4</sub>	h <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>2</sub>	Litz mm²	Style 1015
A	-D-A10	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	28,6	20	_	_
В	-D-B10	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	28,6	20		_
K	-D-K10	50,8		_	_	79,5	_	_		32	_		_
L	-D-L10	50,8	_	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	_	28,6	_	0,82	AWG18
A	-D-A20	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	28,6	20	_	_
В	-D-B20	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	28,6	20		_
L	-D-L20	50,8		_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	_	28,6	_	0,82	AWG18
A	-D-A30	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	28,6	20	_	_
В	-D-B30	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	28,6	20		_
K	-D-K30	50,8		_	_	79,5		_		32	_		_
L	-D-L30	50,8		_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	_	28,6	_	0,82	AWG18
A	-D-A60	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	75,5	_	_	101,5	31,8	20	_	_
В	-D-B60	50,8	31,5	_	_	75,5	87,1	97	101,5	31,8	20		_
K	-D-K60	50,8		_	_	92,5	<b> </b> —	_		32	_		_
L	-D-L60	50,8		_	_	75,5	87,1	97	_	31,8	_	0,82	AWG18
A	-D-A110		See outline drawing										
В	-D-B110		See outline drawing										
L	-D-L110	50,8		-	-	92	103,1	113		44,5	-	1,35	AWG16

#### Case style A

B84114-D-A10 ... B84114-D-A60

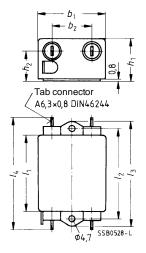


B84114-D-A110

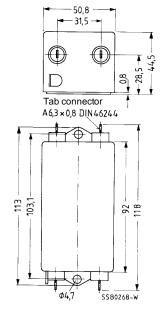


## Case style B

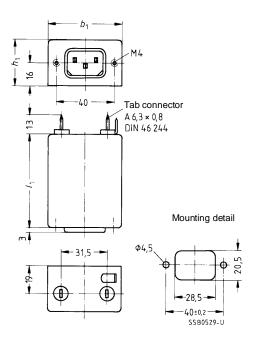
B84114-D-B10 ... B84114-D-B60



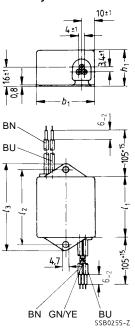
B84114-D-B110



## Case style K



## Case style L

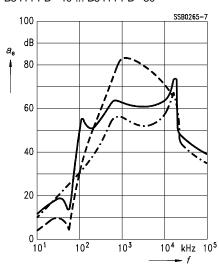


unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

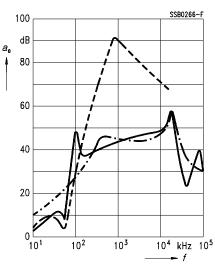
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

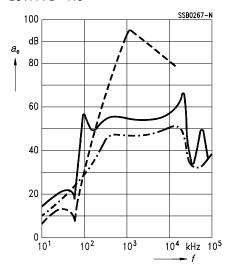
#### B84114-D-\*10 ... B84114-D-\*30



#### B84114-D-\*60



#### B84114-D-\*110



SIFI-E for very high attenuation Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 3 A to 10 A

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Aluminum case

#### **Features**

- Compact design
- Very high insertion loss, even in the range below 100 kHz
- Low leakage current
- All relevant marks of confomity
- Cost-optimized construction

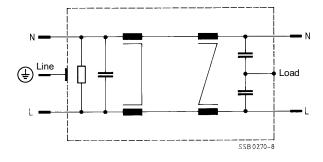
#### **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies in
  - industrial electronics
  - telecommunications
  - data systems
  - medical engineering

#### **Terminals**

Various terminal styles depending on case styles A, B, K

#### Circuit diagram





#### Technical data

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 0,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz (for I <sub>R</sub> = 3 A) < 3,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz (for I <sub>R</sub> > 6 A)
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

## Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub>	C <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>R</sub>	Cas style	Appr. weight	Ordering code	Ap	prov		<b>91</b>	
				-		565-3	(5)	<u>ري</u>	77	90
3	0,47 μF (X2)	$2 \times 270 \mu\text{H}$	Α	210	B84115-E-A30	×	×	×	×	×
	+	+	В	210	B84115-E-B30	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)	2×16 mH	K	270	B84115-E-K30	×	×	×	×	×
6	0,47 μF (X2)	$2 \times 100  \mu H$	Α	510	B84115-E-A60	×	×	×	×	×
	+	+	В	510	B84115-E-B60	×	×	×	×	×
	2 × 22 nF (Y2)	2 × 4,7 mH	K	510	B84115-E-K60	×	×	×	×	×
10	0,47 μF (X2)	2×47 μH	Α	690	B84115-E-A110	×	×	×	×	×
	+	+	В	690	B84115-E-B110	×	×	×	×	×
	2×22 nF (Y2)	2 × 3,6 mH								

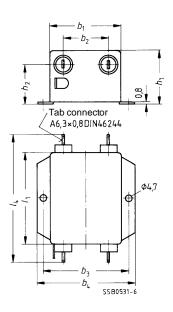
 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

## Case styles and dimensions

Case	Ordering code	Dime	nsions	in mm							
style		<i>b</i> <sub>1</sub>	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$	1/1	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$h_1$	$h_2$
A	B84115-E-A30	50,8	31,5	60,4	70	63,5	_	_	89,5	38,1	28
В	B84115-E-B30	50,8	31,5	_	_	63,5	74,7	84,5	89,5	38,1	28
K	B84115-E-K30	50,8	_	_	_	79,5		_	_	38	_
A	B84115-E-A60				See	outlin	e draw	ing			
В	B84115-E-B60				See	outlin	e draw	ing			
K	B84115-E-K60	See outline drawing									
A	B84115-E-A110	See outline drawing									
В	B84115-E-B110	See outline drawing									

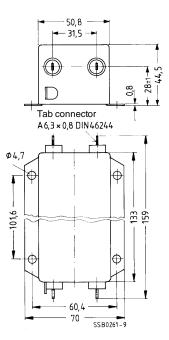
## Case style A

B84115-E-A30



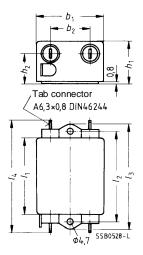
## Case style A

B84115-E-A60 B84115-E-A110



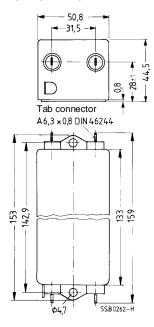
## Case style B

B84115-E-B30



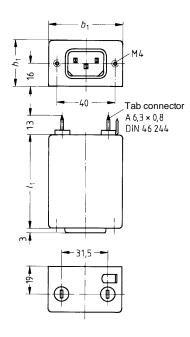
## Case style B

B84115-E-B60 B84115-E-B110

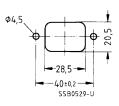


## Case style K

B84115-E-K30

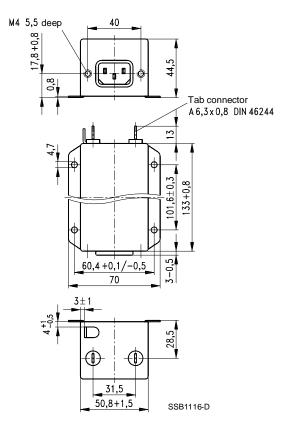


## Mounting detail



## Case style K

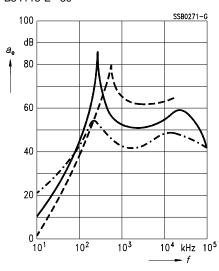
B84115-E-K60



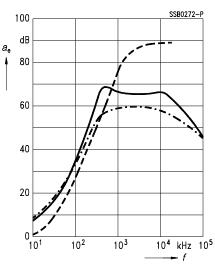
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

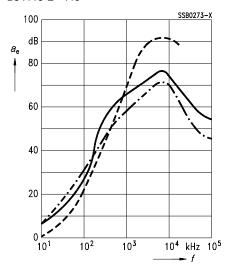
#### B84115-E-\*30



#### B84115-E-\*60



#### B84115-E-\*110



Power line filters for single-phase systems Rated voltage 250 Vdc/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 0,5 to 6 A

#### Construction

- Cable clamps for strain relief on load side and line side
- Shock-hazard protection by metal cover
- Filter comprises I core double choke (as per VDE 0565-2) and broadband multiple-section capacitor (as per VDE 0565-1)



• High insertion loss

#### **Applications**

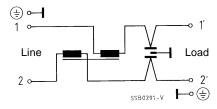
• Industrial equipment and small-size systems

#### **Terminals**

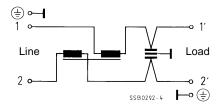
Safe-to-touch terminal blocks

#### Circuit diagrams

B84101-C10 ... -C60

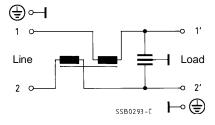


#### B84101-C140, -C150





#### B84101-C180



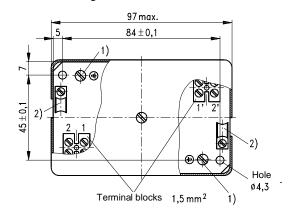
#### Technical data

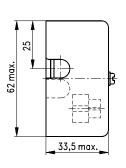
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vdc/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1650 Vdc, 2 s, (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s, (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 300 g

## Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	C <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>R</sub>	/ <sub>leak</sub> mA	Ordering code
0,5	0,1 μF (X1)	2 × 15 mH	< 0,5	B84101-C10
1	+	2 × 3,9 mH	< 0,5	B84101-C20
2	2 × 2500 pF (Y2)	2 × 1,2 mH	< 0,5	B84101-C30
4	0,1 μF (X1) + 2 × 5000 pF (Y2)	2×220 μH	< 0,5	B84101-C60
2	2 × 0,035 μF (Y2)	2 × 1,2 mH	< 3,5	B84101-C140
4		2 × 220 μH	< 3,5	B84101-C150
6		2 × 82 μH	< 3,5	B84101-C180

## **Outline drawing**



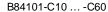


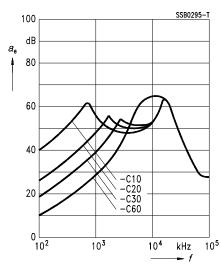
SSB1065-Z

Grounding screw M3,5
 Cable clamp for outside cable Ø 7 ... 8 mm

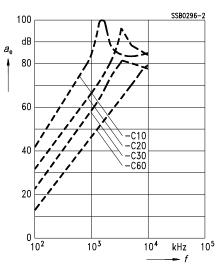
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

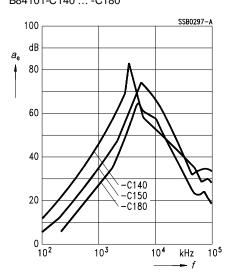




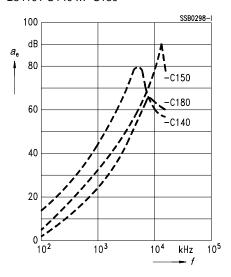
#### B84101-C10 ... -C60



## B84101-C140 ... -C180



B84101-C140 ... -C180



Power line filters for single-phase systems Rated voltage 250 Vdc/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 0,5 to 4 A

#### Construction

- Plastic case
- Filter comprises I core double choke and broadband multiple-section capacitor

#### **Features**

High insertion loss

## **Applications**

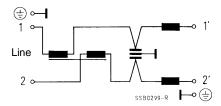
Industrial equipment and small-size systems

#### **Terminals**

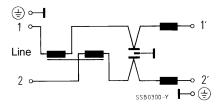
Safe-to-touch terminal blocks

### Circuit diagrams

B84102-C20 ... -C50



#### B84102-C140, -C150





#### **Technical data**

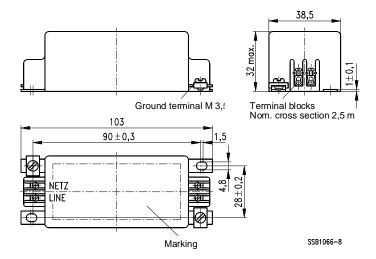
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vdc/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage $V_P$	1650 Vdc, 2 s, (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s, (lines/ground)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (– 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 250 g

## Characteristics and ordering codes

I <sub>R</sub> A	$C_{R}$	$L_{R}$	/ <sub>leak</sub> mA	Ordering code	Approvals
0,5	0,1 μF (X1)	$2 \times 13,5$ mH, $2 \times 14$ $\mu$ H	< 0,5	B84102-C20	×
1	+	$2 \times 3,1$ mH, $2 \times 8$ $\mu$ H	< 0,5	B84102-C30	×
2	2 × 2500 pF (Y2)	$2 \times 1,1$ mH, $2 \times 2$ $\mu$ H	< 0,5	B84102-C40	×
4		$2 \times 220 \mu H$ , $2 \times 1 \mu H$	< 0,5	B84102-C50	×
2	2 × 0,035 μF (Y2)	$2 \times 1,1$ mH, $2 \times 2$ $\mu$ H	< 3,5	B84102-C140	×
4		$2 \times 220 \mu H$ , $2 \times 1 \mu H$	< 3,5	B84102-C150	×

 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

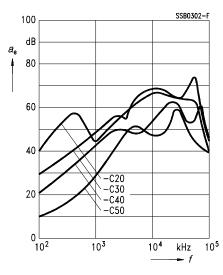
## **Outline drawing**



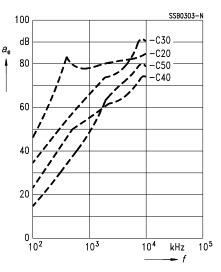
— unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

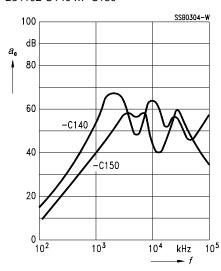




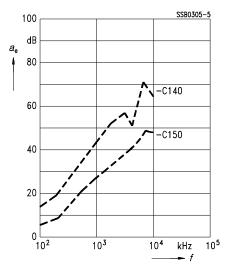
#### B84102-C20 ... -C50



#### B84102-C140 ... -C150



B84102-C140 ... -C150



## Power line filters for single-phase systems Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 1 to 6 A

#### Construction

- Plastic case
- Filter comprises current-compensated choke

#### **Features**

High insertion loss

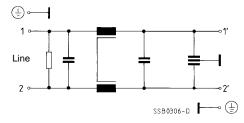
#### **Applications**

Industrial equipment and small-size systems

#### **Terminals**

Safe-to-touch terminal blocks

## Circuit diagram



#### Technical data

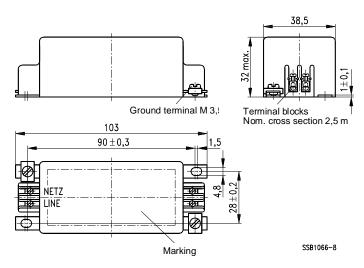
Rated voltage $V_{\rm R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz		
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature		
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/ground)		
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (– 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days humidity test)		
Weight	approx. 250 g		



## Characteristics and ordering codes

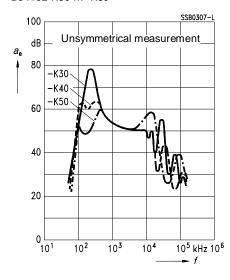
$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$	$L_{R}$	I <sub>leak</sub>	Ordering code
Α		mH	mA	
1	2 × 0,22 μF (X2) + 2 × 2500 pF (Y2)	2×18	< 0,5	B84102-K30
2	2 × 0,33 μF (X2) + 2 × 2500 pF (Y2)	2×10	< 0,5	B84102-K40
4	2 × 0,47 μF (X2) + 2 × 2500 pF (Y2)	2 × 4,7	< 0,5	B84102-K50
6	2 × 0,47 μF (X2) + 2 × 0,035 μF (Y2)	2×2,2	< 3,5	B84102-K160

## **Outline drawings**

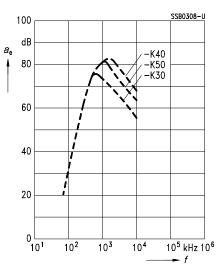


unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated symmetrical (differential mode)

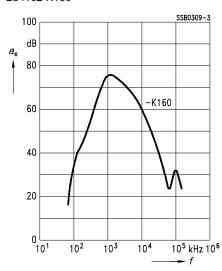
#### B84102-K30 ... -K50



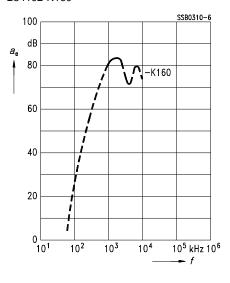
#### B84102-K30 ... -K50



#### B84102-K160



B84102-K160



## Power line filters for single-phase systems Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 0,5 A to 6 A

# d since the sinch

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Plastic case

#### **Features**

- High insertion loss
- For PCB mounting
- Cost-effective solution

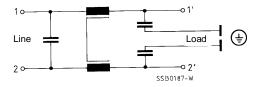
#### **Applications**

- Medium-performance switch-mode power supplies
- Data systems, gambling machines, small-size equipment

#### **Terminals**

• Pins fitting standard PCB grid

#### Circuit diagram



#### **Technical data**

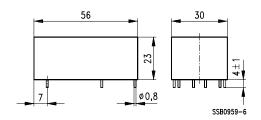
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz		
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature		
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/ground)		
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 0,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)		
Weight	approx. 53 g		

## Characteristics and ordering codes

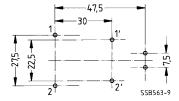
$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$	L <sub>R</sub>	Ordering code	Approvals		
Α				565-3	<i>9</i> 7	<b>(F</b> )
0,5	0,25 μF (X2)	2×39 mH	B84110-A-A5	×	×	×
1	+	2×10 mH	B84110-A-A10	×	×	×
2	2 × 4700 pF (Y2)	2 × 5,6 mH	B84110-A-A20	×	×	×
4		2 × 2,7 mH	B84110-A-A40	×	×	×
6		2×1,9 mH	B84110-A-A60	_	_	_

 $\times$  = mark of conformity granted

## **Outline drawing**



## **Mounting holes**

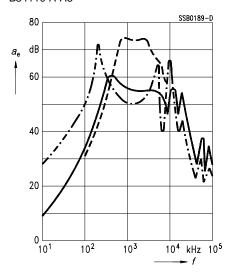


— unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

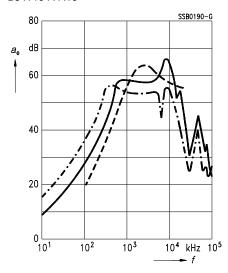
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

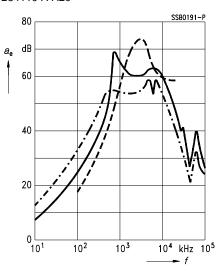
#### B84110-A-A5



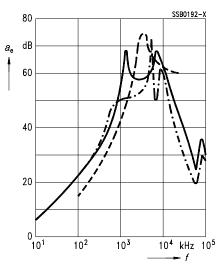
#### B84110-A-A10



B84110-A-A20

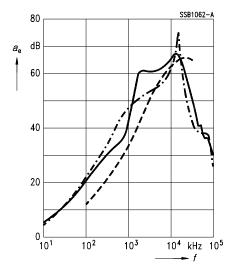


B84110-A-A40



unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)
symmetrical (differential mode)

#### B84110-A-A60



Power line filter for single-phase systems Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 1,4 A

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Plastic case

#### **Features**

- High insertion loss
- For PCB mounting
- Cost-effective solution

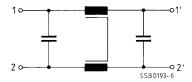
#### **Applications**

- Low-performance switch-mode power supplies
- TV sets
- Data systems, small-size equipment, industrial electronics

#### **Terminals**

• Pins fitting standard PCB grid

#### Circuit diagram





#### Technical data

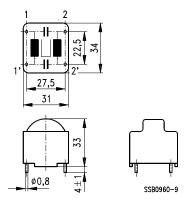
Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line)
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (– 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 47 g

## Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$	$L_{R}$	Ordering code	Approvals	
Α				565-3 S	
1,4	2 × 0,15 μF (X2)	2×27 mH	B84110-B-A14	×	

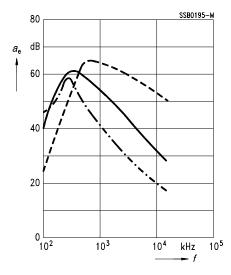
 $\times$  = mark of conformity granted

## **Outline drawing**



unsymmetrical, adjacent braches terminated
asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)
symmetrical (differential mode)

# B84110-B-A14



# Power line filters for single-phase systems Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 1 to 6 A

#### Construction

- Filter with IEC connector, fuse holder and switch
- Appliance connector as per IEC 320
- Fuse holder 5 × 20 mm
- 2-pole disconnector

#### **Features**

- Enhanced symmetrical insertion loss
- For installation in instrument housings

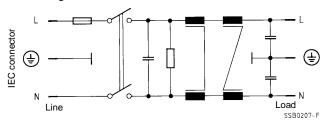
# **Applications**

- Medium-performance switch-mode power supplies
- Industrial electronics
- Measuring instruments

#### **Terminals**

• Tab connector 6,3 mm at output

# Circuit diagram



### Technical data

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 1 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Weight	approx. 150 g

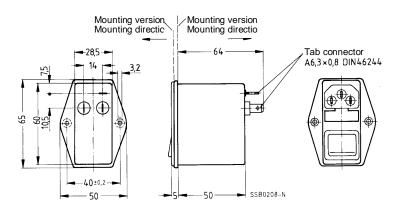


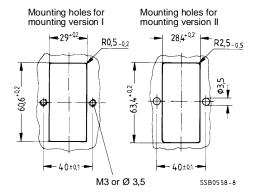
# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$	$L_{R}$	Ordering code	App	rovals	;
Α				565-3	27	<b>(P</b> )
1	0,33 μF (X2) + 2 × 10 nF (Y2)	2 × 9 mH + 2 × 270 μH	B84103-S1-A10	×	×	×
3	0,33 μF (X2) + 2 × 10 nF (Y2)	2 × 1,5 mH + 2 × 22 μH	B84103-S1-A30	×		×
6	0,33 μF (X2) + 2 × 10 nF (Y2)	$2 \times 0,47 \text{ mH } + 2 \times 8 \mu\text{H}$	B84103-S1-A60	×		×

× = mark of conformity granted

# **Outline drawing**



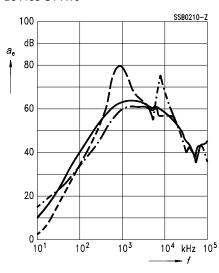


\_\_\_\_\_ unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

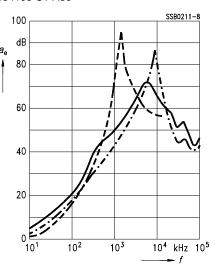
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

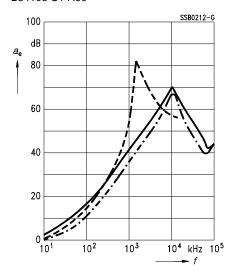
# B84103-S1-A10



# B84103-S1-A30



### B84103-S1-A60



Power line filters for single-phase systems with additional LF suppression Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 2 A to 36 A

### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Metal case
- Resin potting (UL 94 V-0)

#### **Features**

- Especially high symmetrical insertion loss from 20 kHz upwards
- Safe mounting by press-in nuts
- Space-saving construction

# **Applications**

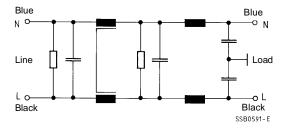
- Switch-mode power supplies for traction, safety systems, automation engineering
- Industrial electronics

#### **Terminals**

Litz wires

## Circuit diagram

Typical circuit





# Technical data

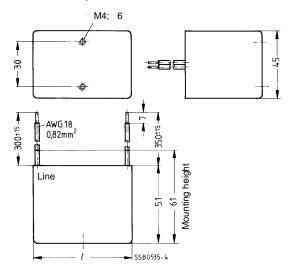
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2830 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

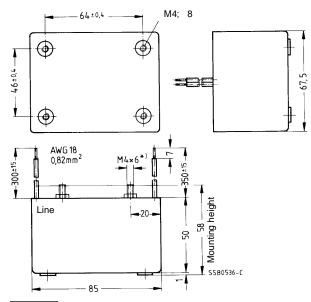
I <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Approx. weight	I <sub>leak</sub>	Ordering code	Approv	als
Α	m $Ω$	kg	mA		565-3	<i>9</i> 7
2	530	0,35	< 3,5	B84299-K61-C	×	
4	150	0,37	< 3,5	B84299-K62-C	×	
6	110	0,82	< 3,5	B84299-K63		×
10	50	1	< 3,5	B84299-K64-C		×
16	35	1,8	< 3,5	B84299-K65		
25	27	2,9	< 3,5	B84299-K66		
36	12	2,9	> 3,5	B84299-K67		

 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

# Outline drawings B84299-K61-C, B84299-K62-C



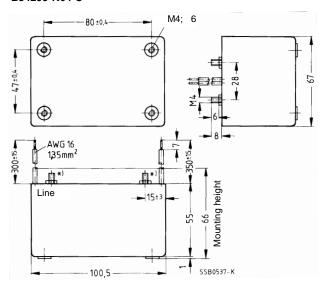
Туре	Length /
B84299-K61-C	65 mm
B84299-K62-C	75 mm

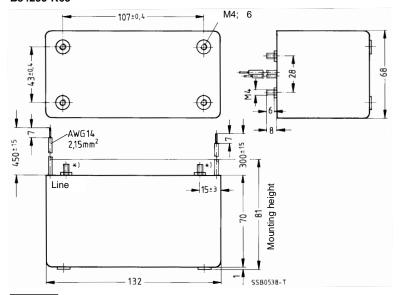


<sup>\*)</sup> Ground terminal for shielding braid or fixing stud for cable clamp

# **Outline drawings**

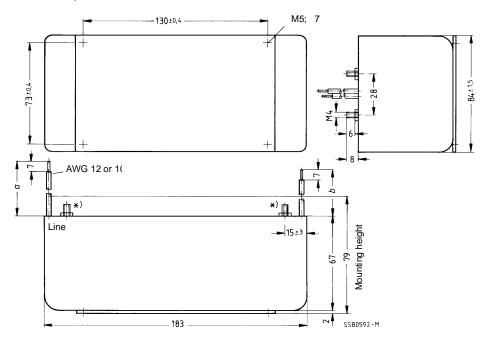
### B84299-K64-C





<sup>\*)</sup> Ground terminal for shielding braid or fixing stud for cable clamp

# Outline drawing B84299-K66, B84299-K67



Туре	Litz wire	Length / (mm)	
		а	b
B84299-K66	AWG 12; 3,44 mm <sup>2</sup>	300 (line)	800
B84299-K67	AWG 10; 5,37 mm <sup>2</sup>	240 (line)	800

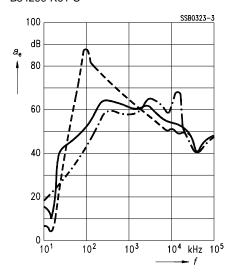
<sup>\*)</sup> Ground terminal for shielding braid or fixing stud for cable clamp

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

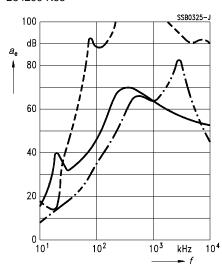
---- symmetrical (differential mode)

# B84299-K61-C

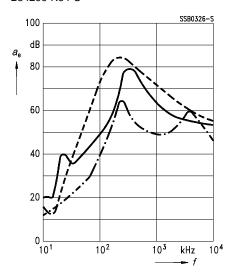


# B84299-K62-C





B84299-K64-C

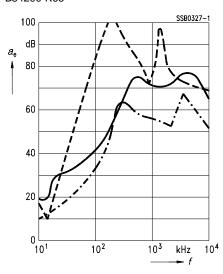


unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

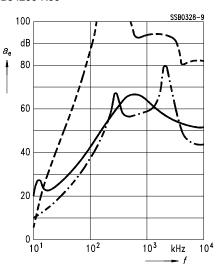
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

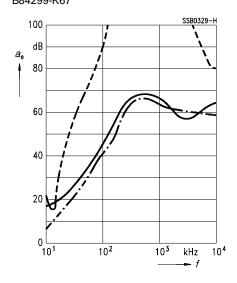
---- symmetrical (differential mode)

# B84299-K65



# B84299-K66





Power line filters for single-phase systems with additional VHF suppression Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 10 to 25 A

### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Metal case
- Screw-type cable gland for strain relief on line side, edge protector on load side
- Feed-through capacitors

#### **Features**

 High insertion loss up to the GHz range

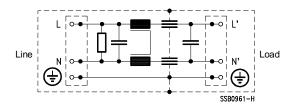
# **Applications**

 Power supplies for medical equipment and industrial installations

#### **Terminals**

Safe-to-touch terminal blocks

# Circuit diagram



Typical circuit taking the example of B84299-K21-E



# Technical data

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

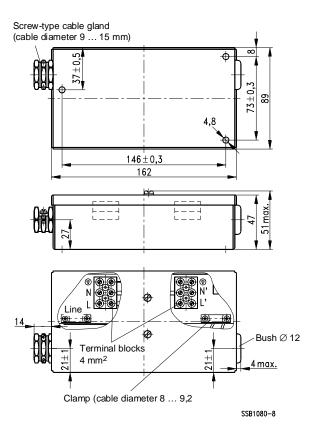
# Characteristics and ordering codes

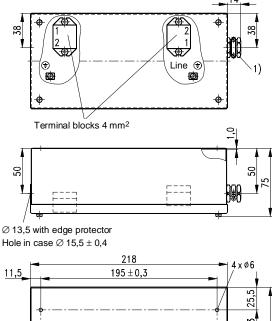
I <sub>r</sub>	Terminal cross sect.	Approx. weight	I <sub>le ak</sub>	Ordering code	Appr	ovals	
Α	mm <sup>2</sup>	kg	mA		<b>\$</b>	<i>8</i> 7	<b>(F</b> )
10	4	1	< 3,5	B84299-K21-E	×	×	×
25	4	1,8	< 3,5	B84299-K26			

 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

# **Outline drawings**

# B84299-K21-E





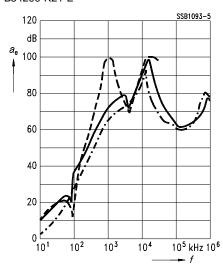
<sup>1)</sup> Screw-type cable gland PG9, for cable diameter 8 ... 12,5 mm

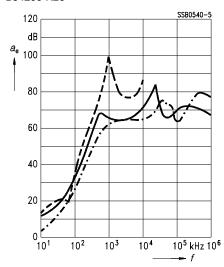
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

# B84299-K21-E





Power line filters for three-phase systems Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current  $4\times6$  A to  $4\times50$  A

### Construction

- Four-line filter
- Plastic case or metal case

#### **Features**

High insertion loss

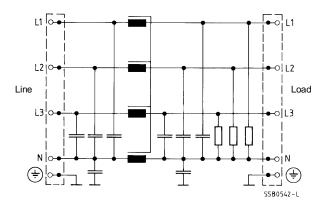
# **Applications**

- Power supplies for
  - industrial installations,
  - knitting machines,
  - data systems,
  - medical equipment

### **Terminals**

Safe-to-touch terminal blocks

# Circuit diagram





### Technical data

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 3,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

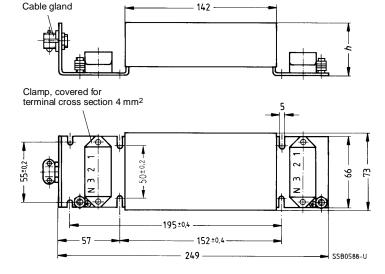
$I_{R}$	Dim.	Cable gland for	Approx. weight	Ordering code	''	ovals	
Α	mm	cable diameter	kg		565-3	<i>9</i> 7	<b>®</b>
4×6	50	8 12,5 mm	1,1	B84299-K53	×		
$4 \times 16$	67	7 15,0 mm	1,6	B84299-K55	×		
$4 \times 25$	67	9 15 mm	1,6	B84299-K56	×	×	×
$4 \times 50$	-	-	6,3	B84299-K57-D			

 $\times =$  mark of conformity granted

# **Outline drawing**

# B84299-K53 ... -K56

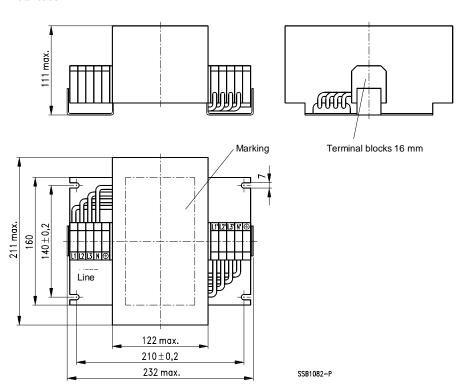
Plastic case



# **Outline drawing**

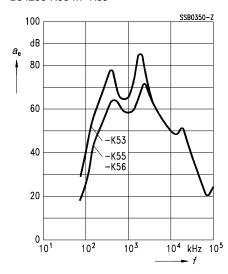
### B84299-K57-D

Metal case

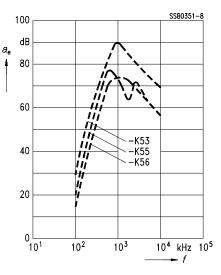


unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated symmetrical (differential mode)

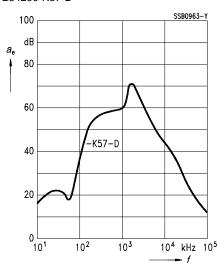
### B84299-K53 ... -K56



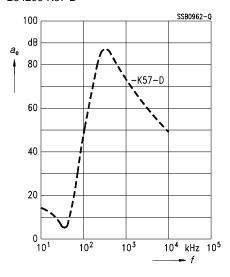
### B84299-K53 ... -K56



#### B84299-K57-D



B84299-K57-D



Power line filters for three-phase systems with additional VHF suppression Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current  $4 \times 6$  A to  $4 \times 75$  A

### Construction

- Four-line filter
- Metal case
- Screw-type cable gland for strain relief on line side, edge protector on load side
- Feed-through capacitors

#### **Features**

 High insertion loss up to the GHz range

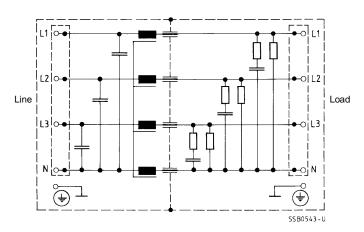
# **Applications**

- Power supplies for industrial applications
- Medical engineering

### **Terminals**

Safe-to-touch terminal damps incorporated in case

# Circuit diagram



Typical circuit taking the example of B84299-K35



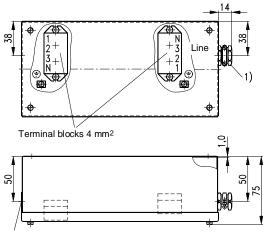
# Technical data

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/21 (– 40 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

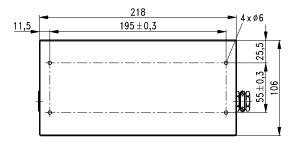
# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	I <sub>leak</sub>	Terminal cross sect.	Approx. weight	Ordering code	Approvals
Α	mA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kg		<i>9</i> 1
4×6	< 5	4	1,8	B84299-K33	×
4 × 16	< 5	4	2,1	B84299-K35	× (for 14 A)
$4 \times 25$	< 5	4	3	B84299-K36	× (for 20 A)
$4 \times 50$	< 5	16	7,5	B84299-K37	× (for 40 A)
$4 \times 75$	< 10	25	11	B84299-K39	× (for 65 A)

# Outline drawings B84299-K33

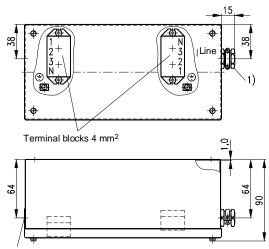


 $\varnothing$  13,5 with edge protector Hole in case  $\varnothing$  15,5  $\pm$  0,4

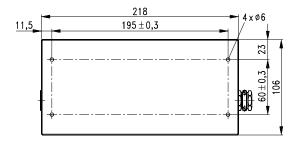


SSB1083-X

<sup>1)</sup> Screw-type cable gland PG 9, for cable diameter 8 ... 12,5 mm

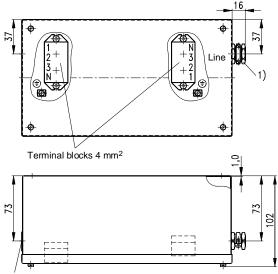


 $\varnothing$  13,5 with edge protector Hole in case  $\varnothing$  15,5  $\pm$  0,4

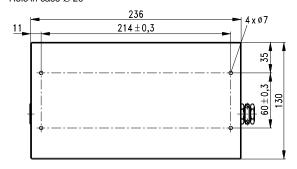


SSB1100-R

<sup>1)</sup> Screw-type cable gland PG 9, for cable diameter 8 bis 12,5 mm

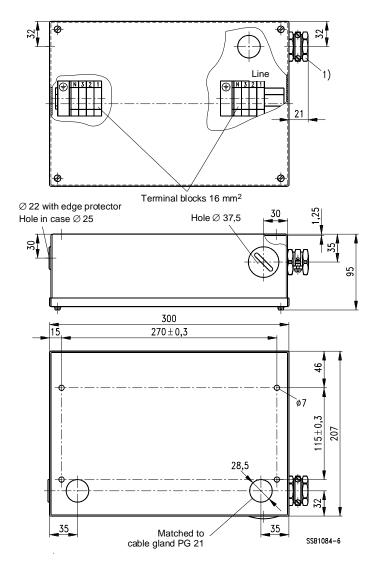


 $\varnothing$  17 with edge protector Hole in case  $\varnothing$  20

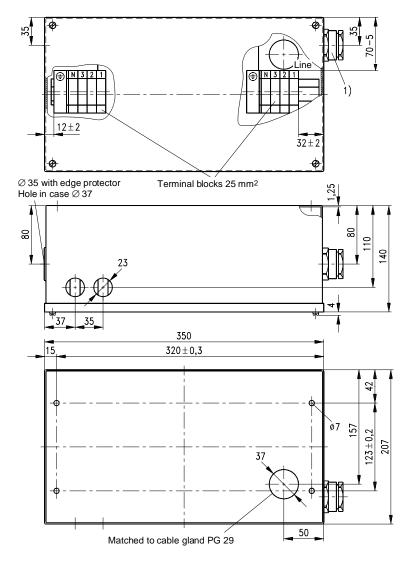


SSB1101-Z

<sup>1)</sup> Screw-type cable gland PG 11, for cable diameter 9 ... 15 mm



Screw-type cable gland DIN 46 320 PG 21 included in delivery (loosely)
Hole in case ∅ 28,5 mm
Cable diameter 18 ... 23 mm

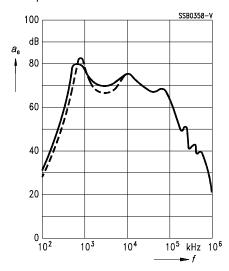


SSB1085-E

<sup>1)</sup> Screw-type cable gland DIN 46 320 PG 29 included in delivery (loosely) Hole in case Ø 37 mm

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated symmetrical (differential mode)

# Example of filter B84299-K35



Power line filters for three-phase systems Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current  $4 \times 6$  A to  $4 \times 125$  A

#### Construction

- Four-line filter
- Metal case

### **Features**

- High insertion loss
- Compact, cost-optimized design
- Easy to install

### **Applications**

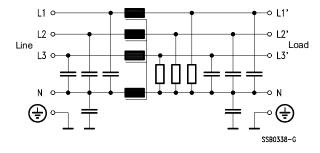
Power supplies for

- data systems, telecom systems
- medical equipment, industrial installations

#### **Terminals**

- Tab connectors 6,3 × 0,8 mm or
- Screw terminals

# Circuit diagram





### **Technical data**

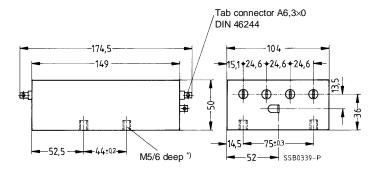
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage $V_P$	2121 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 1770 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) for B84131-A6-A1 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	< 3,5 mA at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$\overline{I_{R}}$	Approx. weight	Ordering code	Approvals		
Α	kg			<b>77</b>	<b>®</b>
4×6	0,8	B84131-A6-A1			
4×16	1,5	B84131-M3-A116	×	×	×
4 × 35	2,3	B84131-M1-G135	×	×	×
$4 \times 35$	2,3	B84131-M1-H135	×	×	×
4×50	4,5	B84131-M2-G150		×	×
4 × 63	4,5	B84131-M2-G163		×	×
4×80	12,5	B84131-M4-G180			
4×125	12,5	B84131-M4-G225			

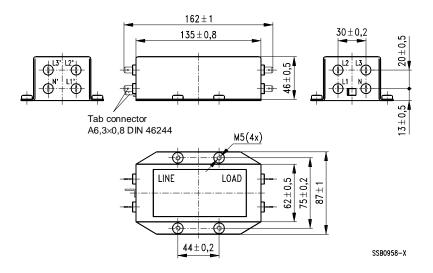
 $<sup>\</sup>times$  = mark of conformity granted

# Outline drawing B84131-M3-A116

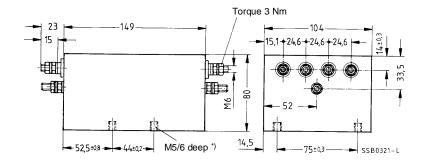


<sup>\*)</sup> Also suitable for screws with 10-32 UNF thread

# Outline drawings B84131-A6-A1



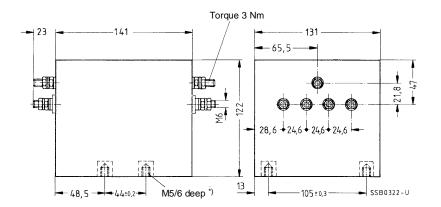
**B84131-M1-G135**, thread M6 **B84131-M1-H135**, thread 10-32 UNF



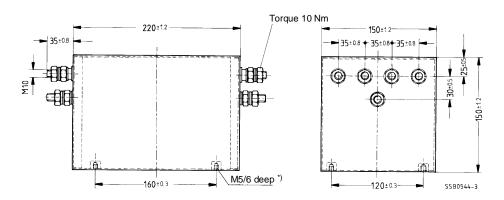
<sup>\*)</sup> Also suitable for screws with 10-32 UNF thread

# **Outline drawings**

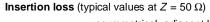
# B84131-M2-G150, -G163, thread M6



# B84131-M4-G180, -G225, thread M10

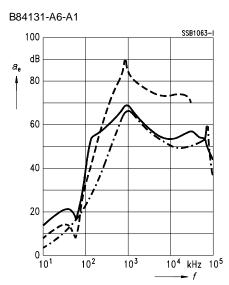


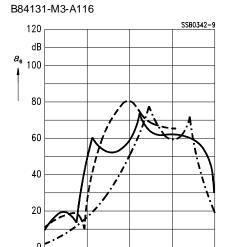
<sup>\*)</sup> Also suitable for screws with 10-32 UNF thread



unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

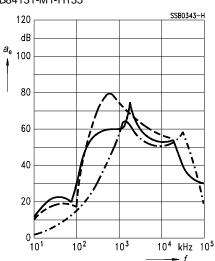




 $10^{3}$ 

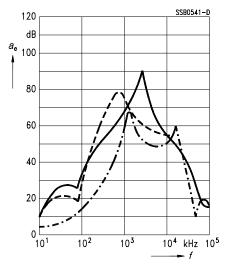
10<sup>4</sup> kHz 10<sup>5</sup>

B84131-M1-G135 B84131-M1-H135





10<sup>2</sup>

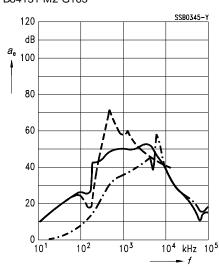


unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

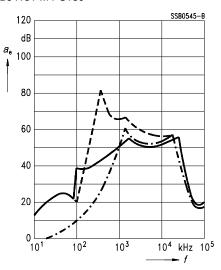
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ symmetrical (differential mode)

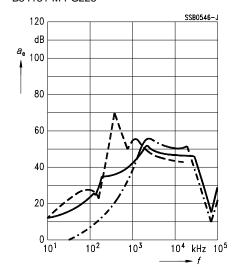
### B84131-M2-G163



### B84131-M4-G180



B84131-M4-G225



Power line filters for three-phase systems Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current  $4\times10$  A and  $4\times20$  A

#### Construction

- Four-line filter
- Aluminum case

### **Features**

- Medium insertion loss
- Small size (similar to SIFI)
- Easy to install

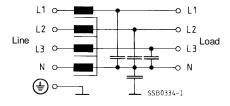
### **Applications**

- Industrial electronics
- Medical engineering

# **Terminals**

• Tab connectors 6,3 × 0,8 mm

# Circuit diagram





# **Technical data**

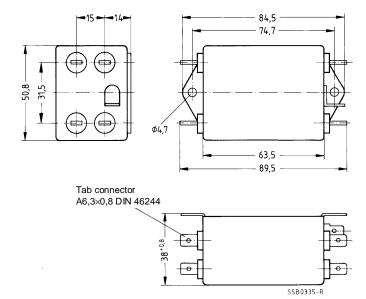
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz	
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature	
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc , 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc , 2 s (lines/case)	
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz	
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (– 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)	
Weight	approx. 220 g	

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	I <sub>leak</sub>	Ordering code	Approvals
Α	mA		565-3
4×10	< 3,5	B84108-S1004-A110	×
4 × 20	< 3,5	B84108-S1004-A120	

 $\times$  = mark of conformity granted

# **Outline drawing**



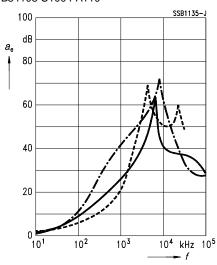
## **Insertion loss** (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

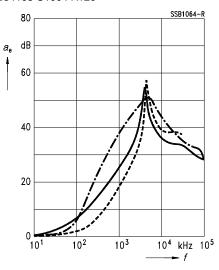
---- asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

## B84108-S1004-A110



## B84108-S1004-A120



Power line filters for three-phase systems with additional LF suppression Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 12 A

### Construction

- Four-line filter
- Metal case

### **Features**

Compact design

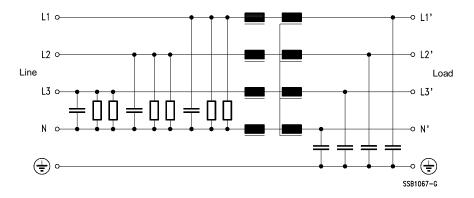
## **Applications**

- Switch-mode power supplies for traction
- Industrial applications, computers

#### **Terminals**

• Tab connectors 6,3 × 0,8 mm

## Circuit diagram



## Technical data

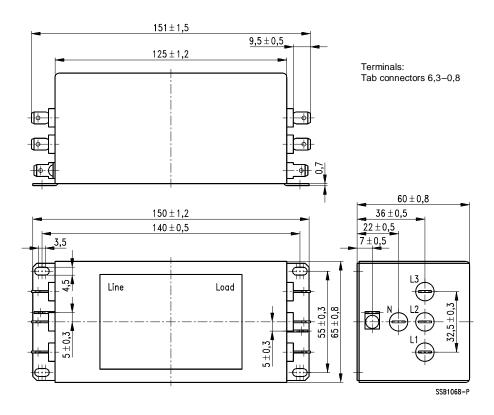
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1414 Vdc , 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc , 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	I <sub>leak</sub>	Approx.	Ordering code	Approvals		
Α	mA	weight		565-3	<i>7</i> 17	<b>®</b>
12	< 3,5	1,1 kg	B84134-F12-A1	×	×	×

 $\times$  = mark of conformity granted

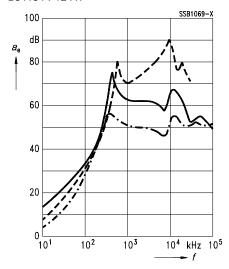
# **Outline drawing**



## **Insertion loss** (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)
symmetrical (differential mode)

## B84134-F12-A1



Power line filters for three-phase systems Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 25 and 50 A

#### Construction

- Four-line filter
- Metal case with terminal compartments
- Screw-type cable glands for strain relief on line and load side
- I core chokes
- One-stage or two-stage

#### **Features**

 Insertion loss ≥100 dB in the medium frequency range

## **Applications**

- Power supplies for lifts and industrial installations
- Medical engineering

#### **Terminals**

Screw terminals

### Technical data

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	L/L = line/line L/G = lines/case
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (– 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

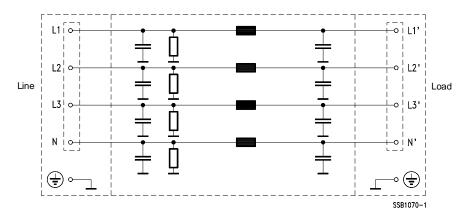
## Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	$V_{P}$		I <sub>leak</sub>	Approx.	Ordering code	Approvals
Α	L/L	L/G	Δ	weight kg		<i>9</i> 1
25	1414 Vdc, 2 s	2500 Vdc , 2 s	< 0,18	12,5	B84134-A25-G1	×
50	1100 Vdc , 2 s	1100 Vdc, 2s	< 1,7	30	B84134-B50-G1	

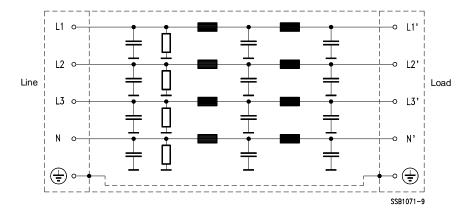
<sup>× =</sup> mark of conformity granted

# Circuit diagrams

# B84134-A25-G1

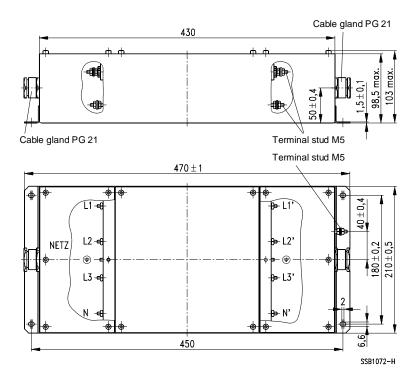


## B84134-B50-G1

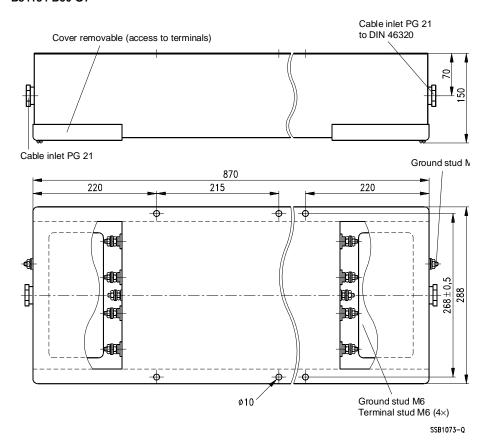


# **Outline drawings**

## B84134-A25-G1



## B84134-B50-G1

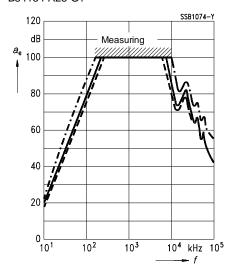


## **Insertion loss** (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

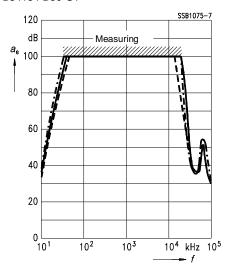
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

## B84134-A25-G1



## B84134-B50-G1



#### General technical information

Frequency converters are being used more and more in the field of drive and power electronics.

The applications of such circuits in drive engineering are widely varied, e.g. for controlling the motion of conveyors or assembly lines, machine tool and production machinery applications, agitators, textile and printing machinery, pumps and fans, as well as in cranes and lifts.

However, the fast-switching power semiconductor components used in the converters generate RFI on the lines to the motors and on the mains lines.

S + M offers a wide variety of chokes and filters for suppressing such interference, for both the input and the output side of frequency converters.

Туре	$I_{R}$	Description	Page
B82747, B82745	6 – 200 A	Three-line choke	<u>191</u>
B82765	6 – 100 A	Four-line choke	<u>197</u>
B84142-B	8 – 25 A	Two-line filter with very high attenuation	306
B84143-A	8 – 1600 A	Three-line filter with high attenuation	<u>310</u>
B84143-B	8 – 80 A	Three-line filter with very high attenuation	322
B84144	16 – 1600 A	Four-line filter with high attenuation	328
B84163	3 – 25 A	Three-line filter for frequency converter outputs	303

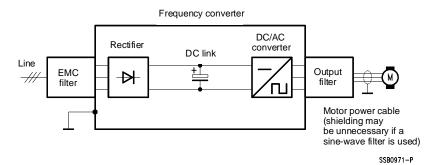
### Technical advantages of our filters

- Low leakage current < 3,5 mA (filters up to 36 A)</li>
   < 6,0 mA (filters above 50 A)</li>
- Compact size (patent pending for our filter designs for currents above 250 A)
- Large standard product range of filters for 8 ... 1600 A
- Optimized for full-load operation with long motor power cables

Filters by S + M Components have been developed and optimized under real-life operating conditions. High-quality components and materials ensure decades of reliable operation. These filters have large power reserves with respect to the attenuation and load current.

## **Examples of applications**

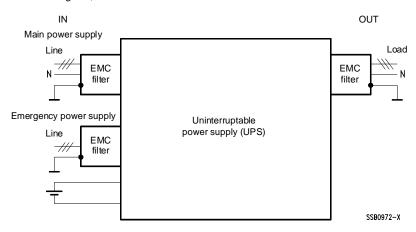
1. Block diagram of an electric drive with frequency converter and input and output filters



The same technology is used and similar interference suppression is achieved in the following applications:

Induction heating, medical and welding equipment and uninterruptable power supplies (UPS).

# 2. Block diagram, UPS



#### Installation

Apart from installing frequency converter filters, additional design rules should be observed. Very high interference levels are caused by the fast switching transients on the high voltages used in the dc link and the ground coupling capacitances. This interference is propagated as conducted interference on the lines and also as radiated interference. This means that even the functioning of equipment which is not connected to the same ac line circuits but which is in the vicinity may be impaired by radiated RF interference. Because of this, the following must be observed, for EMC reasons, in equipment with frequency converters:

- To eliminate emission, the filter should be bolted directly to the converter. Where this is not possible, shield the connecting cable.
- The contact surface on which the filter is mounted must be bright metal. Paint or other insulating coatings should be removed before mounting the filter.
- Filters and converters must have large ground-contact surfaces, preferrably mounted on a common, well-earthed metal plate or switchgear cabinet panel.
- Motor cables should be kept as short as possible; if possible, install the converter directly next to the motor. Special interference suppression measures are required in systems which are spread out over larger areas. Such measures must be specially adapted to the respective conditions.
- The motor cable must be shielded (except if suitable sine-wave filters are used).
- All cable shields should have large-cross-section connections to ground/earth at both ends.
- Never use a separate wire to earth shields! (No pigtail!)
- Do not install power supply and motor cables parallel and near to one another.

Obviously, the respective safety regulations must also be complied with, in addition to ensuring that the system is designed to achieve electromagnetic compatibility.

## Selector guide for converter filters

According to our experience, the filters listed below have been tried and proven in frequency converter applications, both practically and by EMC measurements.

However, the following points must always be taken into consideration:

- Compliance with EMC regulations must be proven by application-related measurements.
- The current handling capability of the filter must be matched to the input rated current of the frequency converter (also refer to the specifications on filter overload characteristics in the data sheets).
- Ensure correct installation of the filters and take all additional measures that help to meet the EMC Directive requirements. In this context, refer back to the installation tips.

## 2-line filters (250 Vac) for frequency converters for electric drives

Motor power (230 V 1-ph. ac)	Recommended filters for suppression class B in accordance with EN 55011
550 W	B84142-B8-R
750 W	B84142-B8-R
1100 W	B84142-B12-R
1500 W	B84142-B16-R
2200 W	B84142-B25-R

### 3-line filters (440 Vac) for frequency converters for electric drives

Motor power (440 V 3-ph. ac)	Recommended filters for suppression in accordance with EN 55011			
	Class A	Class B		
1,5 kW	B84143-A8-R	B84143-B8-R		
2,2 kW	B84143-A8-R	B84143-B8-R		
3,0 kW	B84143-A12-R	B84143-B12-R		
4,0 kW	B84143-A12-R	B84143-B12-R		
5,5 kW	B84143-A16-R	B84143-B16-R		
7,5 kW	B84143-A25-R	B84143-B25-R		
11 kW	B84143-A36-R	B84143-B36-R		
15 kW	B84143-A36-R	B84143-B36-R		
18,5 kW	B84143-A50-R	B84143-B50-R		
22 kW	B84143-A50-R	B84143-B50-R		
30 kW	B84143-A80-R	B84143-B80-R		
37 kW	B84143-A80-R	B84143-B80-R		
45 kW	B84143-A120-R			
55 kW	B84143-A120-R			

Motor power (440 V 3-ph. ac)	Recommended filters for suppression in accordance with EN 55011		
	Class A	Class B	
75 kW	B84143-A150-R		
90 kW	B84143-A180-R		
110 kW	B84143-A250-S		
132 kW	B84143-A250-S		
160 kW	B84143-A500-S		
200 kW	B84143-A500-S		
250 kW	B84143-A500-S		
315 kW	B84143-A1000-S		
400 kW	B84143-A1000-S		
630 kW	B84143-A1000-S		
1100 kW	B84143-A1600-S		

#### Filters for converter outputs

Frequency converters for variable motor speeds generate a "synthetic line frequency", which is varied by being derived from a square-wave current generated by fast-switching power semiconductor components. This, however, leads to high-frequency interference on the motor power cable. Furthermore, the clock frequency interference leads to acoustic vibration in the motor which causes loud whistling noises. This can be reduced or eliminated by connecting a sine-wave filter betwen the motor and the converter.

In the following example, we shall describe how to deduce the ratings required for a filter for a 4-kW frequency converter with a clock frequency of 9 kHz.

In our example the motor is connected to the converter by a cable of 50m length. It is used to drive a generator. Figure 1 shows a voltage with a rise rate dv/dt of approx. 5,5 kV/ $\mu$ s, as measured at the motor terminals in the described configuration. To eliminate this steep rise at the motor terminals, an output filter is needed.

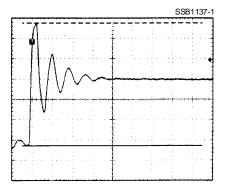


Fig. 1 Voltage rise at motor terminals (200 V/Div, 2 μs/Div)

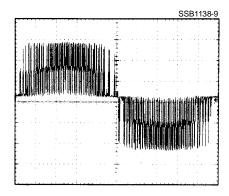
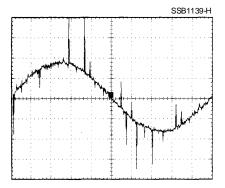


Fig. 2 Output voltage, without output filter (clock frequency 9 kHz, rated frequency 50 Hz)

It is also our aim to reduce the motor noise emissions, as the converter drive is to be used in a ventilation system. Figure 2 shows the output voltage waveform obtained when no output filter is connected. Here, the individual pulses of converter clock frequency, superimposed on the 50 Hz load output frequency, can be clearly seen.

The motor current shown in <u>figure 3</u> has a sinusoidal waveform due to the high inductance of the motor windings. However, high current pulses are superimposed on the motor current.



SSB1140-K

Fig. 3 Motor current without output filter (5 A/Div)

Fig. 4 Output voltage with sine-wave filter (clock frequency 9 kHz, rated frequency 50 Hz)

An important condition for the filter dimensions in this example was that the voltage drop across the filter should be as low as possible in order to avoid reducing the motor voltage unnecessarily. This means that the inductances used in the filter must be kept low and, to compensate, the capacitances used must be higher. On the other hand, this also means that the filter will have to dissipate more heat due to the flux-reversal losses in the choke core because of the higher ripple currents occurring. It is thus necessary to match the choke inductance and the capacitor capacitances very accurately. Figure 4 shows the output voltage achieved by the selected circuit solution. A very small ripple can be seen superimposed on the basic waveform. The motor is no longer subjected to steep voltage rises.

Upon examining the output current shown in figure 5, we can see that the current needle pulses have also been eliminated. The noise emitted by the motor is no longer any different than that occurring when the motor is powered by line ac.

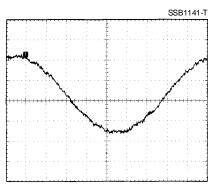


Fig. 5 Output current with sine-wave filter (5 A/Div)

As already explained, in the example described here, the filter was not required for EMC reasons. However, in the course of the development work, the output voltage was examined to check for high-frequency harmonics in the 150 kHz to 30 MHz range. The voltage between the probe and earth potential was measured. Figure 6 illustrates the results originally obtained. Figure 7 shows the same frequency range after a sine-wave filter was installed. The reduction of the voltages in the 150 kHz to 10 MHz frequency range is clearly noticeable.

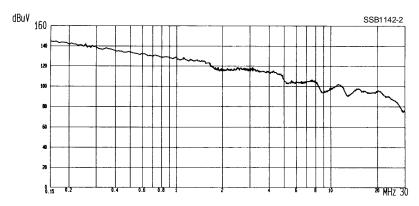


Fig. 6 Voltages of the harmonics between 150 Hz and 30 MHz (without output filter)

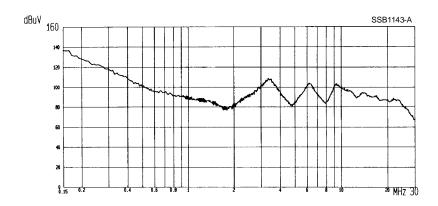


Fig. 7 Voltages of the harmonics between 150 Hz and 30 MHz (with output filter)

With this, the EMC problems of a frequency-converter drive have also been reduced. However, measurements will have to be carried out for each individual application to determine whether the limits of the corresponding regulations can be met without using a shielded cable.

Power line filters for single-phase systems Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 8 A to 25 A

#### Construction

- Two-line filter
- Metal case

### **Features**

- Very high insertion loss
- Low leakage current
- Easy to install
- Space-saving construction
- Construction complies with EN 133 200, UL 1283, CSA 22.2 No.8 1986
- Optimized for long motor cables and operation under full load

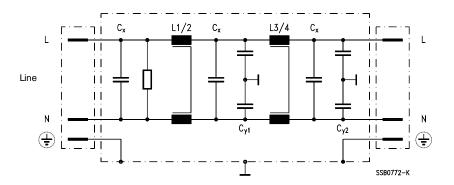
## **Applications**

- Frequency converters for motor drives, e.g.
  - lifts
  - pumps
  - conveyor systems
  - air conditioning systems
- Power supplies

#### **Terminals**

Safe-to-touch terminal blocks

## Circuit diagram





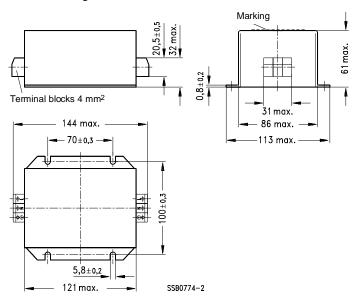
## **Technical data**

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz		
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature		
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	2121 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)		
Overload capability	1,5 · $I_R$ for 3 min per hour or 2,5 · $I_R$ for 30 s per hour		
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)		

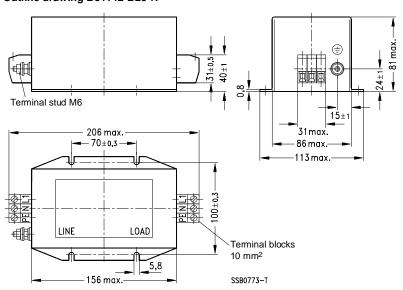
# Characteristics and ordering codes

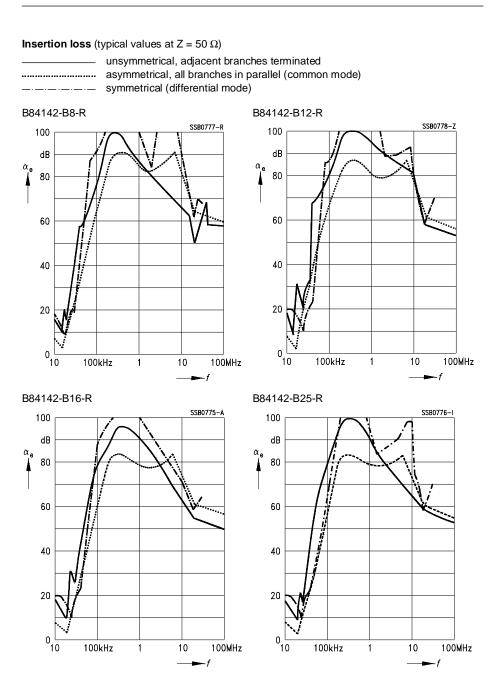
$I_{R}$	Terminal cross section	I <sub>leak</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α	mm <sup>2</sup>	mA	mΩ	kg	
8	4	< 3,5	42	1,35	B84142-B8-R
12	4	< 3,5	30	1,45	B84142-B12-R
16	4	< 3,5	21	1,45	B84142-B16-R
25	10	< 3,5	9	3,7	B84142-B25-R

# Outline drawing B84142-B8-R ... B84142-B16-R



# Outline drawing B84142-B25-R





Power line filters for three-phase systems Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 8 A to 1600 A

#### Construction

- Three-line filter
- Metal case

#### **Features**

- Very high insertion loss
- Low leakage current
- Easy to install
- Space-saving construction
- Construction complies with UL 1283, CSA 22.2 No.8 1986
- Optimized for long motor cables and operation under full load

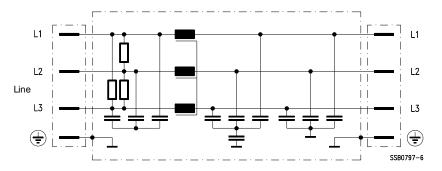
### **Applications**

- Frequency converters for motor drives, e.g.
  - lifts
  - pumps
  - traction systems
  - conveyor systems
  - air conditioning systems
- Wind-driven power plants
- Power supplies

#### **Terminals**

- Safe-to-touch terminal blocks for filters up to 180 A
- Terminal lugs for filters 250 to 1600 A

### Typical circuit diagram





## Technical data

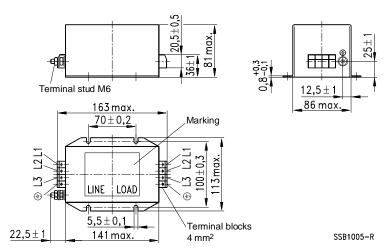
Rated voltage $V_{R}$	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz		
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature		
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	2121 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case), for 8 180 A 2121 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case), for 250 1600 A		
Overload capability	$1.5 \cdot I_{\rm R}$ for 3 min per hour or $2.5 \cdot I_{\rm R}$ for 30 s per hour		
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)		

# Characteristics and ordering codes

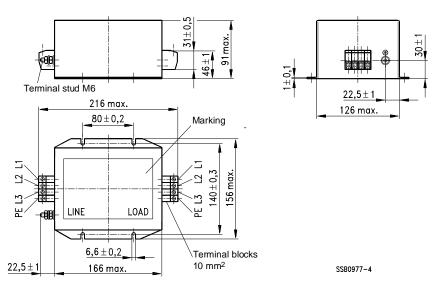
I <sub>R</sub>	Terminal cross section	I <sub>leak</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α	mm <sup>2</sup>	mA	mΩ	kg	
8	4	< 3,5	40	2,2	B84143-A8-R
12	4	< 3,5	20	2,2	B84143-A12-R
16	4	< 3,5	15	2,2	B84143-A16-R
25	10	< 3,5	8	3,7	B84143-A25-R
36	10	< 3,5	2,5	3,7	B84143-A36-R
50	10	< 6	2	4,0	B84143-A50-R
80	25	< 6	1	9,5	B84143-A80-R
120	50	< 6	0,75	10	B84143-A120-R
150	50	< 6	0,4	10	B84143-A150-R
180	95	< 6	0,4	13	B84143-A180-R
250		< 6	0,095	30	B84143-A250-S
500	Terminal	< 6	0,060	49	B84143-A500-S
1000	lugs	< 6	0,030	90	B84143-A1000-S
1600		< 6	0,020	130	B84143-A1600-S

## **Outline drawings**

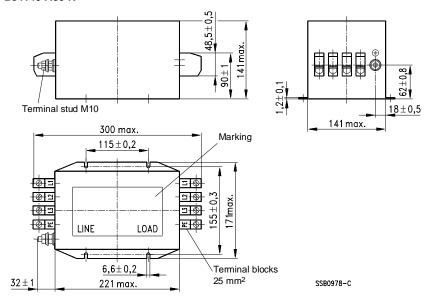
## B84143-A8-R ... B84143-A16-R



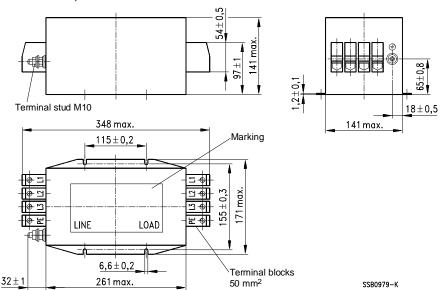
## B84143-A25-R ... A50-R



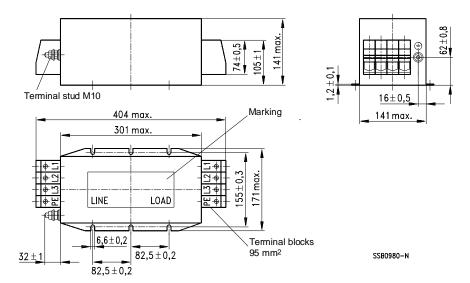
### B84143-A80-R



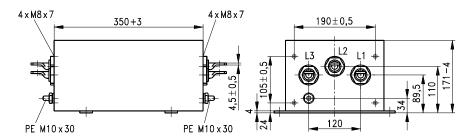
## B84143-A120-R, B84143-A150-R

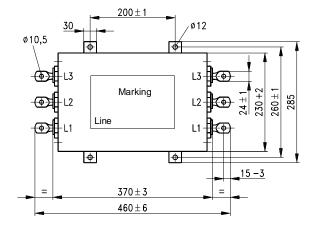


## B84143-A180-R



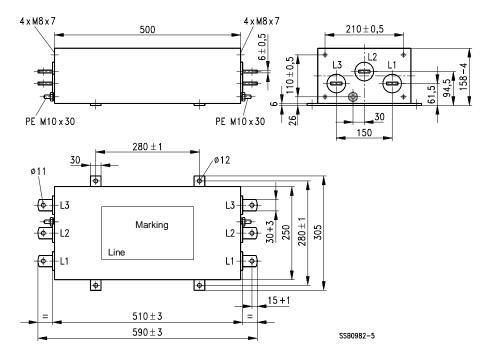
## B84143-A250-S



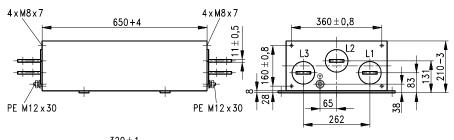


SSB0981-W

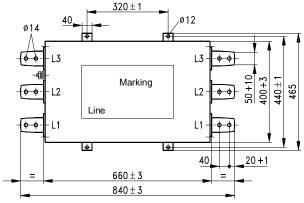
## B84143-A500-S



## B84143-A1000-S



SSB0983-D

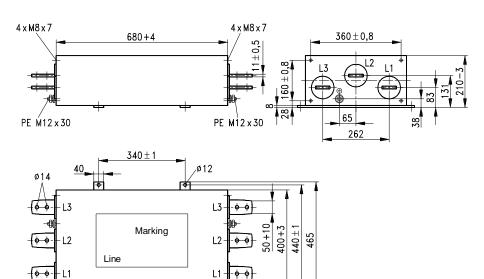


## B84143-A1600-S

•

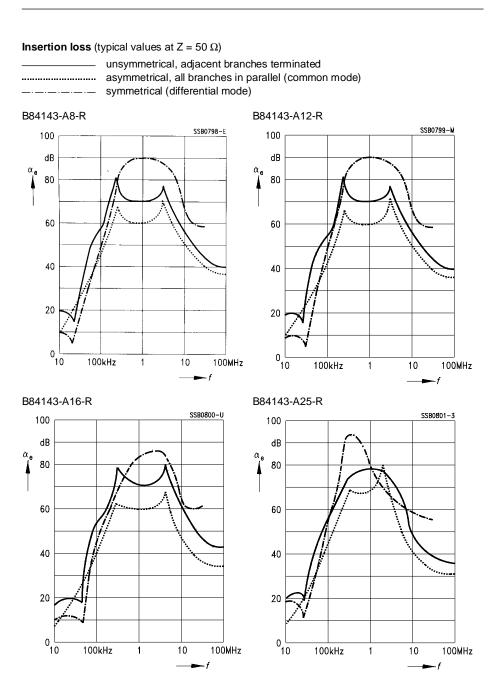
 $690 \pm 3$  $870 \pm 3$  ф

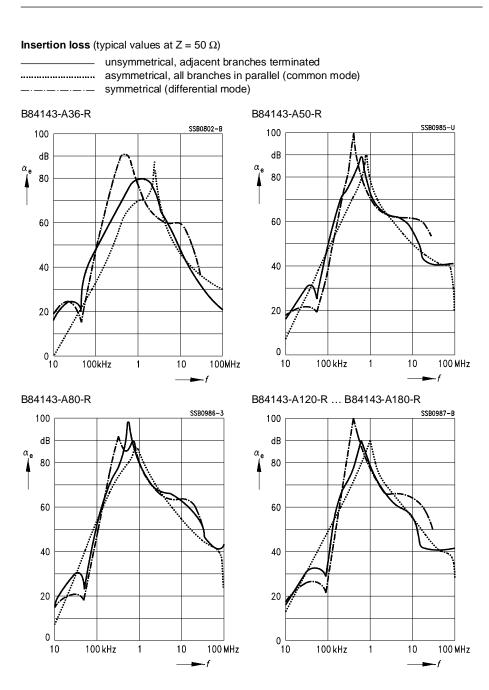
40

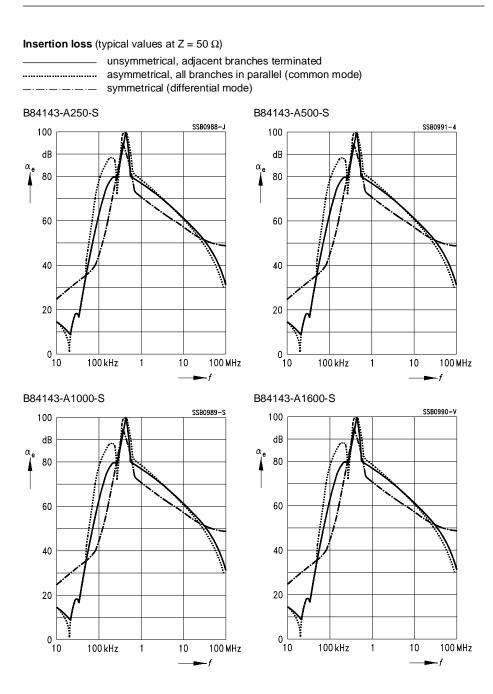


20+1

SSB0984-L







Power line filters for three-phase systems Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 8 A to 80 A

#### Construction

- Three-line filter
- Metal case

### **Features**

- Very high insertion loss
- Low leakage current
- Easy to install
- Space-saving construction
- Construction complies with UL 1283, CSA 22.2 No.8 1986
- Optimized for long motor cables and operation under full load

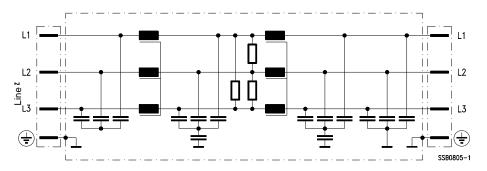
## **Applications**

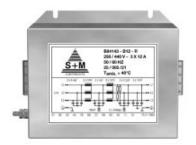
- Frequency converters for motor drives, e.g.
  - lifts
  - pumps
  - traction systems
  - conveyor systems
  - air conditioning systems
- Wind-driven power plants
- Power supplies

## **Terminals**

Safe-to-touch terminal blocks

## Typical circuit diagram





## **Technical data**

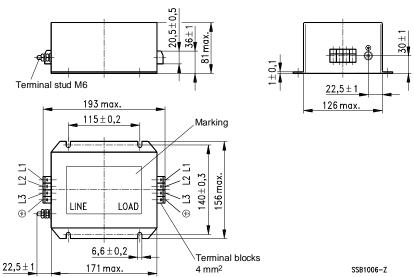
Rated voltage $V_{R}$	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz		
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature		
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	2121 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case)		
Overload capability	1,5 · $I_R$ for 3 min per hour or 2,5 · $I_R$ for 30 s per hour		
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>	at 250 Vac, 50 Hz		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (- 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)		

# Characteristics and ordering codes

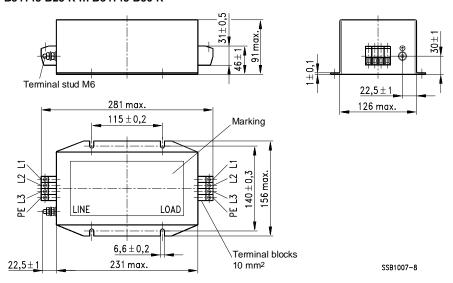
I <sub>R</sub>	Terminal cross section	I <sub>leak</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub>	Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α	mm <sup>2</sup>	mA	mΩ	kg	
8	4	< 3,5	80	3,8	B84143-B8-R
12	4	< 3,5	40	3,8	B84143-B12-R
16	4	< 3,5	25	3,8	B84143-B16-R
25	10	< 3,5	10	5,7	B84143-B25-R
36	10	< 3,5	5	5,7	B84143-B36-R
50	10	< 6	3,5	5,7	B84143-B50-R
80	25	< 6	2	16	B84143-B80-R

## **Outline drawings**

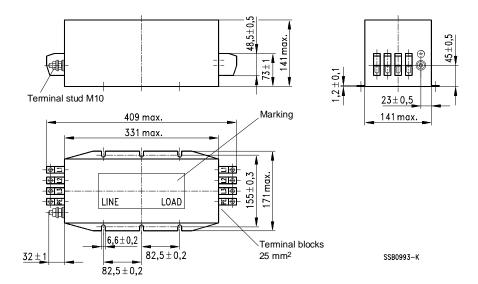
## B84143-B8-R ... B84143-B16-R

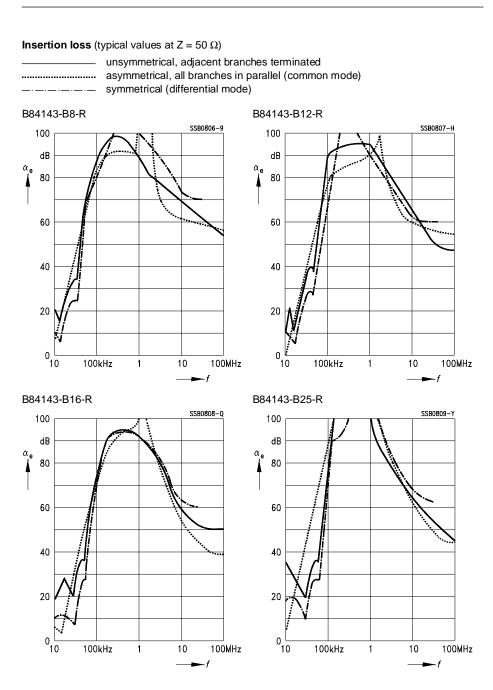


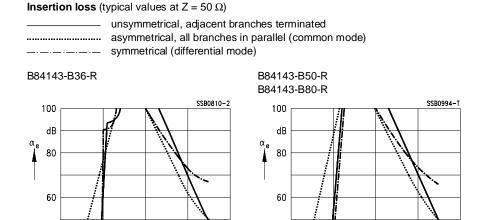
### B84143-B25-R ... B84143-B50-R



# B84143-B80-R







40

20

10

100 kHz

10

100 MHz

100MHz

40

20

10

100kHz

1

10

Power line filters for three-phase systems Rated voltage 440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz Rated current 16 A to 1600 A

#### Construction

- Four-line filter
- Metal case
- Threaded bushes at end faces for RF-tight installation

#### **Features**

- High insertion loss
- Low leakage current
- Easy-to-install
- Space-saving construction
- Construction complies with UL 1283, CSA 22.2 No.8 1986

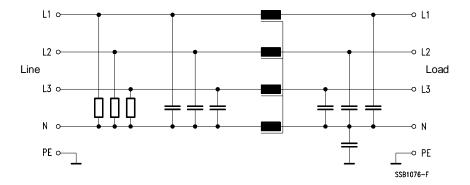
## **Applications**

- General-purpose application in power electronics
- UPS
- Wind-driven power plants

#### **Terminals**

- Safe-to-touch terminal blocks for filters up to 180 A
- Terminal lugs for filters 250 to 1600 A

## Typical circuit diagram





# **Technical data**

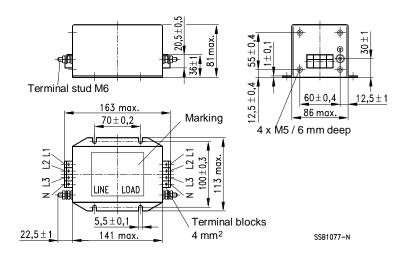
Rated voltage $V_{R}$	440/250 Vac, 50/60 Hz
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1770 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 2700 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case), for 16 50 A 2550 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case), for 80 180 A 2121 Vdc, 2 s (lines/case), for 250 1600 A
Overload capability	$1.5 \cdot I_{R}$ for 3 min per hour or $2.5 \cdot I_{R}$ für 30 s per hour
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 25/085/21 (– 25 °C/+ 85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

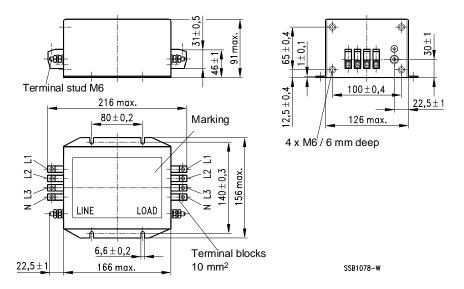
I <sub>R</sub>	Terminal cross sect. mm <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>leak</sub> mA	$R_{\mathrm{typ}}$ m $\Omega$	P <sub>V</sub> W	Approx. weight kg	Ordering code
16	4	< 3,5	10	8	2,2	B84144-A16-R
25	10	< 3,5	6	11	3,7	B84144-A25-R
36	10	< 3,5	3,5	14	3,7	B84144-A36-R
50	10	< 6	1,3	10	4,0	B84144-A50-R
80	25	< 6	0,7	13	9,5	B84144-A80-R
120	50	< 6	0,5	22	10	B84144-A120-R
150	50	< 6	0,35	24	10	B84144-A150-R
180	95	< 6	0,25	24	13	B84144-A180-R
250	Terminal	< 6	0,095	18	21	B84144-G250-S
500	lugs	< 6	0,060	45	53	B84144-G500-S
1000		< 6	0,030	90	140	B84144-G1000-S
1600		< 6	0,020	150	185	B84144-G1600-S

# **Outline drawings**

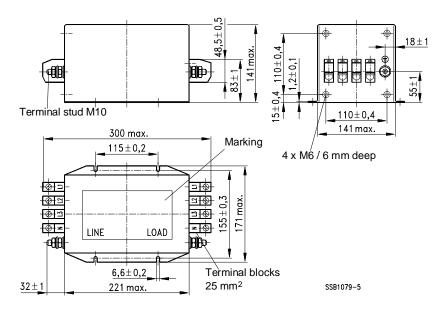
## B84144-A16-R



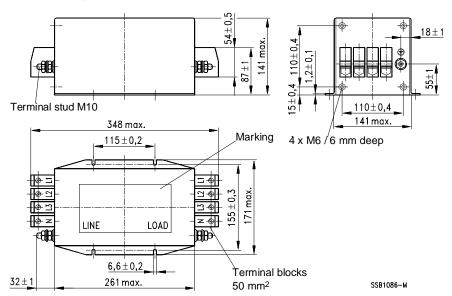
## B84144-A25-R ... B84144-A50-R



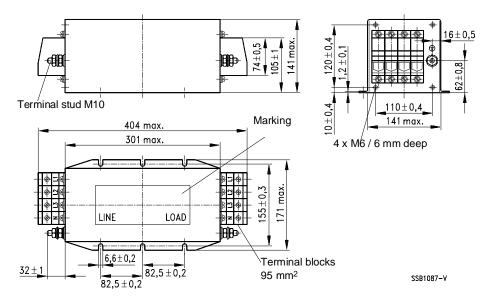
## B84144-A80-R



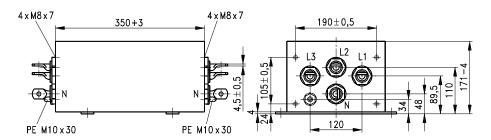
# B84144-A120-R, B84144-A150-R

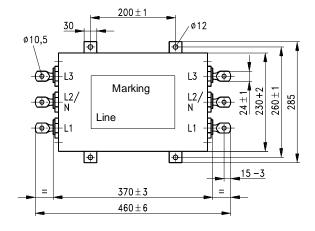


## B84144-A180-R



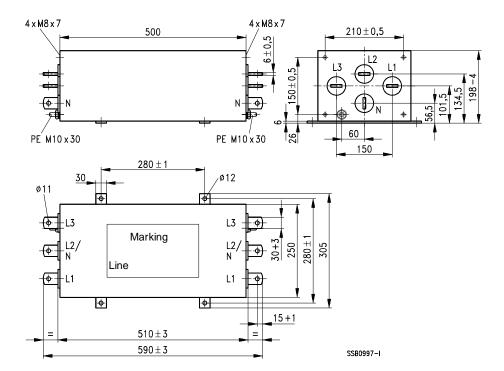
# B84144-G250-S



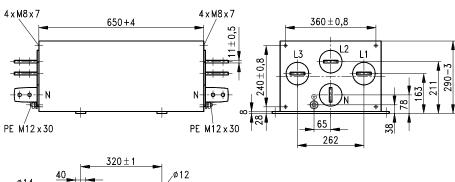


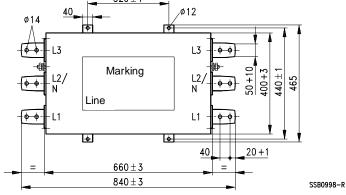
SSB0996-A

# B84144-G500-S

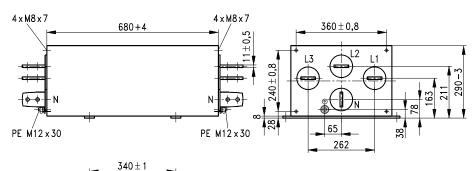


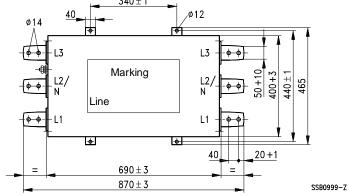
# B84144-G1000-S

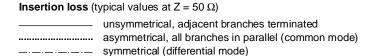


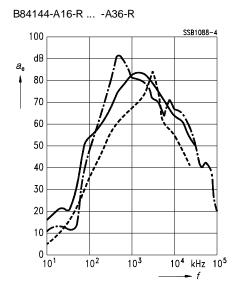


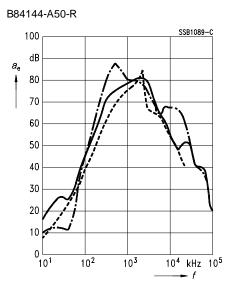
# B84144-G1600-S

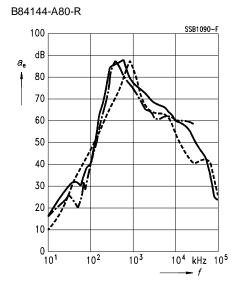


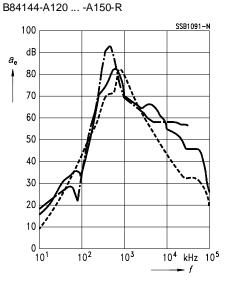








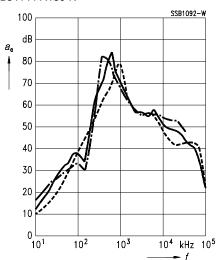




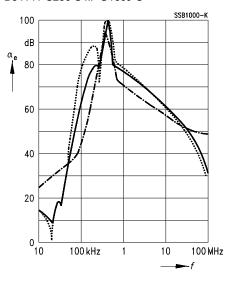
# **Insertion loss** (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode) symmetrical (differential mode)

B84144-A180-R



B84144-G250-S ... -G1600-S



## Filters for Installations and Shielded Rooms

#### General technical information

Shielded rooms or enclosures are meant to protect against electromagnetic fields. Depending on the application, it may be necessary to shield the interior from the external electromagnetic environment or, conversely, to protect the environment from electromagnetic interference.

The first case may apply to research, development and testing sites, data processing equipment or medical equipment which can only operate safely and error-free if they are adequately protected from RF interference.

In the second case, e.g. where spark-erosion equipment is used or high-voltage tests and dielectric strength measurements are carried out, the emitted RF energy would not only interfere with radio and television reception but would even impair the functioning of electrical equipment in the vicinity.

Furthermore, such equipment often needs to be protected not only from sine-wave interference signals, but also from being disturbed by electrical impulses. This type of interference includes electromagnetic pulses (EMP), which is a term used to describe the effects of lightning (LEMP) on the one hand, and, on the other hand, nuclear electromagnetic pulses (NEMP) and the corresponding effects of transients induced on the lines.

To prevent the interference and overvoltages from entering or leaving the shielded rooms, filters must be fitted to all lines passing through the shield.

In this data book, we are presenting the following filters for these applications:

	Туре	Page
Filters for communications lines	B84312	340
Filters for power lines	B84204 B84226, B84299	349

If you would like to obtain more information on our range of filters for electrical installations and shielded rooms, we would be pleased to oblige; please contact:

Siemens Matsushita Components EMV-Systemtechnik Siemensstraße 103 D-89520 Heidenheim

Tel: 07231/326-120 ... 125 Fax: 07231/326-381

Siemens Matsushita Components

#### Filters for communications lines

Filters for connecting communications lines into shielded rooms and enclosures are available for various applications. They are directly fitted into the shielded wall as individual filters. Where several filters are needed for one application, they are mounted in filter boxes or filter cabinets. The input and output capacitors are designed as coaxial feed-through components, so that blocking attenuation is achieved for frequencies up to 40 GHz.

The filters' insertion loss is chosen to comply with C.I.S.P.R. publication 17, which specifies more severe conditions than the more frequently applied MIL-STD-220 A standard, which only requires a no-load measurement for frequencies in the range below 100 kHz. For all filters, the attenuations given are the full-load values for the entire specified frequency range.

#### Mechanical construction

The electrical components are installed in an RF-tight cases of tin-plated sheet steel. The covers are soldered RF-tight. 2-line and 20-line filters are available. These can either be mounted flat on the shielded wall or upright (i.e. perpendicular to the mounting surface).

Туре	Mounting	9	Filter selection
B84312-C	Upright	The spacing-saving solution where several different filters have to be installed together.	B84312-C***-B (2-line) B84312-C***-H (20-line)
B84312-F	Flat	Advantageous due to the low profile where only one or just a few filters are required.	B84312-F***-B (2-line)

# Filter applications

The standard filters listed below have been developed for the most common applications, however, customer-specific filters can be implemented to meet deviating requirements.

Type series	Passband	Application
B84312-+20	0 3,4 kHz at 600 Ω impedance	Standard filters for telephone systems
B84312-+10	0 10 kHz at 600 Ω impedance	Standard filters for telephone systems with extended pass bandwidth
B84312-+40	0 50 kHz at 600 Ω impedance	Filters for telephone systems and modem cables and, due to the low capacitive loads, also suitable for control lines with critical signal rise times
B84312-+30		Universal filters for signal and control lines with up to 1 A
B84312-+50	0 120 kHz at 150 Ω impedance	Suitable for data signals with balanced signal transmission mode (wire pairs) as used by modems or
B84312-+60	0 300 kHz at 150 Ω impedance	RS 485 or RS 422 interfaces with transmission rates up to 9,600 or 19,200 Baud
B84312-+90	0 3,4 kHz at 600 Ω impedance	Filters for telephone systems No-pass attenuation of 100 dB above 10 kHz for extreme requirements
B84312-+100		Filters for control lines with up to 1 A and stricter attenuation requirements

## Other communications filters and accessories

We also supply the following filter types:

Filters for ISDN systems

Filters with integrated overvoltage protection for 1 to 10 wire pairs

A variety of designs is available for installation in cases and cabinets, as well as matching flexible connector fittings and accessories.

## Special designs

The modular construction of the 2-line filter types enables us to supply them, upon special request, with various connectors or circuits adapted for special applications.

## Technical data

Rated voltage $V_R$	250 Vdc/100 Vac
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C ambient temperature
Number of lines	
B84312-C***-B***	2
B84312-F***-B***	2
B84312-C***-H***	20
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1
	40/085/56 (- 40 °C/+ 85 °C; 56 days damp heat test test)
Weight	B84312-C***-B***: approx. 560 g
	B84312-F***-B***: approx. 560 g
	B84312-C***-H***: approx. 4,5 kg

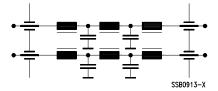
# Characteristic data and ordering codes

Pass	Matched	$I_{R}$	Circuit	$V_{P}$	$V_{P}$	R <sub>DC</sub>	Ordering code 1)
bandwidth	to			line/line 2s	line/case	per line	
kHz	Ω	Α		V	V	Ω	
DC 10	600	0,1	1	600	600	4	B84312-+10-+3
DC 3,4	600	0,1	1	600	600	11	B84312-+20-+3
_	_	1	1	400	400	0,2	B84312-+30-+3
DC 50	600	0,1	1	600	600	1,1	B84312-+40-+1
DC 120	150	0,1	2	600	600	4,4	B84312-+50-+1
DC 300	150	0,1	2	600	600	1,6	B84312-+60-+1
DC 3,4	600	0,1	3	600	600	17	B84312-+90-+4
_	_	1	4	400	400	0,6	B84312-+100-+3

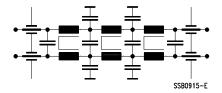
Replace the + in the 2nd block of the ordering code by the code letter for mounting mode:
 C = upright mounting, F = flat mounting
 Replace the + in the 3rd block of the ordering code by the code letter for the number of lines:
 B = 2-line filter, H = 20-line filter.

# Circuit diagrams

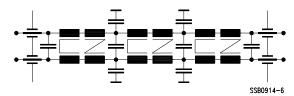
#### Circuit 1



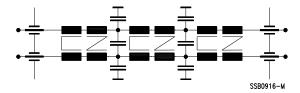
Circuit 2



## Circuit 3



## Circuit 4



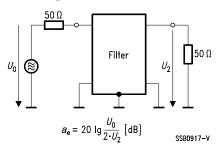
# Notes on circuits 2, 3 and 4:

These filters use current-compensated chokes. Please ensure that both lines of a signal pair are passed through the same filter.

The 20-line designs B84312-C\*\*\*-H\*\*\* each contain ten of these filter circuits.

# Insertion loss a<sub>e</sub> in the attenuation band (typical curves)

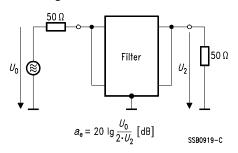
# Measuring circuit



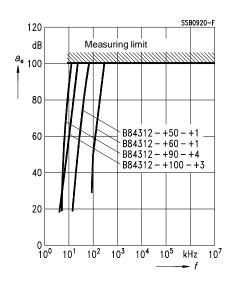
$$U = V = Voltage$$

# SSB0918-4 120 Measuring limit dB a<sub>e</sub> 100 80 B84312 - +10 - +3 -60 B84312 - +20 - +3 B84312 - +30 - +3 B84312 - +40 - +1 40 20 $10^{0}$ $10^2 10^3 10^4$ 10<sup>5</sup>

# Measuring circuit

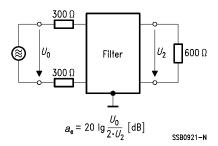


$$U = V = Voltage$$



# Insertion loss ae in the attenuation band (typical curves)

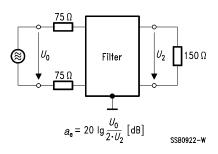
# Measuring circuit



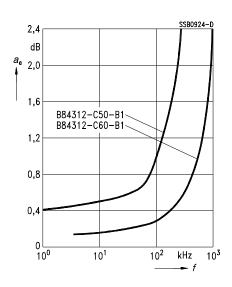
U = V = Voltage

# 1,2 dB a<sub>e</sub> 1,0 B84312-+10-+3 B84312-+20-+3 B84312-+40-+1 B84312-+90-+4 0,4 0,2 0 10<sup>-1</sup> 10<sup>0</sup> 10<sup>1</sup> kHz 10<sup>2</sup>

# Measuring circuit



U = V = Voltage

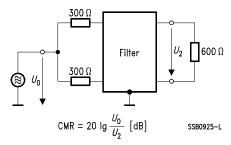


# Common-mode attenuation in the passband

for types B84312-+10-+3

B84312-+20-+3 B84312-+40-+1 B84312-+90-+4

# Measuring circuit

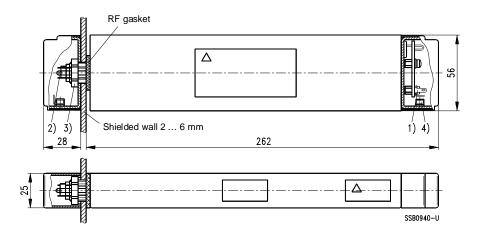


U = V = Voltage

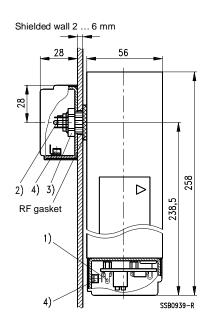
CMR >40 dB in the passband

# **Outline drawings**

# B84312-C\*\*\*-B\*

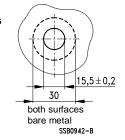


#### B84312-F\*\*\*-B\*

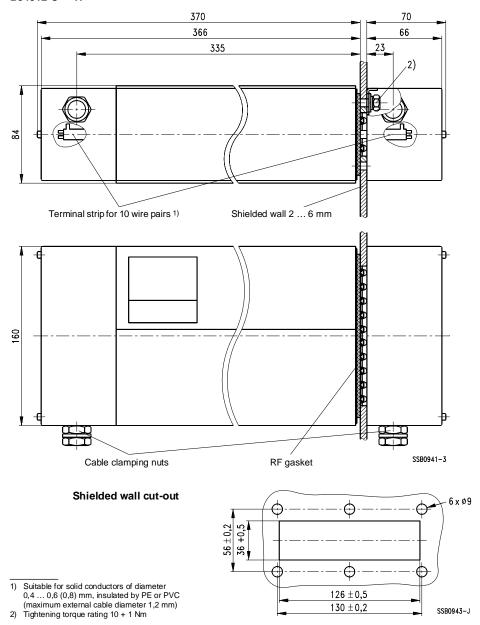


- Cable input terminals:
   2 x male tab connectors DIN 46244-A2,8-0,5
- for female connectors 2,8-0,5 (incl. in package)
  2) Cable output terminals:
  2 × male tab connectors DIN 46244-2,8-0,5
  for female connectors 2,8-0,5 (incl. in package)
- 3) Fixing nut PG 9
  Tightening torque rating 22 ± 2 Nm
- 4) Cable clamp on both sides for cables with d = 4,5 ... 6 mm and soldering lug for shield

# Mounting holes



## B84312-C\*\*\*-H\*



#### General technical information

Filters for power lines can be supplied for single-phase and three-phase power supplies with rated frequencies of 50 Hz and 60 Hz.

The filter version will determine the upper frequency limit with respect to the attenuation requirements:

1 GHz = version C

40 GHz = version G

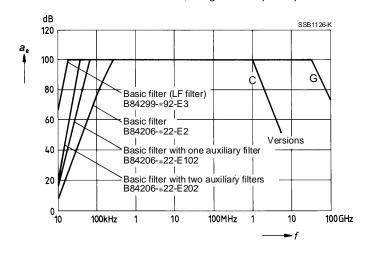
- Version C filters are primarily meant for suppressing interference generated by electrical installations. They can also be used for shielded rooms and enclosures when equipped with additional fittings.
- Version G filters are suitable for shielded rooms and enclosures.

For low-frequency applications, the followings models are available:

- Basic filters B84204 ... B84226
   Standard filters generally having attenuations > 100 dB at frequencies starting from the MF range.
- Basic filters B84204 ... B84226 with one or two auxiliary filters
   The frequency range in which an attenuation of > 100 dB is achieved can be lowered to the LF range by connecting one or two auxiliary filters.
- LF filters B84299 (Low frequency)
   Filters which already achieve attenuation values of > 100 dB in the LF range. Combinations with auxiliary filters do not lead to improvements, the use of such is thus not planned.

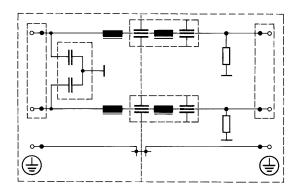
#### Insertion loss

Insertion loss that can be achieved, using a 25-A 3-phase power line filter as an example:



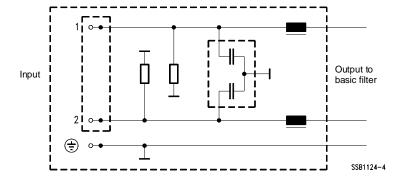
# Circuit diagrams, showing two-line filters as examples

Basic filters B84204 ... B84226

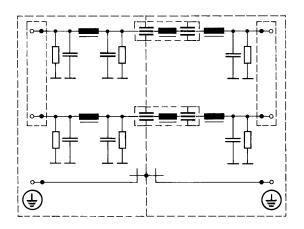


SSB1125-C

Auxiliary filters



LF filters B84299



SSB1123-V

#### General technical data

# Basic filters B84204 ... B84226 with auxiliary filters

Rated voltage $V_{R}$	440 Vac, 50/60 Hz (line/line) 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz (line/case)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	5 200 A Referred to + 40 °C ambient temperature and 60 Hz
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1100 Vdc, 2 s (line/line) 1100 Vdc, 2 s (line/case)
Voltage drop/line	Measured at rated current and 50 Hz For 60 Hz, multiply values in table by 1,2
Permissible ambient temperature	-40 °C + 40 °C

#### LF filter B84299

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	440 Vdc/440Vac, 50/60 Hz (line/line)
	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz (line/case)
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	6 100A
	Referred to + 40 °C ambient temperature
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1100 Vdc, 2 s (line/line)
	1100 Vdc, 2 s (line/case)
Leakage current / line	Measured at 50 Hz
Voltage drop / line	Measured at rated current and 50 Hz
	For 60 Hz , multiply values in table by 1,2
Permissible ambient temperature	− 25 °C + 40 °C

# Safety note!

The filters have protective earth and cable conductor connectors. Protective measures in accordance with VDE 0100 and national regulations are necessary due to the large capacitances connected between each conductor and case ground. It is also possible to connect protective earth conductors to the filter cases.

Where local regulations permit connection to neutral potential and earthing of the neutral line, the neutral line must be connected to the unassigned conductor which is connected to the case. In other cases, select filters that also have line interference suppression circuits for the neutral conductor (e.g. four-line filters).

# Selector guide

$\overline{I_{R}}$	Line	α <sub>e</sub> (dB	3) at <i>1</i> (k	Hz)		Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>		
	s	14	50	100	1000	Basic filter	Basic filter + 1 aux-	Basic filter + 2 aux-
A							iliary filter	iliary filters
25	2	19	56	76	>100	B84204-+22-B2		
25	4	19	56	76	>100	B84206-+22-E2		
25	2	32	88	100	>100		B84204-+22-B201	
25	4	32	88	100	>100		B84206-+22-E201	
25	2	45	>100	>100	>100			B84204-+22-B202
25	4	45	>100	>100	>100			B84206-+22-E202
25	2	96	>100	>100	>100	B84299-+86-B3		
25	4	96	>100	>100	>100	B84299-+92-E3		
40	2	-	-	68	>100	B84204-+23-B2		
40	4	_	_	68	>100	B84206-+23-E2		
40	2	9	73	85	>100		B84204-+23-B102	
40	4	9	73	85	>100		B84206-+23-E102	
40	2	14	94	>100	>100			B84204-+23-B202
40	4	14	94	>100	>100			B84206-+23-E202
40	2	96	>100	>100	>100	B84299-+89-B3		
40	4	96	>100	>100	>100	B84299-+94-E3		
60	4	-	-	70	>100	B84224-+24-E2		
60	4	14	69	80	>100		B84224-+24-E102	
60	4	18	90	100	>100			B84224-+24-E202
60	2	96	>100	>100	>100	B84299-+90-B3		
60	4	96	>100	>100	>100	B84299-+87-E3		

# Selector guide

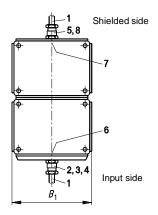
$I_{R}$	Line	α <sub>e</sub> (dB	B) at 1 (k	Hz)		Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>				
Α	s	14	50	100	1000	Basic filter	Basic filter + 1 aux- iliary filter	Basic filter + 2 aux- iliary filters		
100	4	-	-	58	>100	B84226-+25-E2				
100	4	_	40	65	>100		B84226-+25-E102			
100	4	14	60	80	>100			B84226-+25-E202		
100	4	68	>100	>100	>100	B84299-+97-E3				
200	4	-	-	58	>100	B84209-C26-E2				
200	4	-	40	65	>100		B84209-C26-E102			
200	4	14	60	80	>100			B84209-C26-E202		

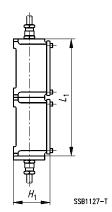
Replace the + in the ordering code by the code letter for the required version:
 C = Filter up to 1 GHz:
 Filter for EMI suppression in electrical installations
 With additional fitting also suitable for connection to shielded enclosures and rooms (see outline drawings)

<sup>2)</sup> G = Filter up to 40 GHz: For shielded enclosures and rooms

## Basic filters B84204 to B84226

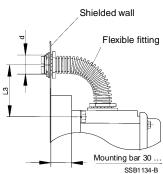
# Version C (up to 1 GHz)



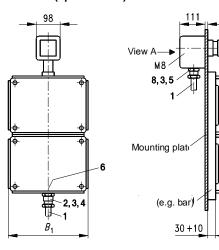


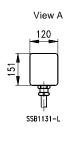
 $H_1$ 

Flexible fittings for connection to shielded rooms<sup>1)</sup>



# Version G (up to 40 GHz)





Welding flange, to be ordered

if required

SSB1130-D

Ordering code: B83208-A-Z804

Fittings with 25 mm nominal width: ordering code B84298-A42-L16 (L3 = 103 mm, d = 37 mm)
 Fittings with 40 mm nominal width: ordering code B84298-A44-L22 (L3 = 168 mm, d = 54 mm)

## Basic filters B84204 to B84226

# Types

$I_{R}$	Lines	Voltage dro	` '			Approx. weight	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	
Α		Vdc	Vac, 50 Hz	<i>L</i> <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	$H_1$	kg	
25	2	<0,5	4,2	500	248	157	30	B84204-+22-B2
25	4	<0,5	4,2	500	315	157	38	B84206-+22-E2
40	2	<0,5	2,4	500	248	157	31	B84204-+23-B2
40	4	<0,5	2,4	500	315	157	39	B84206-+23-E2
60	4	<0,5	3,6	752	315	157	52	B84224-+24-E2
100	4	<0,5	2,6	887	315	177	82	B84226-+25-E2
200	4	<0,5	5,2	1014	315	177	96	B84209-C26-E2

# Connecting data

Filter type		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
$\overline{I_{R}}$	Lin	Recomm.	Thread for	Possible	Clea	r-	Max. availal	Thread for		
	es	cable	conduit	inside	ance		cross section	cross section of the		
Α		cross	bush	diameter	hole		clamps or th	read of the	bush	
		section		for rubber	bush		screw			
				sleeve						
25	2	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 21	14 20	21		10 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29/21 <sup>2)</sup>	
25	4	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	23 29	30		10 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	
40	2	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 21	14 20	21		10 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29/21 <sup>2)</sup>	
40	4	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	23 29	30		10 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	
60	4	10	PG 29	23 29	30		35 mm <sup>2</sup>	M8	PG 29	
		16 mm <sup>2</sup>								
100	4	35 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 36	31 37	38		M8	M8	PG 42/36 <sup>3)</sup>	
200	4	95/50 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 42/36 <sup>3)</sup>	39 41	43		M10	M10	PG 42	

<sup>1)</sup> Replace the + in the ordering code by the code letter for the required version:

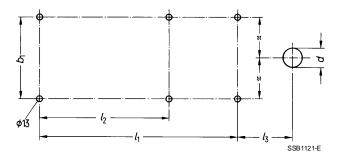
C = Filter up to 1 GHz, G = Filter up to 40 GHz

2) PG 29/21 indicates: reducing adapter to PG 21 screwed into PG 29 threaded hole in case

3) PG 42/36 bedeutet: reducing adapter to PG 36 screwed into PG 42 threaded hole in case

# Basic filters B84204 to B84226

# Fixing dimensions

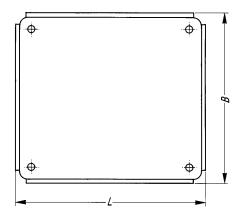


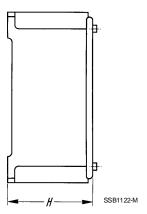
Ordering code	Fixing dir	mensions (	mm)	Dimensions for connector fitting (mm)				
for filter				Version (		Version G		
	b <sub>1</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	12	<i>I</i> <sub>3</sub>	Ød	$I_3$	Ød	
B84204-+22-B2	223	475	_	103	37	220	71	
B84204-+23-B2	223	475	_	103	37	220	71	
B84206-+22-E2	290	475	_	103	37	220	71	
B84206-+23-E2	290	475	_	103	37	220	71	
B84209-C26-E2	290	989	610	168	54	_	_	
B84224-+24-E2	290	727	475	103	37	220	71	
B84226-+25-E2	290	862	610	168	54	220	71	

<sup>7)</sup> Ordering code for fitting for version C:  $l_3 = 103$  mm: B84298-A42-L16 (nom. width 25)  $l_3 = 168$  mm: B84298-A44-L22 (nom. width 40)

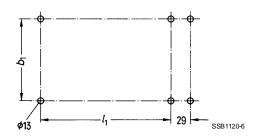
not included in delivery (for outline drawing see page 354)

# **Auxiliary filters**





# Fixing dimensions



Dimension 29 indicates the hole spacing between basic filter and auxiliary filter.

# Types

$I_{R}$	Lines			Fixing dimensions (mm)		Dimensions (mm)			Approx. weight
Α		Vdc	Vac, 50 Hz	<i>b</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	L	В	Н	kg
25	2	<0,5	4,2	223	223	248	248	157	15
25	4	<0,5	4,2	290	223	248	315	157	21
40	2	<0,5	2,4	223	223	248	248	157	17
40	4	<0,5	2,4	290	223	248	315	157	22
60	4	<0,5	3,6	290	475	500	315	157	36
100	4	<0,5	2,6	290	610	635	315	177	65
200	4	<0,5	5,2	290	610	635	315	177	71

## LF filters B84299

# Selector guide

$I_{R}$	Lines	Figure	R <sub>tvp</sub> /	Ohmic	Voltage	Leakage	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>
			line	voltage drop/	drop/	current/	
				line	line	line	
Α			mΩ	V	V		
						Α	
25	2	1	20	0,5	6	5,3	B84299-+86-B3
25	4	2	20	0,5	6	5,2	B84299-+92-E3
40	2	1	20	0,8	9,6	5,2	B84299-+89-B3
40	4	2	5	0,2	6,6	7,1	B84299-+94-E3
60	2	1	5	0,3	9,2	7,1	B84299-+90-B3
60	4	2	5	0,3	9,2	7,1	B84299-+87-E3
100	4	2	3	0,3	9	7,1	B84299-+97-E3

<sup>1)</sup> Replace the + in the ordering code by the code letter for the required version:

C = Filter up to 1 GHz:

Filter for EMI suppression in electrical installations

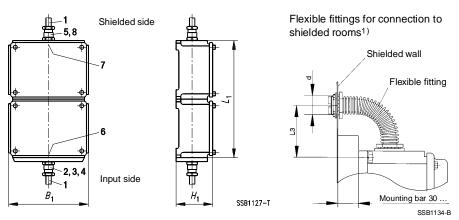
With additional fitting also suitable for shielded enclosures and rooms (see outline drawings)

G = Filter up to 40 GHz:

For shielded enclosures and rooms

## LF filters B84299

# Version C (up to 1 GHz) - Figure 1



# Types

$I_{R}$	Lines	Dimensions (mm)			Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α		L <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	$H_1$	kg	
25	2	879	315	177	35	B84299-C86-B3
40	2	879	315	177	35	B84299-C89-B3
60	2	879	315	177	40	B84299-C90-B3

# Connecting data

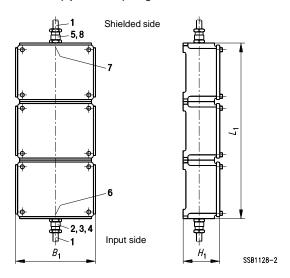
$I_{R}$	Lines	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Α		Recomm. cable cross section	Thread for conduit bush	Possible inside dia. for rubber sleeve	ance hole		Max. available cross section for the clamps		Thread for conduit bush
25	2	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		10 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
40	2	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		10 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
60	2	1016 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		35 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29

Fittings with 25 mm nominal width: ordering code B84298-A42-L16 (L3 = 103 mm, d = 37 mm)
 Fittings with 40 mm nominal width:ordering code B84298-A44-L22 (L3 = 168 mm, d = 54 mm)

<sup>2)</sup> PG 29/21 indicates: cable screwed into PG 29 in case, reducing adapter to PG 21 screwed into PG 29.

# LF filters B84299

# Version C (up to 1 GHz) - Figure 2



# Types

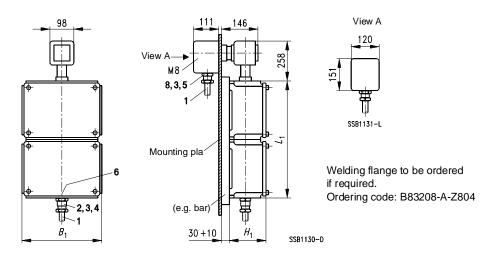
$I_{R}$	Lines	` ,			Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α		L <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	$H_1$	kg	
25	4	1508	315	177	55	B84299-C92-E3
40	4	1508	315	202	69	B84299-C94-E3
60	4	1508	315	202	70	B84299-C87-E3
100	4	1508	315	177	70	B84299-C97-E3

# Connecting data

$I_{R}$	Lines	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Recomm.	Thread for	Possible	Clea	r-	Max. available		Thread for
		cable	conduit	inside	ance hole		cross section		conduit
		cross section	bush	dia.	for bush		for the clamps		bush
				for rubber					
Α				sleeve					
25	4	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		10 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
40	4	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		10 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
60	4	1016 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		35 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
100	4	95/50 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 42	39 41	43		70 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 42

# LF filters B84299

# Version G (up to 40 GHz) - Figure 1



# **Types**

$I_{R}$	Lines	` ,			Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α		L <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	$H_1$	kg	
25	2	879	315	177	39	B84299-G86-B3
40	2	879	315	177	73	B84299-G89-B3
60	2	879	315	177	44	B84299-G90-B3

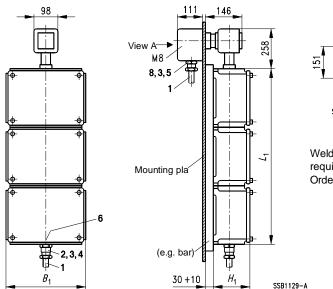
# Connecting data

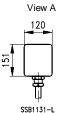
$I_{R}$	Lines	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Α		Recomm. cable cross sec- tion	Thread for conduit bush	Possible inside dia. for rubber sleeve	Clea ance for bu	hole	Max. ava	ction	Thread for conduit bush
25	2	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32	24	10 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29/21 <sup>1)</sup>
40	2	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32	24	10 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29/21 <sup>1)</sup>
60	2	1016 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32	'	35 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29

<sup>1)</sup> PG 29/21 indicates: cable screwed into PG 29 in case, reducing adapter to PG 21 screwed into PG 29.

# LF filters B84299

# Version G (up to 40 GHz) - Figure 2





Welding flange to be ordered in required.

Ordering code: B83208-A-Z804

# **Types**

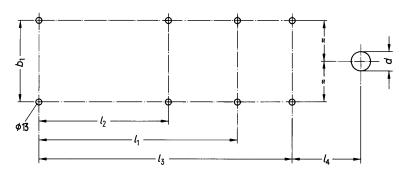
$I_{R}$	Lines	` '			Approx. weight	Ordering code
Α		<i>L</i> <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	$H_1$	kg	
25	4	1508	315	177	59	B84299-G92-E3
40	4	1508	315	202	73	B84299-G94-E3
60	4	1508	315	202	74	B84299-G87-E3
100	4	1508	315	177	74	B84299-G97-E3

# Connecting data

$\overline{I_{R}}$	Lines	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Recomm.	Thread for	Possible	Clea	-	Max. available cross section		Thread
		cable	conduit bush	inside dia.					for conduit
Α		cross section	busn	for rubber sleeve	bush		for the cl	amps	bush
25	4	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		10 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
40	4	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		35 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
60	4	10 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 29	20 27	32		35 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 29
100	4	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	PG 42	39 41	43	38	70 mm <sup>2</sup>		PG 36

# LF filters B84299

# Fixing dimensions



Ordering code for	Dimensio	ns for			Dimensions for connector fitting (mm)			
filter	fixing (mi	m)			Version ( with corre tube <sup>1)</sup>		Version G	
	<i>b</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>2</sub>	$I_3$	<i>I</i> <sub>4</sub>	Ød	<i>I</i> <sub>4</sub>	Ød
B84299-+86-B3	290	854	475	_	103	37	220	71
B84299-+87-E3	290	979	475	1483	103	37	220	71
B84299-+89-B3	290	854	475	_	103	37	220	71
B84299-+90-B3	290	854	475	_	103	37	220	71
B84299-+92-E3	290	979	475	1483	103	37	220	71
B84299-+94-E3	290	979	475	1483	103	37	220	71
B84229-+97-E3	290	979	475	1483	168	54	220	71

<sup>7)</sup> Ordering code for fitting, version C:  $I_4 = 103 \text{ mm}$ : B84298-A42-L16 (nom. width 25)  $I_4 = 168 \text{ mm}$ : B84298-A44-L22 (nom. width 40)

not included in delivery (outline drawing see page 359)



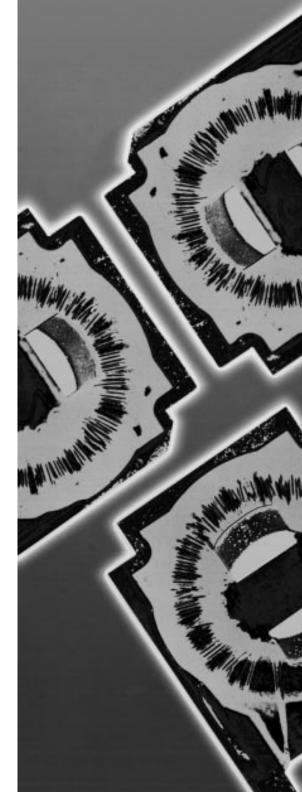
A whole lot of ring core chokes

# Chokes to your choice

You urgently need particular ring core chokes? That's no problem, we have 200,000 pieces in stock and deliver reliably through SCS. Our automated production guarantees



the best of reliability too. It turns out chokes in different versions: flat and upright, with current rated from 0.4 to 16 A. UL and VDE approved, and complying with the latest EMC standards of course.



# Feed-Through Capacitors Feed-Through Filters

# Selector guide feed-through capacitors

I <sub>R</sub> A	$V_{R}$	Features Fields of application	Туре	Page
10 25	up to 600 Vdc up to 440 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Axial leads Central screw fixing	B85121 B85122	371
50 1000	up to 750 Vdc up to 440 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Screw terminals Central screw fixing Broadband interference suppression up to the GHz range	B85111 B85121	374

# Selector guide feed-through filters

I <sub>R</sub> A	$V_{R}$	Features Fields of application	Type	Page
6	350 Vdc	Screw fixing or soldering Cost-effective solution	B85313	378
16	up to 350 Vdc 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Central screw fixing Solder lugs	B85321	382
25	up to 440 Vdc 440 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Screw terminals Flange fixing	B85331 B85332	385
40 200	up to 750 Vdc 440 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Central screw fixing Broadband attenuation	B85321	388

# Feed-Through Capacitors Feed-Through Filters

### General

1 Feed-through capacitors

((Foto als Film))

Fig. 1 Feed-through capacitors fitted into a shielding wall

Where broadband interference from low frequencies right up to and above the SW and VHF bands has to be effectively suppressed in electrical systems and equipment, shielding is used in combination with feed-through capacitors. To fully utilize their RF characteristics, the capacitors must be fitted directly into the shielding walls, taking care that an RF-tight contact is made between the capacitor case and shielding.

In all feed-through capacitors the load-current-carrying conductor, which is connected over a large surface area to one electrode, passes through the center of the capacitor. The other electrode makes concentric contact with the capacitor case.

Corresponding to their electrical equivalent circuit, feed-through capacitors can be considered as being four-terminal networks. They are designed to be effective from low frequency to far above 300 MHz. The low-loss winding with high-stability contact to the leads at its face ends is enclosed in a metal case with either a threaded stud at one end or an external thread.

### Safety note!

If high-capacitance feed-through capacitors are used, protective measures (e.g. protective earthing) in accordance with equipment/system regulations (product standards) are required!

# 2 Feed-through filters



Fig. 2 Feed-through filters fitted into a shielding wall

Feed-through filters are designed to eliminate interference from power systems over a broad bandwidth. Construction and electrical characteristics of these filters make them highly suitable for use in electrical machinery and equipment ashore and on board ships.

These filters have  $\pi$  filter circuits consisting of two equal shunt capacitors and one ferromagnetic inductor connected in series. Due to the concentric arrangement of the components, high attenuation values are obtained for frequencies up to and exceeding 1 GHz.

To fully utilize their RF characteristics, the filters must be fitted into the shielding walls. The filter case must make RF-tight contact with the shielding.

# Safety note!

If filters with high capacitances are used, protective measures (e.g. protective earthing) in accordance with equipment/system regulations (product standards) are required!

# Feed-Through Capacitors Feed-Through Filters

# 3 Mounting instructions

To fully utilize their RF characteristics, feed-through components must be fitted directly into the shielding wall. The component case must make perfect and unbroken (RF-tight!) contact with the shielding. This can be best achieved by screwing them into a threaded hole or bushing, so that good electrical contact is made by the flanks of the thread.

With feed-through components having M6 ... M12 threaded studs, contact is made via the conical contact surface adjoining the threaded stud by inserting the component into a sharp-edged mounting hole. If these filters are to be used without additional shielding solely for interference suppression up to the VHF range, it is sufficient to mount them on angle brackets.

# 3.1 Feed-through components with screw terminals

The connecting line must be attached by fixing it between two countered nuts in order to avoid exposing the component to torque loads (use two spanners).

For 600 A and 1000 A types (with M20 and M30 terminal threads respectively), a special connecting element which enables several lines to be connected simultaneously and also prevents the torque being transmitted to the ceramic parts is available.

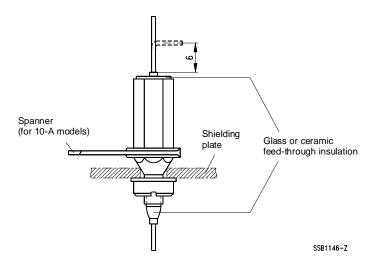
	Type 600 A (M20)	Type 1000 A (M30)
Ordering code (2 units needed each time)	C62104-A2-A3	C62104-A2-A4

### NOTE

Due to the danger of exposing the ceramic parts to mechanical loads caused by shock and vibration, it is not permissible to use rigid copper bars as connecting elements.

# 3.2 Feed-through components for up to 25 A, with leads

When fitting components into the metal shielding plate proceed as follows:



Example:Type B85121-D

- 1. Fit the component into the hole of the shielding plate at right angles to the surface and fix it by tightening the slotted nut with a suitable screw driver. When using an open-end spanner to hold components with hexagonal casings (10A), keep the spanner as near to the mounting plate as possible, so that the torque is applied to the case only at that end.
- 2. When bending the feed-through lead, keep a 6 mm distance between the bending point and the end of the feed-through tube and hold the lead between glass tube and bending tool with a suitable clamping tool.
- 3. When soldering the feed-through lead keep a minimum distance of 5 mm from the end of the feed-through tube.

# Feed-Through Capacitors Feed-Through Filters

# General technical data1)

Rated curr	
	ture
	Climatic category 40/100/56:
	referred to 85 °C ambient temperature
Self-heating	max. 15 °C at operation with rated current
Operating current I <sub>op</sub>	max. permissible operating current = rated current
Operating current 400 Hz	at 400 Hz only 75 % of rated ac current
Current derating $I_{\rm op}/I_{\rm R}$ versus ambient temperature $T_{\rm A}$	1,2 I <sub>op</sub> 1,0 0,8 0,6 0,4
Curve 1	0,2
Climatic category 40/085/56	
Curve 2 Climatic category 40/100/56	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 85 °C 100 — $T_A$

<sup>1)</sup> For types ≥ 10 A. For type B85313 (6 A) see data sheet

# Rated current up to 25 A Rated voltage up to 600 Vdc/440 Vac (50/60 Hz)

# Construction

FK technology

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)

Electrodes: metal foils

MP technology (self-healing)

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)

Electrodes: metallized paper

Metal case

Glass or ceramic feed-throughs

Hermetically soldered

### **Features**

- For central screw fixing
- High contact reliability

# **Applications**

 Broadband interference suppression for ac/dc supply and control lines up to 25 A

### **Terminals**

Axial leads, tinned

### Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated capacitance, EMI suppression class, rated voltage, rated current, climatic category, date of manufacture (MM.YY)

### Standards

Capacitors marked with EMI suppression class comply with VDE 0565-1

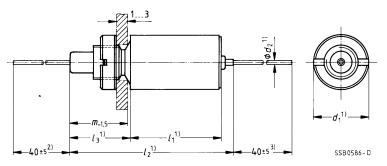
# Safety information

If high-capacitance feed-through capacitors are used, protective measures (e.g. protective earthing) in accordance with equipment/system regulations are required.



# **Outline drawings**

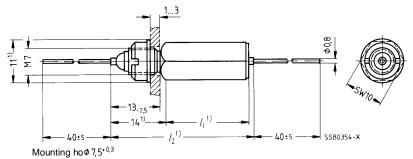
# B85121-A, B85122-A



Slotted nut and spring washer included in deleivery

Туре	Dime	Dimensions (mm)					Thread	Mounting	
	<i>d</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	$I_2$	$I_3$	m	$d_2$		hole	
B85122-A-B2									
B85121-A-B1, -B3, -B7	16	24	42,5	16,5	16	1	$M10 \times 0.75$	10,5 +0,3	Creep-
B85121-A-B9, -B15	16	34	52,5	16,5	16	1	M10 × 0,75	10,5 +0,3	age dis-
B85121-A-B4	20	26,5	46	18	17	2	M12 × 0,75	12,5 +0,5	tance/ clear-
B85121-A-B5, -B6									ance
B85121-A-B24, -B39	20	38,5	58	18	17	2	$M12 \times 0,75$	12,5 +0,5	≥4 mm
B85121-A-C37	20	32	52	19	18,5	2	$M12 \times 0.75$	12,5 +0,5	

# B85121-D



Type	l <sub>1</sub> (mm)	<i>l</i> <sub>2</sub> (mm)	Accessories	
B85121-D-B1B4	25	41	Slotted nut and spring washer	Creep. dist./clearance
B85121-D-B5, -B6	30	46	included in delivery	≥ 2 mm

<sup>2)</sup> B85121-A-C37: length 45 ± 5 3) B85121-A-C37: length 65 ± 5

# Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	Terminal/case (layer/layer)					
Insulation resistance $R_{is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{is}$	$C_{N}$ ≤ 0,33 μF $C_{N}$ > 0,33 μF ≥ 12000 MΩ ≥ 4000 s					
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %					
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 FK technology: 40/100/56 (-40 °C/+100 °C/56 days damp heat test) MP technology: 40/085/56 (-40 °C/+85 °C/56 days damp heat test)					

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$\overline{I_{R}}$	$V_{R}$		$V_{P}$	$C_{R}$			Approx.	Ordering code
	Vdc/Vac	Vac		'`	Class <sup>2)</sup>	Tech-	weight	
Α	50/60 Hz	400 Hz	Vdc, 2 s			nology	g	
10	350/2501)	115	1500	5000 pF		FK	13	B85121-D-B1
10	350/2501)	115	1500	0,01 μF		FK	13	B85121-D-B2
10	160/110	60	750	0,025 μF		FK	13	B85121-D-B3
10	80/42	-	900	0,05 μF		FK	13	B85121-D-B4
10	250/100	60	400	0,1 μF		MP	15	B85121-D-B5
10	250/42	-	1075	0,05 μF		FK	15	B85121-D-B6
16	440/2503)	115	3750	1250 pF	Υ	FK	23	B85121-A-B1
16	600/2503)	220	3950	2500 pF	Υ	FK	30	B85122-A-B2
16	440/2503)	115	3750	5000 pF	Υ	FK	23	B85121-A-B3
16	350/250	115	1500	0,025 μF	X2	FK	26	B85121-A-B7
16	350/250	115	1600	0,05 μF	X2	FK	28	B85121-A-B9
16	160/75	40	300	1,0 μF		MP	30	B85121-A-B15
25	440/2503)	115	3750	0,01 μF	Υ	FK	36	B85121-A-B4
25	440/2503)	115	3750	0,035 μF	Υ	FK	51	B85121-A-B5
25	440/2503)	115	3750	0,05 μF	Υ	FK	51	B85121-A-B6
25	600/440	220	3950	0,035 μF	X1	FK	55	B85121-A-B39
25	600/380	125	3600	0,05 μF	X1	FK	55	B85121-A-B24
25	160/75	-	450	1 μF		MP	55	B85121-A-C37

Not for power line operation!
 In accordance with VDE 0565-1
 If the capacitors are not used as Y capacitors, but e.g. for connection to anode voltage lines, the max. permissible operating voltage is 350 Vrms, 60 Hz/750 Vdc

# Rated current up to 1000 A Rated voltage up to 750 Vdc/440 Vac (50/60 Hz)

### Construction

MP technology (self-healing)

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)

Electrodes: metallized paper

FK technology

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)

Electrodes: metal foils

MKV technology (dry, self-healing)

Dielectric: polypropylene Electrodes: metallized paper

Metal case

Ceramic feed-throughs

Hermetically soldered

### **Features**

- For central screw fixing
- High current handling capability
- High operational reliability

# **Applications**

Broadband interference suppression for ac/dc supply lines, e.g. in

- shielded rooms
- telephone exchanges
- electrical machines and systems, power supplies
- ship building, traction

# **Terminals**

- Threaded studs, screw connection
- Special elements for connecting several cables available for 600 and 1000 A types.

# Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated capacitance, EMI suppression class, rated voltage, rated current, climatic category, date of manufacture (MM.YY)

### Standards

The capacitors comply with VDE 0565-1

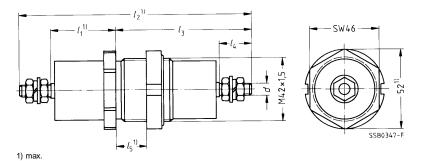
# Safety information

If high-capacitance feed-through capacitors are used, protective measures (e.g. protective earthing) in accordance with equipment/system regulations are required.



# Outline drawings

# B85111-A-B13 ... B16



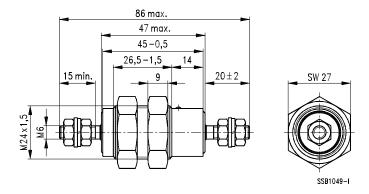
Nuts, washers and spring rings included in delivery.

Types B85111-A-B15, -B16:

Instead of washer and spring ring, 2 locking washers each (DIN 93) included in delivery.

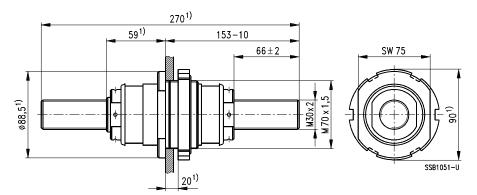
Туре	Dimensions (mm)					Thread	Creepage dis-
	<i>I</i> <sub>1</sub>	$I_2$	$I_3$	l <sub>4</sub> -5	l <sub>5</sub>	d	tance/clearance
B85111-A-B13, -B14	27	115	66 –6	27	20	M 8	≥6 mm
B85111-A-B15, -B16	40	169	92 –8	45	14	M 12	≥6 mm

# B85111-A-B20



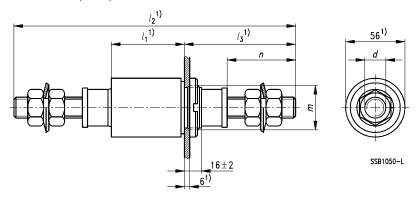
Creepage distance and clearance  $\geq 4~\text{mm}$  Nuts, washers and spring rings included in delivery.

# B85111-A-B302)



Creepage distance and clearance ≥16 mm

# B85121-A-B29, -B45, -C18



Nuts and washers included in delivery.

Type B85121-B45:

Instead of the tightening washer, 1 washer and 1 spring ring each included in delivery.

Туре	Dimens	ions (mn	Creepage dis-				
	4	12	<i>I</i> <sub>3</sub>	<i>n</i> (min)	m	d	tance/clearance
B85121-A-B29 <sup>2)</sup>	60,5	252	105	50	M 42 × 1,5	M 20	≥ 16 mm
B85121-A-C18 <sup>2)</sup>	86,5	244	90	35	M 42 × 1,5	M 20	≥ 16 mm
B85121-A-B45	64	220	90	35	M 32 × 1,5	M 12	≥ 17 mm

<sup>1)</sup> max

<sup>2)</sup> Special element for connecting several cables see page 368.

# Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	Terminal/case (layer/layer)
Insulation resistance R <sub>is</sub> or	$C_{\rm R} \le 0.33 \ \mu \text{F}$ : $\ge 12000 \ \text{M}\Omega$
time constant $\tau = C_{N} \cdot R_{is}$	$C_{R} > 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}: \ge 4000 \ \text{s}$
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/56 (-40 °C/+85 °C/56 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	V <sub>R</sub> Vdc/Vac	Vac	$V_{P}$	$C_{R}$	Class <sup>1)</sup>	Tech- nology	Approx. weight	Ordering code
Adc/Aac	50/60 Hz	400 Hz	Vdc, 2 s	μF			kg	
50/50	440/2502)	115	2700	0,05	Υ	FK	0,12	B85111-A-B20
100/100	600/440	220	3950	0,035	X1	FK	0,4	B85111-A-B13
100/100	600/440	220	2500	0,5	X2	MP	0,4	B85111-A-B14
300/200	600/440	220	3950	0,035	X1	FK	0,6	B85111-A-B15
300/200	600/440	220	2500	0,5	X2	MP	0,6	B85111-A-B16
300/200	750/250	220	2500	1,0	X2	MKV	0,8	B85121-A-B45
600/500	600/440	220	2500	0,5	X2	MP	1,4	B85121-A-B29
600/500	600/440	220	2500	2,0	X2	MP	1,6	B85121-A-C18
1000/8003)	600/440	220	2500	0,5	X2	MP	3,1	B85111-A-B30

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with VDE 0565-1

<sup>2)</sup> If the capacitor is not used as Y capacitor, the max. permissible operating voltage is 350 V<sub>rms</sub>/60 Hz/750 Vdc 3) >1000 A on request

# Rated voltage 350 Vdc Rated current 6 A

# Construction

- Filter in π configuration consisting of 2 feed-through capacitors and 1 series inductor
- Capacitors: class-2 ceramic material Lead-through wire enclosed by ferrite tube core
- For screw fixing or soldering

### **Features**

- Broadband attenuation
- For shielded walls
- Cost-effective solution

# **Applications**

- Telecom equipment and systems
- Measuring and control equipment and systems

### **Terminals**

- Axial leads
- Hooks

# Safety information

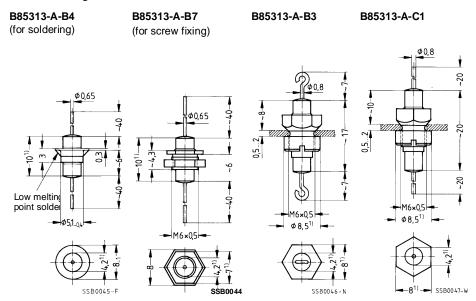
In telecom and broadcasting systems, these filters can also be used at 250 Vac, 50 Hz, but not in power systems or where shock hazard protection has to be ensured for capacitors (VDE 0565-1).

# Circuit diagram





# **Outline drawings**



1) max.

# Mounting information

Types for screw fixing	Mounting hole $\emptyset$ 6,3 + 0,2 Locking nuts are loosely included in delivery, torque: 80 Ncm max.
Types for soldering	Mounting hole $\varnothing$ 5,3 + 0,2 Melting point of solder: approx. 95 °C, soldering temperature max. 160 °C

# **Technical data**

Rated voltage $V_{\rm P}$	350 Vdc
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	1050 Vdc
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	at frequencies up to 20 kHz, max. permissible operating current = rated current
Perm. rms reactive current	0,75 A
Perm. surface temperature	85 °C
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/21 (–40 °C/+85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

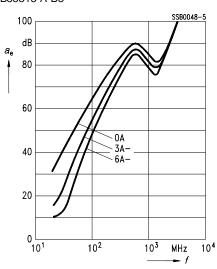
$I_{R}$	$C_{R}$		$P_{V}$	Version	Approx.	Ordering code
A	pF	Toler- ance %	mW <sup>1)</sup>		weight g	
6	2×800	+50/-20	120	screw-in, leaded	0,2	B85313-A-B7
6	2×800	+50/-20	120	solderable, leaded	0,13	B85313-A-B4
6	2×1600	+30/–20	200	screw-in, hooks	0,4	B85313-A-B3
6	2×3500	+30/–20	270	screw-in, leaded	0,6	B85313-A-C1

<sup>1)</sup> At room temperatures up to 55 °C and installation in a metal plate. The feed-through element then heats up by 30 °C. If installed in a copper-clad plate only half of the stated power loss ins permissible.

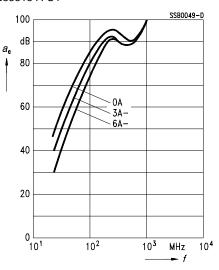
# Insertion loss $a_{\rm e}$ versus frequency f

measured at different operating currents and 50  $\Omega$  termination at both ends (typical values)

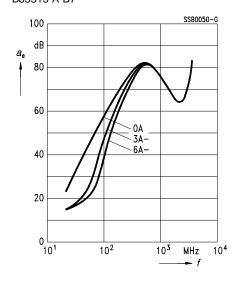
B85313-A-B3



B85313-A-C1



B85313-A-B4 B85313-A-B7



# Rated voltage up to 350 Vdc/250 Vac (50/60 Hz) Rated current 16 A

# Construction

FK technology
 Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)
 Flectrodes: metal foils

- Metal case
- Ceramic feed-throughs
- Hermetically soldered

### **Features**

- For central screw fixing
- High contact reliability
- Rated as Y capacitors

# Application

Universal broadband interference suppression for ac/dc supply and control lines up to 16 A

# **Terminals**

Solder lugs

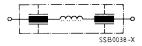
# Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, EMI suppression class, rated capacitance, rated voltage, rated current, climatic category, date of manufacture (MM.YY), circuit diagram

### Standards

The incorporated capacitors comply with VDE 0565-1

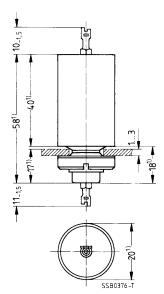
# Circuit diagram



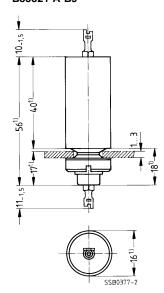


# **Outline drawings**

# B85321-A-B6



B85321-A-B9



1) max.

Slotted nut and spring washer included in delivery.

Туре	Mounting hole	Creepage distance/ clearance
B85321-A-B6	Ø 12,5 +0,3	≥ 5 mm
B85321-A-B9	Ø 10,5 +0,3	≥ 3 mm

# Technical data

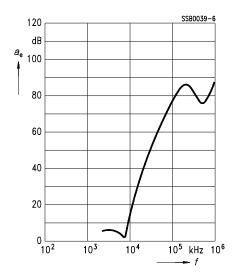
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	Terminal/case (layer/layer)
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/56 (-40 °C/+85 °C/56 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	$V_{R}$		$V_{P}$	$C_{R}$	Class <sup>1)</sup>	Approx.	Ordering code
	Vdc/Vac	Vac				weight	
Α	50/60 Hz	400 Hz	Vdc, 2 s	pF		g	
16	250/250	115	2700	2×2500	Υ	32	B85321-A-B9
16	350/2502)	115	5000	$2 \times 2500$	Υ	50	B85321-A-B6

# Insertion loss a<sub>e</sub>

(typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )



<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with VDE 0565-1

<sup>2)</sup> If used as X1 capacitor, the permissible operating voltage is 600Vdc/400 Vac.

# Rated voltage up to 440 Vdc/440 Vac (50/60 Hz) Rated current 25 A

### Construction

FK technology

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)
Flectrodes: metal foils

- Metal case
- Ceramic feed-throughs
- Hermetically soldered

### **Features**

- For flange fixing
- High contact reliability

# Application

Broadband interference suppression for ac/dc supply lines up to 25 A, e.g. in

- shielded rooms
- telephone exchanges
- electrical machines and systems
- power supplies

### **Terminals**

Threaded stud M6

# Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, EMI suppression class, rated capacitance, rated voltage, rated current, test voltage, climatic category, date of manufacture (MM.YY), circuit diagram

### Standards

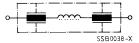
The incorporated capacitors comply with VDE 0565-1

# Safety information

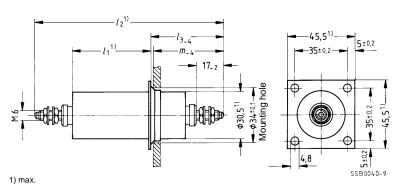
If the high-capacitance types B85331-A-B1 or B85332-A-B1 are used, protective measures (e.g. protective earthing) in accordance with equipment/system regulations are required.



# Circuit diagram



# **Outline drawing**



Туре Dimensions (mm) Creepage distance and clearance  $I_3$ m 60,5 B85331-A-B1 68 152 61 ≥ 6 mm

### B85332-A-B1 115 43,5 B85331-A-B2 48,5 44 ≥ 6 mm B85331-A-B3

# **Technical data**

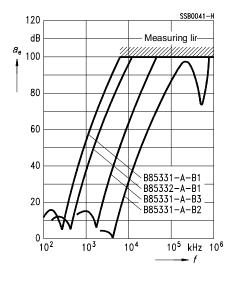
Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	Terminal/case (layer/layer)
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/56 (-40 °C/+85 °C/56 days damp heat test)

# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$	$V_{R}$		$V_{P}$	$C_{R}$	Class1)	Approx.	Ordering code
	Vdc/Vac	Vac				weight	
Α	50/60 Hz	400 Hz				g	
25	350/250	115	2700 Vdc, 2 s	2 x 2500 pF	Υ	175	B85331-A-B2
25	440/440	220	2700 Vdc, 2 s	2 x 17500 pF	X1 <sup>2</sup> )	175	B85331-A-B3
25	350/250	115	1500 Vac, 1 min	2 x 0,1 μF	X1	245	B85331-A-B1
25	440/300	115	2500 Vac, 1 min	2 x 0,05 μF	X1	245	B85332-A-B1

# Insertion loss $a_{\rm e}$

(typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )



<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with VDE 0565-1

<sup>2)</sup> When operated at 250 Vac, the filter complies with VDE 0565-1, class Y

# Broadband feed-through filters Rated voltage up to 750 Vdc/440 Vac

### Construction

MP technology (self-healing)
 Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)
 Electrodes: metallized paper

MKV technology (dry, self-healing)
 Dielectric: polypropylene
 Electrodes: metallized paper

Metal case

· Ceramic feed-throughs

### **Features**

- For central screw fixing
- High contact reliability

# **Applications**

Broadband interference suppression for ac/dc supply lines, e.g. in

- shielded rooms
- telephone exchanges
- electrical machines and systems
- power supplies
- ship building

### **Terminals**

Threaded studs M6 ... M10

# Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, EMI suppression class, rated capacitance, rated voltage, rated current, climatic category, circuit diagram, date of manufacture (MM.YY)

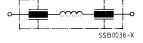
### Standards

The incorporated capacitors comply with VDE 0565-1

# Safety information

Due to the high capacitance ratings of these filters protective measures (e.g. protective earthing) in accordance with equipment/system regulations are required.

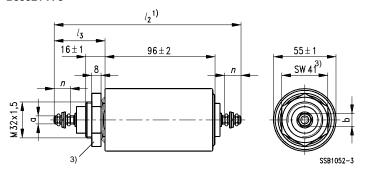
# Circuit diagram





# **Outline drawings**

# B85321-A-J



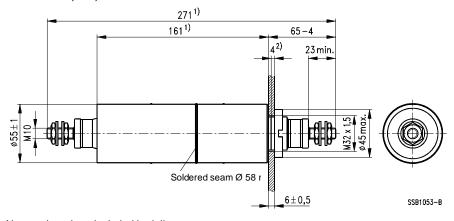
Nuts, washers and spring rings included in delivery.

3) Type B85321-A-J11:

Instead of hex nut M32 and spring washer, round slotted nut with locking screws.

Туре	Dimensions (mm)					Creepage dis-
	$I_2$	$I_3$	а	b	n	tance/clearance
B85321-A-J1, -J2, -J12	166	45 –3	M 6	SW10	15 min	≥ 10 mm
B85321-A-J11	200	62 –3	M 8	SW13	24 min	

# B85321-A-C5, -B4, -B7



Nuts and washers included in delivery.

max

<sup>2)</sup> Minimum dimension for supporting thread length

# Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	Terminal/case (layer/layer)		
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	ypical values measured at 20 °C ambient temperature		
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/56 (-40 °C/+85 °C/56 days damp heat test)		

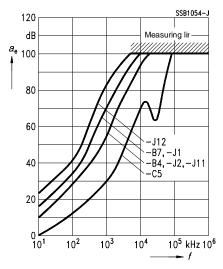
# Characteristics and ordering codes

$I_{R}$		$V_{R}$		$V_{P}$	$R_{typ}$	$C_{R}$	Class <sup>2)</sup>	Approx.	Ordering
A/50	Hz	Vdc/Vac	Vac	Vdc, 2 s	, ,			weight	code
(A/40	00 Hz)	50/60 Hz	400 Hz		μΩ	μF		g	
40	(30)	350/2501)	2501)	1100	270	2 × 4,7 (MKV)	_	700	B85321-A-J12
40	(30)	440/250	250	1500	270	2×2 (MKV)	X2	700	B85321-A-J1
40	(30)	600/250	250	2121	270	2×1 (MKV)	X2	700	B85321-A-J2
100	(75)	600/250	250	2121	240	2×1 (MKV)	X2	700	B85321-A-J11
200	(160)	440/250	60	1400	30	2×2,2 (MP)	X2	1400	B85321-A-B7
200	(160)	750/440	220	2500	30	2×1,2 (MP)	X2	1400	B85321-A-B4
200	(160)	750/440	440	5400	30	2×0,15 (MKV)	X1	1400	B85321-A-C5

Not for power line operation!
 In accordance with VDE 0565-1

Insertion loss  $a_e$  (typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

# B85321-A





# Play it safe

Whether video recorder, television, refrigerator or toaster – our EMI suppression capacitors do a grand job in every possible kind of entertainment and consumer electronics appliance. They've also proven their worth in switch-mode power supplies for PCs. No wonder, because the advantages of film technology are there to be seen: low cost, no risk of failure through damp, and optimum self-



healing capability. The result – less destruction of equipment and ensuing fires. Plus the line is safeguarded against surges. In this way our capacitors satisfy the user's need for safety, and the new EMC standards too of course.



# Selector guide

Class	$V_{R}$	Features	Туре	Page
Plastic	case, radial leads			
X1	440 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Lead spacing ≥ 15 mm Suitable for three-phase applications	B81141	398
	250 Vac, 50 400 Hz	Lead spacing ≥ 15 mm Standard version	B81121	400
	275 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Lead spacing 10 mm	B81132 <b>NEW</b>	402
X2	275 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Lead spacing ≥ 15 mm Small size	B81133	404
	300 Vac, 50/60 Hz	SAFE-X capacitor (excellent safety in terms of active flammability)	B81131	406
	440 Vac, 50 1000 Hz	Lead spacing ≥ 15 mm	B81121	408
Y1	250 Vac, 50 400 Hz	Lead spacing ≥ 15 mm	B81123 <b>NEW</b>	410
V0	250 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Lead spacing 10 mm	B81122	412
Y2	250 Vac, 50 1000 Hz	Lead spacing ≥ 15 mm	B81121	414
Axial le	ads		ļ	
X2	275 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Cylindrical winding	B81191	416
Metal o	r ceramic case			
X1 <sup>1)</sup>	up to 380 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Metal / ceramic case Screw terminals	B81551	418
X2 <sup>1)</sup>	up to 440 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Metal / ceramic case Screw terminals	B81551	420
Y1)	up to 280 Vac, 50/60 Hz	Ceramic tube with flat leads or flat lead + screw terminal	B81151 B81551	422

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with VDE 0565-1

### 1 General information / standards

EMI suppression capacitors are used to reduce electromagnetic interference. They are designed to be connected directly to line and are therefore exposed to overvoltages and transients which could damage the capacitors. For this reason, the following safety standards have been introduced for EMI suppression capacitors:

Region	Standard	Marks of conformity
Europa	VDE 0565, Teil 1	DVE
	SEV 1055	<u> </u>
	IEC 384-14	(2)
		<b>D</b>
		F
		N
		ÖVE
		(1)
USA	UL 1414 UL 1283	<i>5</i> 1
Canada	CSA 22.2, No. 0;1	(B)
	CSA 22.2, No. 0;8	W

Within the framework of harmonization of European standards, 1995 all European safety standards were replaced by a single standard for EMI suppression capacitors which applies throughout Europe: the European standard EN 132400. EN 132400 is identical in content to IEC 384-14 (2nd edition) and CECC 32 400.

The future introduction of a single mark of conformity valid for the whole of Europe is still being discussed. Until such a mark of conformity is introduced, the following marks are to be used: national mark of conformity (e.g. (S) or VDE) appended by "IEC 384-14, 2nd edition". The UL and CSA standards are to remain unchanged.

# 2 X capacitors

These are capacitors suitable for use in situations where failure of the capacitors would not lead to danger of electric shock. In accordance with EN 132400, X capacitors are divided into three subclasses according to the peak impulse voltage to which they are exposed in operation, in addition to the rated voltage. This kind of impulse can be caused by lightning in overhead cables, switching surges in neighbouring equipment or in the device in which the capacitor is being used to suppress interferences.

Sub-class	Peak pulse voltage $V_{\rm P}$ in operation	Application	Peak values of surge voltage $V_{\rm P}$ (before endurance test)
X1	$2.5 \text{ kV} < V_{\text{P}} \le 4.0 \text{ kV}$	Use for high peak voltages	For $C \le 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ : $V_P = 4.0 \text{kV}$ For $C > 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ : $V_P = \frac{4.0}{\sqrt{C_N}} \text{kV}^1$ )
X2	<i>V</i> <sub>P</sub> ≤ 2,5 kV	General-purpose	For $C \le 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ : $V_P = 2.5 \text{kV}$ For $C > 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ : $V_P = \frac{2.5}{\sqrt{C_N}} \text{kV}^1$ )
X3	<i>V</i> <sub>P</sub> ≤ 1,2 kV	General-purpose	No test

Note: Sub-class X3 corresponds to sub-class X2 as described in IEC 384-14 (1st edition).

<sup>1)</sup> Insert value of  $C_R$  in  $\mu F$ .

# 3 Y capacitors

These capacitors are intended for use where the failure of the capacitor could result in a dangerous electrical shock. In accordance with EN 132400, Y capacitors are divided into the following subclasses:

Sub-class	Type of bridged insulation	Rated ac voltage	Peak values of surge voltage $V_P$ (before endurance test)
Y1	Double or reinforced insulation	<i>V</i> <sub>R</sub> ≤ 250 V	8,0 kV
Y2	Basic or supplementary insulation	$150 \text{ V} \le V_{\text{R}} \le 250 \text{ V}$	5,0 kV
Y3	Basic or supplementary insulation	150 V ≤ <i>V</i> <sub>R</sub> ≤ 250 V	No test
Y4	Basic or supplementary insulation	V <sub>R</sub> < 150 V	2,5 kV

Note: Sub-class Y3 corresponds to class Y as described in IEC 384-14 (1st edition).

Y capacitors are capacitors with increased electrical and mechanical reliability. The increased electrical and mechanical reliability are intended to eliminate the possibility of short circuits in the capacitor.

Y capacitors are used in connection with additional protective measures in electrical equipment and machines to bridge operational insulation which provides safety in order to avert danger to humans and animals. They cause a considerable portion of the leakage current occurring in a piece of equipment. The safety regulations for the individual device families, e.g. VDE 0805 for EDP equipment, VDE 0750 for medical equipment or VDE 0700 for household appliances, require limitation of the leakage current for safety reasons and thus indirectly limit the maximum capacitance of Y capacitors.

#### **EMI Suppression Capacitors**

#### 4 Definitions and explanations

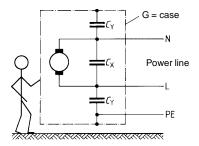


Fig. 1 Example of EMI suppression using X and Y capacitors

Depending on the way they are connected, X and Y capacitors are effective against different kinds of electromagnetic interference. X capacitors which are connected between the line phases are effective against symmetrical (differential-mode) interference. Y capacitors which are connected between a phase and neutral (zero potential) are effective against asymmetrical (common-mode) interference.

#### Rated voltage

The rated voltage is the root-mean-square value of the operating ac voltage, at the rated frequency, which may be applied to the capacitor within the entire temperature range between the upper and lower category temperatures.

#### Non-sinusoidal ac voltages (continuous operating voltages)

For non-sinusoidal ac voltages in continuous operation, the specific load on the capacitors has to be determined for each individual application. If you require this information, please contact us, if possible enclosing a voltage oscillogram.

#### Active flammability

EN 132400 specifies that EMI suppression capacitors have to be tested for active flammability. This test is to ensure that the capacitors and the surrounding gauze do not ignite at a defined electrical overload.

#### X1 capacitors Rated voltage 440 Vac, 50/60 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polyester (MKT)
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Two standard lead lengths available:
   6 mm and 26 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request

# b b 00,8 SSB0841-W

Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1	$26 \pm 2$
mm		

#### Marking

Manufacturer, lot number, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (X1), style (MKT), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### **Delivery mode**

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of	Standards
conformity	
2	EN 132 400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition

Permissibe continuous ac voltage	440 V (50/60 Hz)	
Permissible continuous dc voltage	1000 V	
DC test voltage	2400 V, 2 s (layer	/layer)
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_{\rm R} \cdot R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)	$\frac{C_{R} \le 0.33 \; \muF}{30\;000\;M\Omega}$	C <sub>R</sub> > 0,33 μF   10 000 s
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 % : M (close	er tolerances upon request)
Climatic category	In accordance wit 40/085/21 (-40 °C	h IEC 68-1 C/+85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing units (pcs)			
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped	d
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack			
$\pm 0,4$						Lead le	
mm		(mm)				6mm	26 mm
15	10 nF	$5,0 \times 10,5 \times 18,0$	B81141-C1103-M***	1180	1300	1000	1000
	22 nF	$7,0 \times 12,5 \times 18,0$	B81141-C1223-M***	840	900	1000	1000
	33 nF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81141-C1333-M***	690	700	500	500
	47 nF	$9,0 \times 17,5 \times 18,0$	B81141-C1473-M***	660	700	500	500
22,5	68 nF	$8,5\times16,5\times26,5$	B81141-C1683-M***	480	500	510	500
	0,10 μF	$10,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81141-C1104-M***	400	400	540	500
	0,15 μF	$11,0 \times 20,5 \times 26,5$	B81141-C1154-M***	380	350	510	400
27,5	0,22 μF	$12,5 \times 21,5 \times 31,5$	B81141-C1224-M***	_	300	280	250
	0,33 μF	$14,0 \times 24,5 \times 31,5$	B81141-C1334-M***	_	-	260	250
	0,47 μF	$18,0 \times 27,5 \times 31,5$	B81141-C1474-M*** <sup>2)</sup>	-	-	200	200
32,5	0,68 μF	$17,0 \times 28,0 \times 36,5$	B81141-C1684-M*** <sup>2)</sup>	_	_	160	140

<sup>1)</sup> Replace the \*\*\* by the code number for the required lead length or packing. 000 = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

<sup>026 =</sup> lead length 26 mm (untaped)

<sup>289 =</sup> taped, Ammo pack

<sup>189 =</sup> taped, reel)

<sup>2)</sup> Approval pending

#### X2 capacitors, standard version Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50 to 400 Hz

#### Construction

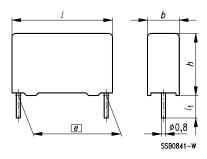
- Dielectric: polypropylene (MKP)
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Two standard lead lengths available:
   6 mm and 26 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request



Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1	26 ± 2
mm		

#### Marking

Manufacturer, lot number, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (X2), style (MKP), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of conformity	Standards
<b>71</b>	UL 1283 EN 132400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition

Permissible continuous ac voltage	250 V (50 to 400 Hz)		
Permissible continuous dc voltage	630 V		
DC test voltage	1400 V, 2 s (layer/layer)		
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_{\rm R} \cdot R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)	$C_R \le 0.33 \mu\text{F}$ $C_R > 0.33 \mu\text{F}$ 30 000 MΩ 10 000 s		
Capacitance tolerance	± 10 % (closer tolerances upon request)		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/21 (-40 °C/+85 °C/21 days damp heat test)		

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing units (pcs)			
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped	
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack			
$\pm 0.4$						Lead ler	igth
mm		(mm)				6mm	26 mm
15	22 nF	$5,0 \times 10,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*121	1180	1300	1000	1000
	33 nF	$5,0 \times 10,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*122	1180	1300	1000	1000
	47 nF	$7,0 \times 12,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*123	840	900	1000	1000
	68 nF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*124	690	700	500	500
	0,10 μF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*125	690	700	500	500
22,5	0,15 μF	$8,5\times16,5\times26,5$	B81121-C-*126	500	500	510	500
	0,22 μF	$10,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*127	400	400	540	500
	0,33 μF	$10,5 \times 20,5 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*128	400	400	540	400
27,5	0,47 μF	$11,0 \times 21,0 \times 31,5$	B81121-C-*129	-	350	320	250
	0,68 μF	$13,5 \times 23,0 \times 31,5$	B81121-C-*130	_	250	260	250
	1,0 μF	$18,0 \times 27,5 \times 31,5$	B81121-C-*132	-	_	200	200

Replace the \* by the code letter for the required lead length or packing B = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

C = lead length 26 mm (untaped) P = taped, Ammo pack

H = taped, reel

#### X2 capacitors with 10 mm lead spacing Rated voltage 275 Vac, 50/60 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polyester (MKT)
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant
- Impregnated

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Standard lead length: 6 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request

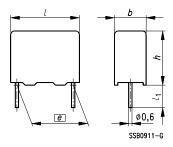
#### Marking

Manufacturer, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (X2), style (MKT), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of conformity	Standards
2	EN 132 400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition (pending)
<b>71</b>	UL 1414 (pending for $V_R = 250 \text{ Vac}$ )
<b>©</b>	CSA C22.2 No. 0; 1 (pending for $V_R = 250 \text{ Vac}$ )



Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1
mm	

Permissible continuous ac voltage	275 V (50/60 Hz)
Permissible continuous dc voltage	630 V
DC test voltage	1100 V, 2 s (layer/layer)
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered value)	30 000 ΜΩ
Capacitance tolerance	±20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/100/56 (–40 °C/+100 °C/56 days damp heat test)

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing units (pcs)		
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack		
$\pm 0,4$						
mm		mm				
10	22 nF	$5,0 \times 11,0 \times 13,0$	B81132-C1223-M***	800	1300	1000
	33 nF	$6,0 \times 12,0 \times 13,0$	B81132-C1333-M***	600	1100	1000
	47 nF	$6,0 \times 12,0 \times 13,0$	B81132-C1473-M***	600	1100	1000

Replace the \*\*\* by the code number for the required lead length or packing.
 000 = lead length 6 mm (untaped) 289 = taped, Ammo pack

#### X2 capacitors with small dimensions Rated voltage 275 Vac, 50/60 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polyester (MKT)
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Two standard lead lengths available:
   6 mm und 26 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request

# b 00,8 SSB0841-W

Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1	26 ± 2
mm		

#### Marking

Manufacturer, lot number, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (X2), style (MKT), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### **Delivery mode**

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of conformity	Standards
71	UL 1283 (250 Vac)
	UL 1414 (250 Vac)
Œ	CSA C22.2 No. 0; 8 (250 Vac) CSA C22.2 No. 0; 1 (250 Vac)
	CSA C22.2 No. 0; 1 (250 Vac)
2	EN 132400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition

Permissible continuous dc voltage	275 V (50/60 Hz)		
Permissible continuous ac voltage	630 V		
DC test voltage	1700 V, 2 s (layer/l	layer)	
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_{\rm R} \cdot R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)		$C_{\rm R} > 0.33 \mu{\rm F}$ 10 000 s	
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 % = M (close	r tolerances upon request)	
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/100/21 (–40 °C/+100 °C/21 days damp heat test)		

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing units (pcs)			
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped	
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack			
$\pm 0,4$						Lead len	gth
mm		(mm)				6 mm	26 mm
15	22 nF	$5,0\times10,5\times18,0$	B81133-C1223-M***	1180	1300	1000	1000
	33 nF	$5,0 \times 10,5 \times 18,0$	B81133-C1333-M***	1180	1300	1000	1000
	47 nF	$6,0 \times 11,0 \times 18,0$	B81133-C1473-M***	1000	1100	1000	1000
	68 nF	$7,0 \times 12,5 \times 18,0$	B81133-C1683-M***	840	900	1000	1000
	0,10 μF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81133-D1104-M***	690	700	500	500
	0,15 μF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81133-D1154-M***	690	700	500	500
22,5	0,10 μF	$6,0 \times 15,0 \times 26,5$	B81133-C1104-M***	690	700	720	500
	0,15 μF	$7,0 \times 16,0 \times 26,5$	B81133-C1154-M***	590	600	630	500
	0,22 μF	$8,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81133-C1224-M***	500	500	510	500
	0,33 μF	$10,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81133-D1334-M***	400	400	540	500
	0,47 μF	$11,0 \times 20,5 \times 26,5$	B81133-D1474-M***	380	350	510	400
27,5	0,33 μF	$11,0 \times 21,0 \times 31,5$	B81133-C1334-M***	-	350	320	250
	0,47 μF	$11,0 \times 21,0 \times 31,5$	B81133-C1474-M***	_	350	320	250
	0,68 μF	$12,5 \times 21,5 \times 31,5$	B81133-C1684-M***	_	300	280	250
	1,0 μF	$14,0 \times 24,5 \times 31,5$	B81133-C1105-M***	_	-	260	250
	1,5 μF	$18,0 \times 27,5 \times 31,5$	B81133-C1155-M***	-	-	200	2002)
32,5	2,2 μF	$20,0\times31,0\times36,5$	B81133-C1225-M***	_	_	125	125 <sup>2)</sup>

Replace the \*\*\* by the code number for the required lead length or packing.

000 = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

026 = lead length 26 mm (untaped)

<sup>289 =</sup> taped, Ammo pack

<sup>189 =</sup> taped, reel

<sup>2)</sup> Approval to EN 132 400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition

#### X2 capacitors SAFE-X Rated voltage 300 Vac, 50/60 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polyester (MKT)
- Internal series connection and structured metallization
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

#### **Features**

- The capacitors are considerably better than required by IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Best possible safety in terms of active flammability
- Self-healing properties
- Substitute for the MP version

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Two standard lead lengths available:
   6 mm and 26 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request

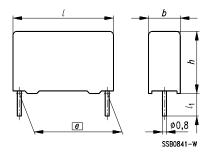
#### Marking

Manufacturer, lot number, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (X2), style (MKT), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of conformity	Standards
7.1	UL 1414 (125 Vac)
<b>©</b>	CSA C22.2 No. 0; 8 (250 Vac)
	EN 132400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition



Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1	26 ± 2
mm		

Permissible continuous ac voltage	300 V (50/60 Hz)		
Permissible continuous dc voltage	800 V		
DC test voltage	2100 V, 2 s (layer,	/layer)	
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_{\rm R} \cdot R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)	$\frac{C_{R} \le 0.33  \muF}{30 \ 000 \ M\Omega}$	C <sub>R</sub> > 0,33 μF   10 000 s	
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 % = M (close	er tolerances upon request)	
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/100/21 (–40 °C/+100 °C/21 days damp heat test)		

						`	
Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing units (pcs)			
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped	
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack		-	
$\pm 0,4$						Lead len	gth
mm		(mm)				6 mm	26 mm
15,0	10 nF	$5,0 \times 10,5 \times 18,0$	B81131-C1103-M***	1180	1300	1000	1000
	22 nF	$6,0 \times 11,0 \times 18,0$	B81131-C1223-M***	1000	1100	1000	1000
	33 nF	$7,0 \times 12,5 \times 18,0$	B81131-C1333-M***	840	900	1000	1000
	47 nF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81131-C1473-M***	690	700	500	500
	68 nF	$9,0 \times 17,5 \times 18,0$	B81131-C1683-M***	660	700	500	500
	0,10 μF	$9,0 \times 17,5 \times 18,0$	B81131-D1104-M***	660	700	500	500
22,5	0,10 μF	$7,0 \times 16,0 \times 26,5$	B81131-C1104-M***	590	600	630	500
	0,15 μF	$8,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81131-C1154-M***	500	500	510	500
	0,22 μF	$10,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81131-C1224-M***	400	400	540	500
	0,33 μF	$11,0 \times 20,5 \times 26,5$	B81131-D1334-M***	380	350	510	400
27,5	0,33 μF	$11,0 \times 21,0 \times 31,5$	B81131-C1334-M***	-	350	320	250
	0,47μF	$13,5 \times 23,0 \times 31,5$	B81131-C1474-M***	_	250	260	250
	0,68 μF	$15,0 \times 24,5 \times 31,5$	B81131-C1684-M***	_	_	240	200
	1,0 μF	$19,0 \times 30,0 \times 31,5$	B81131-C1105-M***	_	_	180	180
32,5	1,5 μF	20,0 × 31,0 × 36,5	B81131-C1155-M***	_	-	125	125

Replace the \*\*\* by the code number for the required lead length or packing.
 000 = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

<sup>026 =</sup> lead length 26 mm (untaped) 289 = taped, Ammo pack

<sup>189 =</sup> taped, reel

#### SX2 capacitors Rated voltage 440 Vac, 50 to 1000 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polypropylene (MKP)
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Two standard lead lengths available:
   6 mm and 26 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request

### 

Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1	26 ± 2
mm		

#### Marking

Manufacturer, lot number, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (X2), style (MKP), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### **Delivery mode**

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of	Standards
conformity	
71	UL 1283 (400 Vac)
2	EN 132400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
	•

Permissible continuous ac voltage	450 V (50 to 1000 Hz)			
Permissible continuous dc voltage	1000 V			
DC test voltage	2400 V, 2 s (layer/layer)			
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_{\rm R} \cdot R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)	$C_R \le 0.33  \mu F$ $C_R > 0.33  \mu F$ 30 000 MΩ 10 000 s			
Capacitance tolerance	± 10 % ≘ M			
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/21 (–40 °C/+085 °C/21 days damp heat test)			

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing	units (pc	(pcs)		
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped		
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack				
$\pm 0,4$						Lead ler	igth	
mm		(mm)				6mm	26 mm	
15	10 nF	$6,0 \times 11,0 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*92	1000	1100	1000	1000	
	22 nF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*93	690	700	500	500	
22,5	33 nF	$7,0\times16,0\times26,5$	B81121-C-*94	590	600	630	500	
	47 nF	$8,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*95	500	500	510	500	
	68 nF	$10,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*96	400	400	540	540	
	0,10 μF	$10,5 \times 20,5 \times 26,5$	B81131-C-*97	400	400	540	400	
27,5	0,15 μF	$11,0 \times 21,0 \times 31,5$	B81121-C-*98	_	350	320	250	
	0,22 μF	$14,0 \times 24,5 \times 31,5$	B81121-C-*99	_	_	260	250	
	0,33 μF	$18,0 \times 27,5 \times 31,5$	B81121-C-*100	_	_	200	200	

Replace the \* by the code letter for the required lead length or packing.
 B = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

C = lead length 26 mm (untaped) P = taped, Ammo pack

H = taped, reel

#### Y1 capacitors Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50 to 400 Hz

#### Construction

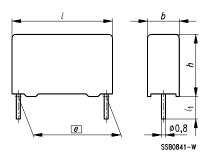
- Dielectric: polypropylene (MKP)
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant
- Impregnated

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14. 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Two standard lead lengths available:
   6 mm and 26 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request



Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1	26 ± 2
mm		

#### Marking

Manufacturer, lot number, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (Y1), style (MKP), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of conformity	Standards
<b>IR</b>	UL 1414 double protection (pending for $V_{\rm R}$ = 125 Vac)
(2)	EN 132400 / IEC 384-14, Ausgabe 2 (pending for $V_{\rm R}$ = 250 Vac)

Permissible continuous ac voltage	750 V (50/60 Hz)
Permissible continuous dc voltage	3000 V
DC test voltage	4000 V, 2 s (layer/layer)
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered value)	30 000 ΜΩ
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 % (closer tolerance upon request)
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/21 (-40 °C/+85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing units (pcs)			
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped	
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack			
$\pm 0,4$						Lead ler	
mm		(mm)				6mm	26 mm
15	1,0 nF	$5,0\times10,5\times18,0$	B81123-C1102-M***	1180	1300	1000	1000
	1,5 nF	$6,0 \times 11,0 \times 18,0$	B81123-C1152-M***	1000	1100	1000	1000
	2,2 nF	$7,0 \times 12,5 \times 18,0$	B81123-C1222-M***	840	900	1000	1000
	3,3 nF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81123-C1332-M***	690	700	500	500
	4,7 nF	$9,0 \times 17,5 \times 18,0$	B81123-C1472-M***	660	700	500	500
22,5	5,6 nF	$7,0 \times 16,0 \times 26,5$	B81123-C1562-M***	590	600	630	500
	6,8 nF	$8,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81123-C1682-M***	480	500	510	500
	10 nF	$10,5 \times 20,5 \times 26,5$	B81123-C1103-M***	400	400	510	400

Replace the \*\*\* by the code number for the required lead length or packing.
 000 = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

<sup>026 =</sup> lead length 26 mm (untaped)

<sup>289 =</sup> taped, Ammo pack

<sup>189 =</sup> taped, reel

### Y2 capacitors with 10 mm lead spacing Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polyester (MKT)
- Impregnated
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Standard lead length 6 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request

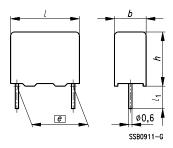
#### Marking

Manufacturer, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (Y2), style (MKT), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of conformity	Standards
2 40	EN 132 400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
71	UL 1414
•	CSA C22.2 No. 0; 1



Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1
mm	

Permissible continuous ac voltage	275 V (50/60 Hz)
Permissible continuous dc voltage	1200 V
DC test voltage	2500 V, 2 s (layer/layer)
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)	30 000 ΜΩ
Capacitance tolerance	±20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/100/21 (–40 °C/+100 °C/21 days damp heat test)

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing u		
spacing e ±0,4 mm		dimensions $b \times h \times l$ (mm)		Ammo pack	Reel	Untaped
10	1,0 nF 1,5 nF 2,2 nF 3,3 nF 4,7 nF 5,6 nF 6,8 nF	$4,0 \times 9,0 \times 13,0$ $4,0 \times 9,0 \times 13,0$ $5,0 \times 11,0 \times 13,0$ $5,0 \times 11,0 \times 13,0$ $6,0 \times 12,0 \times 13,0$ $6,0 \times 12,0 \times 13,0$ $6,0 \times 12,0 \times 13,0$	B81122-C1102-M*** B81122-C1152-M*** B81122-C1222-M*** B81122-C1332-M*** B81122-C1472-M*** B81122-C1562-M***	1000 1000 800 800 600 600	1700 1700 1300 1300 1100 1100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000

<sup>1)</sup> Replace the  $^{\star\star\star}$  by the code number for the required lead length or packing. 000 = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

<sup>289 =</sup> taped, Ammo pack 189 = taped, reel

#### Y2 capacitors Rated voltage 250 Vac, 50 to 1000 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polypropylene (MKP)
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14, 2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

- Parallel wire leads, tinned
- Two standard lead lengths available:
   6 mm und 26 mm
   Other lead lengths available upon request

# b 0.8 SSB0841-W

Lead length I <sub>1</sub>	6 –1	26 ± 2
mm		

#### Marking

Manufacturer, lot number, date of manufacture (year/week), rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage, type number, interference suppression sub-class (Y2), style (MKP), climatic category, awarded marks of conformity

#### **Delivery mode**

Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For notes on taping see page 439.

Marks of	Standards
conformity	
7/1	UL 1414 (125 Vac)
<b>6</b>	CSA C22.2 No. 0; 8 (250 Vac)
	EN 132400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition

Permissible continuous ac voltage	500 V (50 to 1000 Hz)		
Permissible continuous dc voltage	2000 V		
DC test voltage	2700 V, 2 s (layer/layer)		
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_{\rm R} \cdot R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)	$C_R \le 0.33 \mu\text{F}$ $C_R > 0.33 \mu\text{F}$ 30 000 MΩ 10 000 s		
Capacitance tolerance	± 10 % (closer tolerances upon request)		
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/21 (–40 °C/+085 °C/21 days damp heat test)		

Lead	$C_{R}$	Maximum	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup>	Packing units (pcs)			
spacing		dimensions		Ammo	Reel	Untaped	
e		$b \times h \times I$		pack			
$\pm 0,4$						Lead ler	
mm		(mm)				6mm	26 mm
15	2,2 nF	$6,0 \times 11,0 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*141	1000	1100	1000	1000
	3,3 nF	$7,0 \times 12,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*142	840	900	1000	1000
	4,7 nF	$8,5 \times 14,5 \times 18,0$	B81121-C-*143	690	700	500	500
22,5	6,8 nF	$6,0\times15,0\times26,5$	B81121-C-*144	690	700	720	500
	10 nF	$7,0 \times 16,0 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*145	590	600	630	500
	15 nF	$8,5 \times 16,5 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*146	500	500	510	500
	22 nF	$10,5 \times 18,5 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*147	400	400	540	500
	27 nF	$10,5 \times 20,5 \times 26,5$	B81121-C-*148	400	400	540	400
27,5	33 nF	$11,0 \times 21,0 \times 31,5$	B81121-C-*149	-	350	320	250

Replace the \* by the code letter for the required lead length or packing.
 B = lead length 6 mm (untaped)

C = lead length 26 mm (untaped) P = taped, Ammo pack

H = taped, reel

#### X2 capacitors, axial leads Rated voltage 275 Vac, 50/60 Hz

#### Construction

- Dielectric: polyester (MKT)
- Internal series connection
- Cylindrical winding
- Insulating sleeve
- Face ends sealed with epoxy resin

#### **Features**

- The capacitors meet the requirements of IEC 384-14.2nd edition
- Self-healing properties

#### **Terminals**

Central axial wire leads, tinned

#### Marking

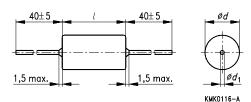
Manufacturer, style (MKT), interference suppression subclass (X2), rated capacitance, capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated ac voltage

#### Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)

#### **Approvals**

Marks of	Standards
conformity	
2	EN 132 400 / IEC 384-14, 2nd edition (pending)



#### Dimensions in mm

Ød (max)	$\emptyset d_1$
<u>≤ 7,0</u>	0,6
> 7,0	0,8

When bending the leads take care to leave a clearance of 1 mm to the capacitor body.

Permissible continuous ac voltage	275 V (50/60 Hz)
Permissible continuous dc voltage	600 V
DC test voltage	1400 V, 2 s (layer/layer)
Insulation resistance $R_{\rm is}$ or time constant $\tau = C_{\rm R} \cdot R_{\rm is}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65 % (minimum as-delivered values)	$C_R \le 0.33  \mu F$ $C_R > 0.33  \mu F$ 30 000 MΩ 10 000 s
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 % = M
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/100/21 (-40 °C/+100 °C/21 days damp heat test)

$\overline{C_{R}}$	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Packing unit
	d×1		(pcs)
	mm		Untaped
10 nF	7,0 × 19,0	B81191-C1103-M	500
15 nF	$7,0 \times 19,0$	B81191-C1153-M	500
22 nF	$7,0 \times 19,0$	B81191-C1223-M	500
33 nF	8,0 × 19,0	B81191-C1333-M	500
47 nF	8,0 × 19,0	B81191-C1473-M	500
68 nF	$9,0 \times 19,0$	B81191-C1683-M	500
0,10 μF	$11,0 \times 19,0$	B81191-C1104-M	500
0,15 μF	9,0 × 26,5	B81191-C1154-M	250
0,22 μF	$11,0 \times 26,5$	B81191-C1224-M	250
0,33 μF	$13,0 \times 26,5$	B81191-C1334-M	250
0,47 μF	$15,0 \times 26,5$	B81191-C1474-M	250
0,68 μF	16,0 × 31,5	B81191-C1684-M	200
1,0 μF	19,0 × 31,5	B81191-C1105-M	200

#### X capacitors, metal or ceramic case Rated voltage up to 600 Vdc/380 Vac (50/60 Hz)

#### Construction

FK technology

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)
Flectrodes: metal foils

- Metal or ceramic case
- Hermetically soldered

#### **Features**

- High operational reliability
- High test voltage
- High contact reliability

#### **Terminals**

Threaded stud M 6

#### Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated capacitance, interference suppression sub-class, rated voltage, climatic category, date of manufacture

#### Standards

The capacitors comply with VDE 0565-1

#### Mounting information

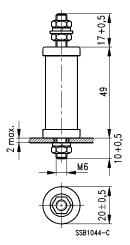
To obtain effective broadband interference suppression, the connection between capacitor and protected line must be as short as possible (low inductance).

The flexible connecting line must be attached by fixing it between two countered nuts to avoid exposing the ceramic parts to torque load.

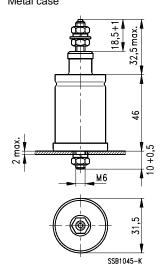


#### **Outline drawings**

#### B81551-A-B7 Ceramic case



#### B81551-A-B14 Metal case



Mounting hole  $\varnothing$  7mm Torque 2,5 Nm max.

Nuts, washers and spring rings included in delivery.

#### Technical data

Test voltage U <sub>P</sub>	Terminal/terminal (layer/layer
Insulation resistance R <sub>is</sub>	≥ 12000 MΩ
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/100/56 (-40 °C/+100 °C/56 damp heat test)

#### Characteristics and ordering codes

Class1)	$C_{R}$	$V_{R}$		$V_{P}$	Dimens.	Approx.	PU	Ordering code
		Vdc/Vac	Vac		d×I	weight		
	μF	50/60 Hz	400 Hz	Vdc, 2 s	mm	g	pcs.	
X1	0,035	600/380	220	3600	20,0 × 49	45	100	B81551-A-B7
X1	0,15	440/260	125	2700	31,5 × 46	80	56	B81551-A-B14

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with VDE 0565-1

#### X capacitors, metal or ceramic case Rated voltage up to 800 Vdc/440 Vac (50/60 Hz)

#### Construction

MP technology

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)

Electrodes: metallized paper

Metal case, hermetically soldered

MKT technology

Electrodes/dielectric: metallized polyester

Dry, resin-protected

Ceramic case

#### **Features**

- Self-healing properties
- High operational reliability

#### **Terminals**

Threaded stud M 6

#### Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated capacitance, interference suppression sub-class, rated voltage, climatic category date of manufacture

#### Standards

The capacitors comply with VDE 0565-1

#### Mounting information

To obtain effective broadband interference suppression, the connection between capacitor and protected line must be as short as possible (low inductance).

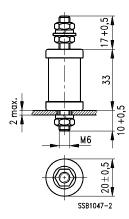
The flexible connecting line must be attached by fixing it between two countered nuts to avoid exposing the ceramic parts to torque load.



#### **Outline drawings**

#### B81551-A-C9

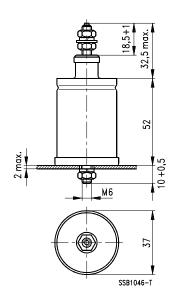
Ceramic case



Mounting hole Ø 7mm Torque 2,5 Nm max.

Nuts, washers and spring rings included in delivery.

#### B81551-A-B16 Metal case



#### Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	Terminal/terminal (ayer/layer
Insulation resistance R <sub>is</sub>	$\geq$ 5000 M $\Omega$
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/085/56 (-40 °C/+85 °C/56 days damp heat test)

#### Characteristics and ordering codes

Class1)	$C_{R}$	$V_{R}$		$V_{P}$	Dimens.	Approx.	PU	Ordering code
		Vdc/Vac	Vac		d×1	weight		
	μF	50/60 Hz	400 Hz	Vdc, 2 s	mm	g	pcs.	
X2	0,6 (MP)	800/440	220	2500	37×52	120	36	B81551-A-B16
X2	1,0 (MKT)	125/50	-	350	20×33	30	100	B81551-A-C9

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with VDE 0565-1

#### Y capacitors, ceramic case Rated voltage up to 440 Vdc/280 Vac (50/60 Hz)

#### Construction

FK technology

Dielectric: oil-impregnated paper (free of PCB)
Flectrodes: metal foils

- Protective ceramic tube
- Hermetically sealed by metal caps soldered to face ends

#### **Features**

 B81551 is a low-loss version, which is particularly suitable for bypassing RFI to ground

#### **Terminals**

- B81151:
  - Flat leads and insulating caps on both sides
- B81551:

Threaded stud on outer foil side, flat lead and insulating cap on opposite side

#### Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated capacitance, interference suppression sub-class, rated voltage, climatic category, date of manufacture

#### Standards

The capacitors comply with VDE 0565-1

#### Mounting information

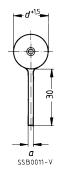
To obtain effective broadband interference suppression, the connection between capacitor and protected line must be as short as possible (low inductance).



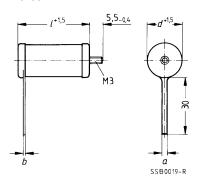
#### **Outline drawings**

#### B81151





#### B81551



#### Technical data

Test voltage V <sub>P</sub>	3000 Vdc, 2 s terminal/terminal (layer/layer)
Insulation resistance R <sub>is</sub>	≥ 12000 MΩ
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %
Climatic category	In accordance with IEC 68-1 40/100/56 (-40 °C/+100 °C/56 days damp heat test)

#### Characteristics and ordering codes

$\overline{C_{R}}$	Class <sup>1)</sup>	$V_{R}$		Dimensions			Approx.	PU	Ordering code
		Vdc/Vac	Vac	d×I	а	b	weight		
μF		50/60 Hz	400 Hz	mm	mm	mm	g	pcs.	
0,01	Y	440/250	115	15 × 22	2,5	0,4	10	10	B81551-A-C3
0,025	Y	440/280	115	19×30	2,5	0,4	21	10	B81551-A-D4
0,025	Υ	440/280	115	19×25	2,5	0,4	17	10	B81151-A-D5

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with VDE 0565-1

New lab assortments in film capacitors

### Five at a stroke

To save you the trouble of inquiring for individual ratings to put into your design, there are now five practical sets of film capacitors:

- ► Lead spacing 5: 525 types, 50 to 400 V, 1 nF to 3.3 μF
- ► SilverCaps: the lowest-cost models, low in volume, 63 to 400 V, 1 nF to 10 µF
- MKPs in wound technology: for RF applications, 250 to 2000 V, 1.5 nF to 0.68 μF
- MKPs in stacked-film technology: 300 types, 160 to 1000 V, 1.5 nF to 1 μF
- ▶ Interference suppression: 150 types with a wide choice of ratings for different applications
   − X2 with small dimensions,
   Safe-X for maximum security against active flammability (X2) and Y for suppressing commonmode interference (Y2)



#### **EMI Suppression Varistors**

#### General

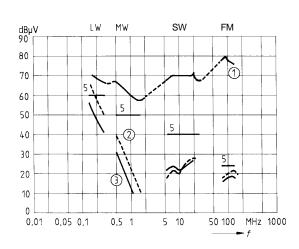
SIOV varistors (**SI**emens Matsushita Metal **O**xide **V**aristors) are voltage-dependent ceramic resistors whose resistance decreases by several powers of ten with rising voltages. When connected in parallel to the load to be protected, they will lead to a low-resistance shunt connection whenever overvoltages occur, thus preventing the voltage from rising further.

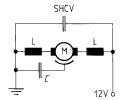
With SIOV varistors, the requirements for transient immunity to surges (IEC 801-5) and bursts (IEC 801-4) can be met efficiently and economically.

In addition, SIOV varistors are suitable for circuits to meet interference emission limit regulations in applications where it is necessary to absorb high-energy pulses generated by inductive loads being switched off.

S+M Components has developed high-capacitive varistors, SHCV (**S**iemens Matsushita **H**igh **C**apacitive **V**aristors) for suppressing interference caused by servo-motors. When used, for example, in a circuit as shown below, these meet even the most stringent interference suppression requirements.

The example shows the interference suppression of a small motor, under no-load conditions, using chokes and SHCV (measured in accordance with VDE 0879, part 3):





- For motors with insulated cases, this capacitor can be replaced by a short-circuit bar
- 1 Without suppression circuit
- (2) 2 × 8 μH + SHCV (0,47 μF)
- ③ 2 × 8 μH + SHCV (1,5 μF)
- Interference suppression class 5

VAR0146-B

The following pages present our SHCV product line.

Our overall product range includes leaded models, SMDs, block varistors and arrester blocks.

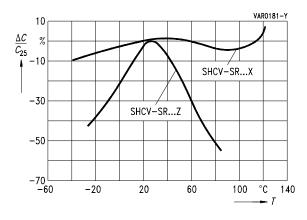
If you would like to obtain more detailed information, please ask for our short form catalog (ordering code B462-P6211-X-X-7400).

#### General technical data

Climatic categoryX	40/85/56	in accordance with IEC 68-1
	(– 40 °C/+ 85 °C;	
	56 days damp heat test)	
Z	25/85/56	
	(– 25 °C/+ 85 °C;	
	56 days damp heat test)	
Operating temperatureX	– 40 + 85 °C	in accordance with CECC 42 000
(full load)Z	– 25 + 85 °C	
Storage temperatureX	– 40 + 125 °C	
Z	– 25 + 85 °C	
Electric strength	> 1,0 kV	in accordance with CECC 42 000
Insulation resistance	> 1 GΩ	in accordance with CECC 42 000
Response time	< 25 ns	
Weight	approx. 1 g	

X = ceramic material X7R; Z = ceramic material Z5U

Typical capacitance change as per EIA RS 198 B (...X), IEC 384-9 (...Z)



#### Construction

- Combination of a multilayer ceramic capacitor and a multilayer varistor
- Coating: epoxy resin, flame-retardant as per UL 94 V-0

#### **Features**

- High capacitance
- Overvoltage protection and RFI suppression provided by a single component
- Load-dump withstand capability
- Jump-start strength

#### **Applications**

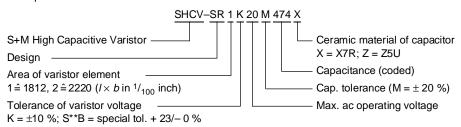
 Interference suppression in automotive low-power motors, e.g. windshield wipers, power windows, memory seats, central locking systems etc.

#### **Terminals**

Tinned copper wire,
 5 mm lead spacing

#### Type designation

Example:





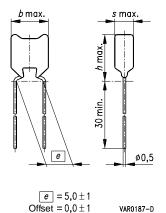
#### Maximum ratings ( $T_A = 85$ °C)

Туре	Ordering code	Opera	0	Load	Surge	Energy	Power
		voltag	e	dump	current	absorp-	dissipa-
						tion	tion
		$V_{RMS}$	$V_{\rm DC}$	$W_{LD}$	i <sub>max</sub>	$W_{\rm max}$	$P_{\text{max}}$
				(10×)	8/20 μs	(2 ms)	
SHCV-		V	V	J	Α	J	W
-SR1S14BM474X	Q69587-E3140-S200	14	16	6	500	1,7	0,015
-SR2S14BM474X	Q69547-E3140-S200	14	16	12	1000	3,6	0,03
-SR1S14BM105Z	Q69588-G3140-S200	14	16	6	500	1,7	0,015
-SR1S14BM155Z	Q69588-H3140-S200	14	16	6	500	1,7	0,015
-SR2S14BM105Z	Q69548-G3140-S200	14	16	12	1000	3,6	0,03
-SR2S14BM155Z	Q69548-H3140-S200	14	16	12	1000	3,6	0,03
-SR1K20M474X	Q69587-E3200-K	20	26	6	500	2,5	0,015
-SR2K20M474X	Q69547-E3200-K	20	26	12	1000	5,5	0,03
-SR1K20M105Z	Q69588-G3200-K	20	26	6	500	2,5	0,015
-SR1K20M155Z	Q69588-H3200-K	20	26	6	500	2,5	0,015
-SR2K20M105Z	Q69548-G3200-K	20	26	12	1000	5,5	0,03
-SR2K20M155Z	Q69548-H3200-K	20	26	12	1000	5,5	0,03

#### Characteristics ( $T_A = 25$ °C)

Туре	Jump start	Varistor voltage	Tolerance	Max. clamping voltage		Capaci- tance
SHCV-	V <sub>JUMP</sub> (5 min.) V	V <sub>V</sub> (1 mA) V	Δ <i>V</i> <sub>V</sub> (1 mA) %	v V	i A	C ± 20 % (1 kHz) μF
-SR1S14BM474X	24,5	22	+ 23 / - 0	40	5	0,47
-SR2S14BM474X	24,5	22	+ 23 / - 0	40	10	0,47
-SR1S14BM105Z -SR1S14BM155Z -SR2S14BM105Z -SR2S14BM155Z	24,5 24,5 24,5 24,5	22 22 22 22 22	+ 23 / - 0 + 23 / - 0 + 23 / - 0 + 23 / - 0	40 40 40 40	5 5 10 10	1,0 1,5 1,0 1,5
-SR1K20M474X	26	33	± 10	58	5	0,47
-SR2K20M474X	26	33	± 10	58	10	0,47
-SR1K20M105Z	26	33	± 10	58	5	1,0
-SR1K20M155Z	26	33	± 10	58	5	1,5
-SR2K20M105Z	26	33	± 10	58	10	1,0
-SR2K20M155Z	26	33	± 10	58	10	1,5

#### **Outline drawing**



SHCV-	Size	b <sub>max.</sub> mm	s <sub>max.</sub> mm	h <sub>max.</sub> mm
-SR1 474X	1812	7,3	3,6	7,8
-SR1 105Z		7,3	4,0	7,8
-SR1 155Z		7,3	4,1	7,8
-SR2 474X	2220	7,8	3,6	9,0
-SR2 105Z		7,8	4,0	9,0
-SR2 155Z		7,8	4,1	9,0

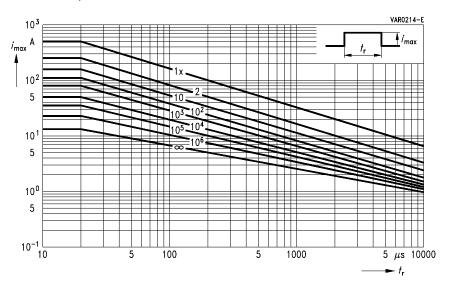
#### Notes

- If the maximum loads specified for load dump and jump start are fully utilized, subsequent polarity reversal of the SHCV varistors is inadmissible.
- If the loads remain under the maximum ratings, polarity reversal may be admissible.
   Contact S+M Components for consultancy on this kind of problem.
- Load dump or jump start can decrease the varistor voltage in load direction by max. 15%.
- Load Dump: min. time of energy input 30 ms, interval 60 s.

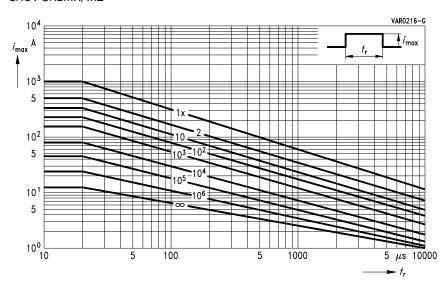
#### Derating curves (maximum surge current)

 $i_{\text{max}} = f(t_{\text{r}}, \text{ pulse train})$ 

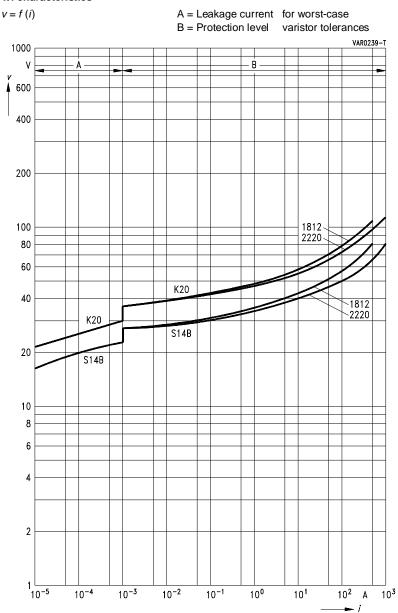
SHCV-SR1...X, ...Z



#### SHCV-SR2...X, ...Z



#### V/I characteristics





Now twice as many

## 2,000 PTC thermistors at once

A hot tip in PTCs for overload protection: our new maximum order level of 2,000 pieces. And with more than 50 different models, we've got a lot more to offer too. Maximum operating voltages from 12 to 550 V, rated currents up to 2.5 A, maximum switching currents of 15 A, plus a broad selection of leaded versions and SMDs.

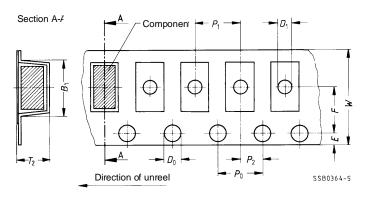




#### 1 SMDs

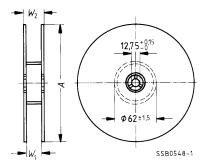
All SIMID RF chokes as well as the data line chokes B82790-+\*\*\*-N2 are supplied in blister tapes. Tape packaging is in accordance with IEC 286-3 or EIA 481 (for B82494 and B82498).

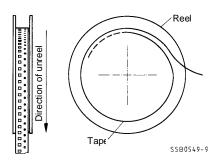
### 1.1 Taping



Dim.	Тур	es												
mm	B82	412	B82	422	B824	32	B824	42	B82	494	B82	498	B827	90
$\overline{W}$	8	± 0,3	8	± 0,3	12	± 0,3	12	± 0,3	8	± 0,3	8	± 0,3	16	± 0,3
$\overline{D_0}$	1,5	± 0,1	1,5	± 0,1	1,5	± 0,1	1,5	± 0,1	1,5	± 0,1	1,5	+ 0,1/–0	1,5	± 0,1
$\overline{D_1}$	1,0	± 0,2	1,0	± 0,2	1,5	± 0,2	1,6	± 0,1	1,0	± 0,2	1,1	± 0,2	1,6	± 0,1
$\overline{P_0}$	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1
$\overline{P_1}$	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	8	± 0,1	8	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	4	± 0,1	8	± 0,1
$\overline{P_2}$	2	± 0,05	2	± 0,05	2	± 0,05	2	± 0,05	2	± 0,05	2	± 0,05	2	± 0,1
E	1,75	$5 \pm 0,1$	1,75	$5 \pm 0,1$	1,75	$5 \pm 0,1$	1,75	$5 \pm 0,1$	1,75	$5 \pm 0,1$	1,75	5 ± 0,1	1,75	$5 \pm 0,1$
F	3,5	± 0,05	3,5	± 0,05	5,5	± 0,05	5,5	± 0,1	3,5	± 0,05	3,5	± 0,05	7,5	± 0,1
$\overline{B_1}$	≤ 4,	2	≤ 4,	2	≤ 5,9		≤ 7,2		≤ 2,	9			≤ 10,	5
$T_2$	≤ 2,	0	≤ 2,	6	≤ 4,1		≤ 6,0		≤ 1,	85			≤ 6,0	

## 1.2 Packing





Туре	Reel dimensions (mm)				
	A	$W_1$	$W_2$		
B82412	180 +0/-2	8,4 +1,5/-0	14,4 max.		
	330 +0/–2	12,4 +1,5/-0	18,4 max.		
B82422	180 +0/-2	8,4 +1,5/-0	14,4 max.		
	330 +0/–2	12,4 +1,5/-0	18,4 max.		
B82432	330 +0/–2	12,4 +1,5/-0	18,4 max.		
B82442	330 +0/–2	12,4 +1,5/-0	18,4 max.		
B82494	180 +0/–4	8,4 +1,5/-0	14,4 max.		
B82498	180 +0/–4	8,4 +1,5/-0	14,4 max.		
B82790	330 +0/-2	16,4 +2/-0	20,4 max.		

### 1.3 Packing units

Туре	180-mm Ø reel	330-mm Ø reel
	PU: pcs/reel	PU: pcs/reel
B82412	2500	10000
B82422	2000	8000
B82432	_	2500
B82442	_	1500
B82494	2000	_
B82498	3000	_
B82790	_	1500

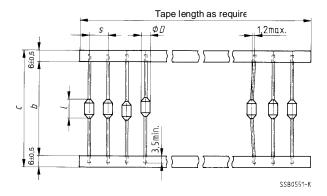
#### 2 Leaded RF chokes

RF chokes are available with axial and radial leads. The table below provides a survey.

Туре		Axial	Radial
B781*8-T	MCC	х	х
B82141	SBC	х	х
B781*8-S	BC	х	х
B82143	HBC	х	х
B82144	LBC	х	
B82145	HLBC	х	

#### 2.1 Taping of axial-lead chokes

Tape packaging in accordance with IEC 286-1 Other modes of taping upon request.

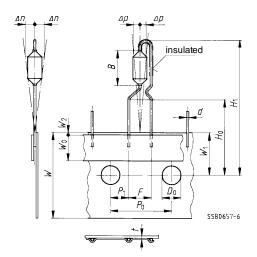


Dimensions	Types								
(mm)	B78108-T	B82141	B78108-S	B82143	B82144	B82145			
b	53	53	53	53	53	53			
C	65 ±1	65 ±1	65 ±1	65 ±1	65 ±1	65 ±1			
Ø D	3 ±0,3	3 max	4 max	4 max	5,2 max	6,5 max.			
J <sup>1)</sup>	7,0 max.	6,8 max.	9,2 max.	9,2 max.	12 max.	12 max.			
s	5 ±0,25	5 ±0,25	5 ±0,25	5 ±0,25	10 ±0,25	10 ±0,25			

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with DIN 41099

### 2.2 Taping of radial-lead chokes

Tape packaging in accordance with IEC 286-2



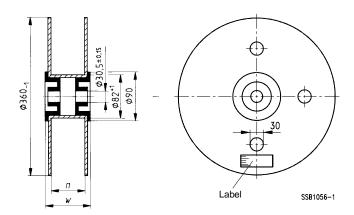
Dimensions	Types				Tolerance
mm	B78148-T	B82141-B	B78148-S	B82143	mm
B 1)	7	6,8	9,2	9,2	max.
$\overline{\varnothing d_1}$	0,55	0,55	0,7	0,7	max.
F	5	5	5	5	+0,6/-0,1
$\overline{H_1}$	29	29	30,5	30,5	max.
$\overline{H_0}$	16	16	16	16	± 0,5
$\overline{P_1}$	3,8	3,8	3,8	3,8	± 0,7
$\overline{P_0}$		1:	•	± 0,3	
$\overline{D_0}$		4	1,0		± 0,2
W		1	8,0		+ 1/-0,5
$\overline{W_0}$		6	min.		
$\overline{W_1}$		ę	+ 0,75/–0,5		
$W_2$		(	max.		
$\Delta h$			max.		
$\Delta p$		1	max.		
t		(		± 0,2	

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with DIN 41099

#### 2.3 Packing

Taped RF chokes are supplied on reels.

Other modes of packing (e.g. Ammo pack) upon request.



### Reel dimensions (mm)

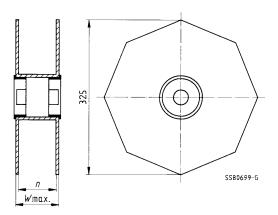
Туре		Axial-lead	RF chokes	Radial-lead	Radial-lead RF chokes	
		n	W max.	n	W max.	
B781*8-T	MCC	72 +1	84	42 +1	54	
B82141	SBC	72 +1	84	42 +1	54	
B781*8-S	BC	72 +1	84	42 +1	54	
B82143	HBC	72 +1	84	42 +1	54	
B82144	LBC	72 +1	84			
B82145	HLBC	72 +1	84			

### 2.4 Packing units

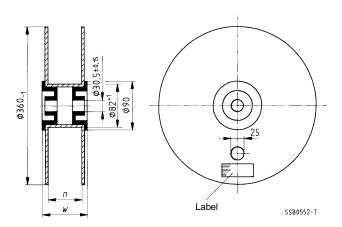
Туре		Axial-lead RF chokes	Axial-lead RF chokes	
		pcs/reel	pcs/reel	
B781*8-T	MCC	5000	2000	
B82141	SBC	5000	2000	
B781*8-S	BC	5000	2000	
B82143	HBC	5000	2000	
B82144	LBC	1500		
B82145	HLBC	1250		

#### 3 VHF chokes

Reel packing of B82111-E (for taping see data sheet, page 120)



Reel packing of B82131 ... B82134 (for taping see data sheet, page 117)



Туре	Reel dimensions (	mm)	Packing unit	
	n +1	W max.	pcs/reel	
B82111-E	97	109	1000	
B82131, B82132	95	107	2000	
B82133, B82134	95	107	1000	

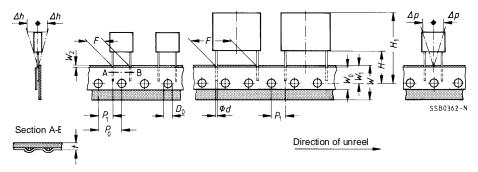
#### 4 Radial-lead EMI suppression capacitors in plastic cases

Types B81121 ... B81141 wirh lead spacings 15 to 27,5 mm are available on tape. Tape packaging is in accordance with IEC 286-2.

For packing units see data sheets.

#### 4.1 Taping

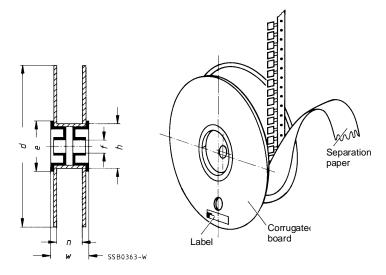
Lead spacings 10 and 15 mm Lead spacings 22,5 and 27,5 mm



Dimensions	Lead space	ing			Tolerance
mm	10 mm	15 mm	22,5 mm	27,5 mm	mm
Ød	0,6	0,8	0,8	0,8	+10 %/-0,05
F	10,0	15,0	22,5	27,5	+0,6/-0,1
$\overline{P_1}$	7,7	5,2	7,8	5,3	± 0,7
$\overline{H_1}$	32,2	36,5	39,5	40,5	max.
Н			18,5		± 0,5
$\overline{P_0}$			12,7		± 0,2±
					± 1 per 20 × P
$\overline{D_0}$			± 0,2		
W			± 0,5		
$\overline{W_0}$			± 0,5		
$\overline{W_1}$			± 0,5		
$\overline{W_2}$			+ 2,5		
t			± 0,2		
$\Delta h$			± 2,0		
$\Delta p$			± 1,3		

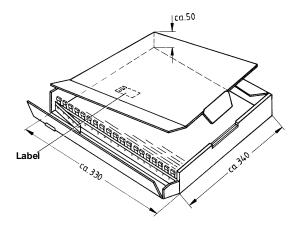
### 4.1 Packing

Reel packing



Dimensions (mm)	n	W	d	е	f	h
Lead spacing ≥ 10	54 +1	70 max.	Ø 500 –1	Ø 130	Ø 30,5 ±0,2	Ø 126 +1

Ammo pack



A		regulations	15
	397	services	33
active flammability	397 21	standards	16
approvals AQL values	47	testing	33
	47 21	EMI suppression capacitors	394
arrangement of filter components		hermetically sealed	418, 420, 422
asymmetrical insertion loss measuremen		standards	394
asymmetrical interference	18	X capacitors	395
С		Y capacitors	396
category temperature	31	EMI suppression varistors	425
CEDAC	39	emission	720
chokes		conducted	11
for data and signal lines	129	radiated	11
for power lines	145	F	
claims and complaints	50	<u>-</u>	40
climatic characteristics	31	failure criteria	48
common-mode attenuation	20	failure rate	49
common-mode interference	18	far field	14
complete potting	27	feed-through capacitors	365
conducted interference	18	feed-through filters	365
confidence level	49	filter circuits	19
conformity tests	16	filters	0.40
current derating	23	for communications lines	340
D		for power lines	349
D core chokes	200	general-purpose	207
dangerous substances	32	final inspection	41
DC resistance	24	fit = failure in time	49
delivery quality	47	FMEA	39
differential-mode attenuation	20	fraction failure	48
differential-mode interference	18	н	
discharge resistor	24	harmonic chokes	165, 171
disposal	32	I	
disturbed equipment	14, 18	IEC climatic category	31
E		impedance	19
early failure period	49	impedance curve	29
economy potting	27	incoming goods inspection	47
electrical characteristics	22	inductance decrease	23
electromagnetic		inoperatives	47
compatiblity (EMC)	11	insertion loss	20, 25, 204
emission	11	interference source	13, 18
immunity	11	interference suppression	11
susceptibility	11	Interference suppression class	395
EMC		ISO 9001	39
Directive	15	L	
laboratory	33	leakage current	22, 25
legislation	15	leakage inductance	23
measurement techniques	14	liability	50
10.00	-	•	

line impedance	19	RF chokes	
long-term failure rate	49	leaded	90
long-term reliability	49	SMDs	53
M		ring core chokes	
manufacturing procedures	42	current-compensated	177
marks of conformity	21	with powder core	164
measuring frequency	24	S	
mounting information		safety regulations	22
leaded RF chokes	92	sampling plan	48
VHF chokes	115	selection criteria 19	
mounting instructions		service life	48
feed-through components	368	SIFI filters	207
N	000	SMDs	201
near field	14	chokes for data and signal lines	129
	14	RF chokes	53
0		SPC 39	00
overcurrent	22	statistical process control	41
overvoltage	206	stray inductance	23
P		surge voltage	395, 396
packing units		symmetrical insertion loss measureme	
RF chokes	437	symmetrical interference	18
SMDs	434	T	10
VHF chokes	438	•	
parasitic capacitance	24	taping and packing	400
potting	27	EMI suppression capacitors	439
powder core chokes	164		okes 435
product monitoring	41	SMDs 433	400
product quality assurance	41	VHF chokes	438
propagation of		test voltage	22
conducted interference	18	total quality management	39
electromagnetic interference	14	transport damage	50
pulse handling capability	23	U	
Q		unsymmetrical attenuation	20
quality	24	unsymmetrical insertion loss measure	ment 205
quality assurance procedures	41, 42	unsymmetrical interference	18
quality assurance system	40	V	
quality gates	41	VHF chokes	114
R	• •	W	
random sampling	47	wear-out failure period	49
rated current	22	winding	.0
rated current	23	multi-layer	28
rated inductance	31	random	28
rated voltage 22	31	single-layer	27
rated voltage for EMI suppression		two-layer	29
capacitors	397	winding capacitance	24
reference temperature for measurement		Z	
reliability	s 31 49	zero defect concept	39

Symbol	Term
Ср	Parasitic capacitance
CR	Rated capacitance
CX	Capacitance of an X capacitor
CY	Capacitance of an Y capacitor
f	Frequency
fL	Measuring frequency for inductance
fQ	Measuring frequency for quality factor
fres	Resonance frequency
lleak	Leakage current
lop	Operating current
IR	Rated current
L	Inductance
LR	Rated inductance
LS	Stray inductance (leakage inductance)
L0	Inductance at I = 0
DL/L0	Inductance decrease
PV	Power dissipation
Qmin	Quality factor
Ris	Insulation resistance
Rmin	DC resistance, minimum value
Rtyp	DC resistance, typical value
TA	Ambient temperature
TR	Rated temperature
VP	Test voltage
VR	Rated voltage
Z	Impedance
Z	Impedance, absolute value
	Insertion loss
ae	
t	Time constant
е	Lead spacing (in mm)
fit	Failure rate (failures in time)
PU	Packing unit

# Decimal points are indicated by commas.